

Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 11.072, 358.163)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(93, 11.072, 358.163)
contains.

CIELCh(93, 10.556, 357.190)	3
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Color

CIELCh(93, 10.556, 357.190)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE4EC
RGB	255, 228, 236
RGB Percent	100%, 89%, 93%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1051, 0.0737
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	342°, 100%, 95%
HSV	342°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	84.2866, 82.9670, 91.0853
YIQ	236.9850, 13.5240, 8.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

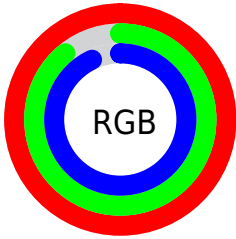
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 228, 236
Decimal	16770284
CIE Lab	93.00, 10.54, -0.52
CIE LCh	93, 10.556, 357.190
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3263, 0.3212
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294960364 (0xFFFFE4EC)
YUV	236.9850, -0.4856, 15.7992
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, 5.7739, 4.4710

Details

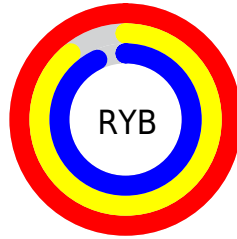
The CIELCh color **93, 10.556, 357.190** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **98, 10.167, 175.139**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **73, 10.212, 358.540** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 20.865, 358.175**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.499, 354.963**.

Distribution



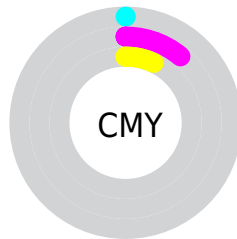
- Red (100%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (7%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 10.556, 357.190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 10.556, 357.190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 93, 10.556,
357.190


 93, 10.556,
357.190


 100, 10.556,
357.190


 83, 10.556,
357.190

 73, 10.556,
357.190

 63, 10.556,
357.190

 53, 10.556,
357.190

 43, 10.556,
357.190

 33, 10.556,
357.190

 23, 10.556,

357.190

■ 13, 10.556,
357.190

■ 3, 10.556, 357.190

■ 93, 10.556,
357.190

■ 93, 10.556,
357.190

■ 86, 20.865,
358.175

■ 100, 0.499,
354.963

■ 80, 31.535,
359.500

■ 100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 74, 42.298, 1.081

■ 69, 52.839, 3.015

■ 64, 62.727, 5.432

■ 60, 71.467, 8.496

■ 57, 78.648, 12.385

■ 55, 84.169, 17.214

■ 54, 88.362, 22.490

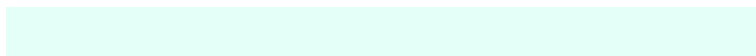
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 10.556, 357.190



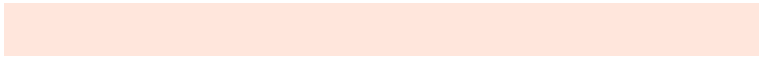
98, 10.167, 175.139

Rectangle

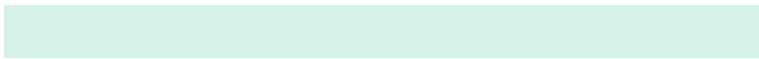
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



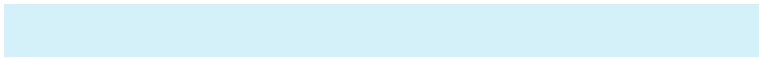
93, 10.556, 357.190



93, 10.556, 47.190



93, 10.556, 177.190



93, 10.556, 227.190

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 10.483, 357.028



98, 2.949, 356.148



93, 15.366, 316.164



52, 2.239, 356.265



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

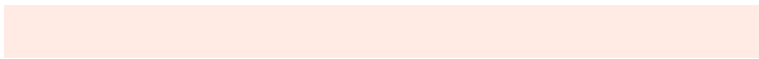
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 10.483, 357.028



91, 13.039, 357.303



94, 8.263, 39.206



50, 5.662, 356.919



40, 70.736, 21.399



10, 31.467, 12.855

Inverse Universe

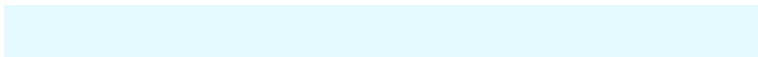
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 10.483, 357.028



91, 13.039, 357.303



97, 7.731, 219.872



50, 5.662, 356.919



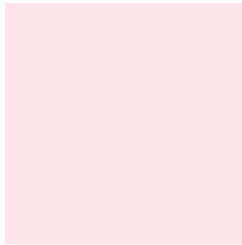
40, 70.736, 21.399



10, 31.467, 12.855

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 10.556, 357.190 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

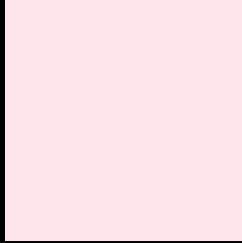
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 10.556, 357.190 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

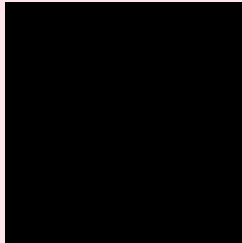
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 10.556, 357.190

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 10.556, 357.190.

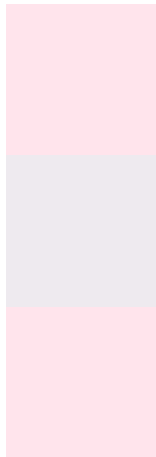


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 10.556, 357.190.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

93, 10.556, 357.190

Protanopia

93, 2.965, 318.824

Deuteranopia

93, 10.556, 357.190



Tritanopia
93, 13.289, 339.105

Trichromacy



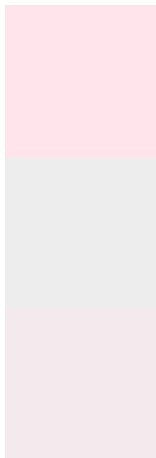
Original Color
93, 10.556, 357.190

Protanomaly
93, 5.298, 343.968

Deuteranomaly
93, 10.556, 357.190

Tritanomaly
93, 12.349, 344.546

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 10.556, 357.190

Achromatopsia
94, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
94, 3.898, 356.198

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 10.556, 357.190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 228, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 228, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 228, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 228, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 10.556, 357.190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

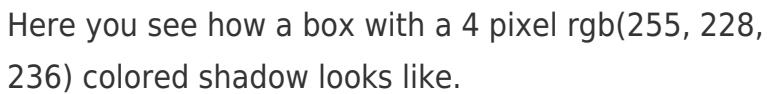
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 228, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 228, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 228, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 228, 236); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 228, 236); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 228, 236) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 10.556, 357.190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 228, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
228, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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