

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 11.256, 205.314)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(93, 11.256, 205.314)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(93, 11.255, 206.680)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0F1F4
RGB	208, 241, 244
RGB Percent	82%, 95%, 96%
CMY	0.1837, 0.0543, 0.0426
CMYK	0.15, 0.01, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	185°, 62%, 89%
HSV	185°, 15%, 96%
XYZ	73.9014, 82.9670, 97.8224
YIQ	231.4750, -20.6310, -6.0630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

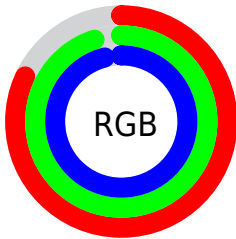
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	208, 225, 244
Decimal	13693428
CIE Lab	93.00, -10.06, -5.05
CIE LCh	93, 11.255, 206.680
Yxy	82.9670, 0.2902, 0.3258
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291883508 (0xFFD0F1F4)
YUV	231.4750, 6.1748, -20.5876
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -14.5776, 0.0857

# Details

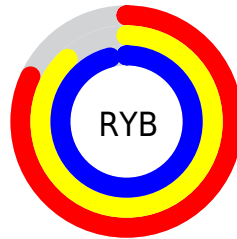
The CIELCh color **93, 11.255, 206.680** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **87, 12.421, 27.440**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **73, 11.341, 206.869** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 18.275, 206.532**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 3.722, 206.991**.

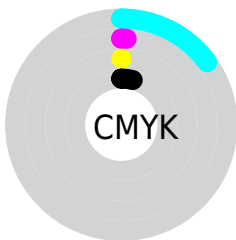
# Distribution



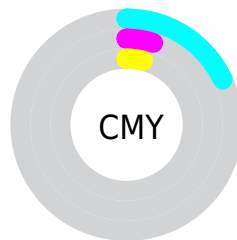
- Red (82%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (4%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 11.255, 206.680 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 11.255, 206.680 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 93, 11.255,  
206.680


 93, 11.255,  
206.680


 100, 11.255,  
206.680


 83, 11.255,  
206.680

 73, 11.255,  
206.680

 63, 11.255,  
206.680

 53, 11.255,  
206.680

 43, 11.255,  
206.680

 33, 11.255,  
206.680

 23, 11.255,

206.680

■ 13, 11.255,  
206.680

■ 3, 11.255, 206.680

■ 93, 11.255,  
206.680

■ 93, 11.255,  
206.680

■ 91, 18.275,  
206.532

■ 95, 3.722, 206.991

■ 89, 24.650,  
206.519

■ 97, 3.510, 28.357

■ 98, 3.155, 49.326

■ 88, 30.249,  
206.647

■ 98, 3.285, 71.775

■ 86, 34.951,  
206.942

■ 99, 3.847, 89.990

■ 99, 4.688, 102.607

■ 85, 38.660,  
207.435

■ 100, 5.492,  
109.753

■ 84, 41.324,  
208.158

■ 83, 42.953,  
209.141

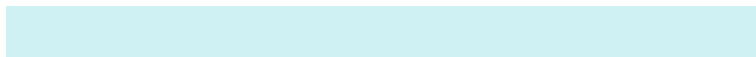
■ 82, 43.637,  
210.407

■ 82, 43.742,  
211.162

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 11.255, 206.680



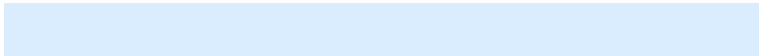
87, 12.421, 27.440

# Rectangle

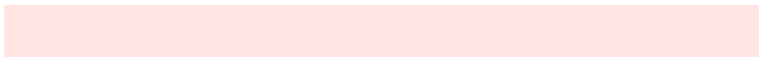
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



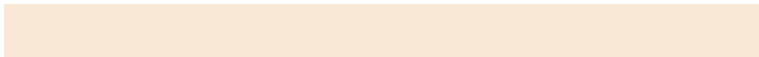
93, 11.255, 206.680



93, 11.255, 256.680



93, 11.255, 26.680



93, 11.255, 76.680

# Sweetspot

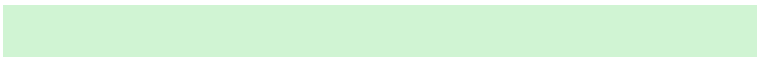
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 11.256, 206.670



99, 3.255, 207.041



93, 21.695, 145.363



53, 2.309, 206.990



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



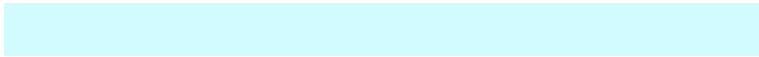


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 11.256, 206.670



96, 14.088, 206.611



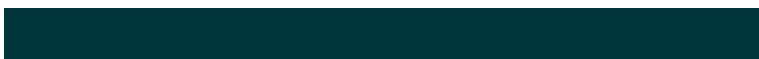
89, 11.757, 264.384



50, 4.412, 206.799



64, 35.732, 210.888



20, 16.057, 208.778



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 21.479, 327.606



89, 27.190, 327.801



92, 12.022, 80.356



48, 8.274, 327.292



43, 85.458, 331.852

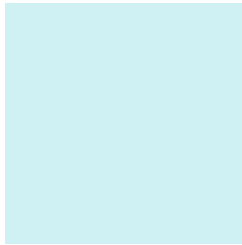


10, 38.325, 331.334



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 11.255, 206.680 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

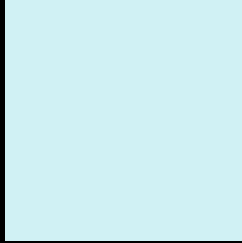
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 11.255, 206.680 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

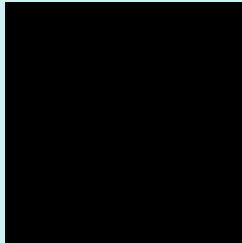
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

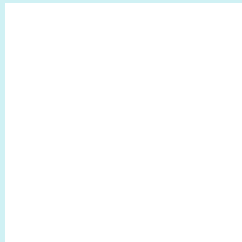
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 93, 11.255, 206.680

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 11.255, 206.680.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 11.255, 206.680.

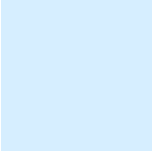
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

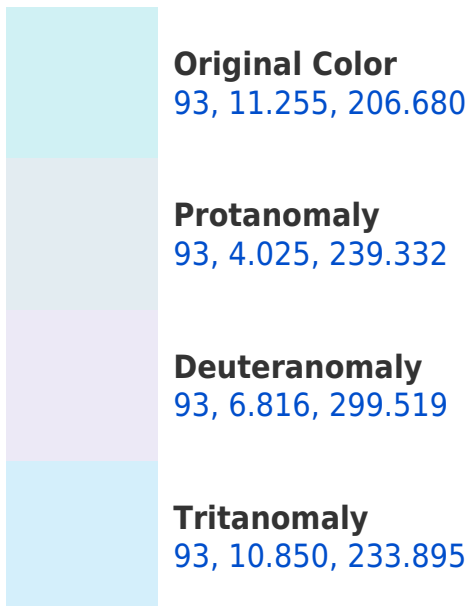






**Tritanopia**  
93, 11.729, 247.698

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 11.255, 206.680 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 241, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 241, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 241, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 241, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 11.255, 206.680 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 241, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 241, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 241, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 241, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 241, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 241,  
244) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 11.255, 206.680 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 241, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
241, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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