

Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 11.540, 350.853)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(93, 11.540, 350.853)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(93, 11.221, 349.888)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE4EF
RGB	255, 228, 239
RGB Percent	100%, 89%, 94%
CMY	0.0001, 0.1059, 0.0628
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.06, 0.00
HSL	336°, 100%, 95%
HSV	336°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	84.5518, 82.9670, 93.2079
YIQ	237.3270, 12.5610, 9.1450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

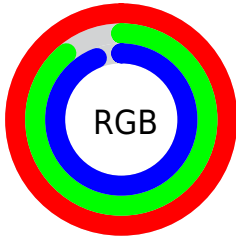
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 228, 239
Decimal	16770287
CIE Lab	93.00, 11.05, -1.97
CIE LCh	93, 11.221, 349.888
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3243, 0.3182
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294960367 (0xFFFFE4EF)
YUV	237.3270, 0.8248, 15.4992
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, 6.2937, 3.0893

Details

The CIELCh color **93, 11.221, 349.888** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **98, 10.989, 168.057**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **73, 10.879, 350.537** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 22.120, 350.958**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.618, 348.167**.

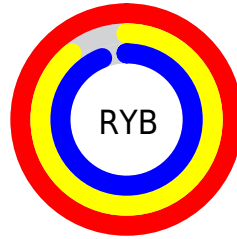
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (89%)

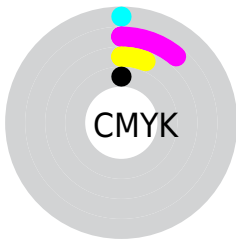
Blue (94%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (94%)

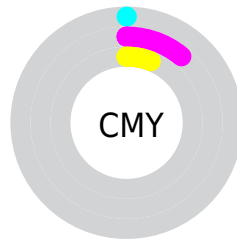


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (11%)


Yellow (6%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 11.221, 349.888 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 11.221, 349.888 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 93, 11.221,
349.888


 93, 11.221,
349.888


 100, 11.221,
349.888


 83, 11.221,
349.888

 73, 11.221,
349.888

 63, 11.221,
349.888

 53, 11.221,
349.888

 43, 11.221,
349.888

 33, 11.221,
349.888

 23, 11.221,

349.888

■ 13, 11.221,
349.888

■ 3, 11.221, 349.888

■ 93, 11.221,
349.888

■ 93, 11.221,
349.888

■ 87, 22.120,
350.958

■ 100, 0.618,
348.167

■ 80, 33.182,
352.162

■ 100, 0.012,
274.550

■ 74, 44.166,
353.568

■ 69, 54.709,
355.250

■ 64, 64.323,
357.315

■ 60, 72.447,
359.908

■ 57, 78.593, 3.205

■ 55, 82.587, 7.382

■ 54, 84.874, 12.099

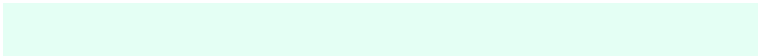
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 11.221, 349.888



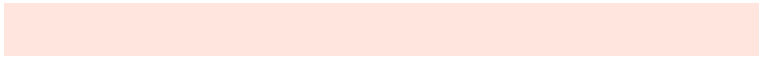
98, 10.989, 168.057

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



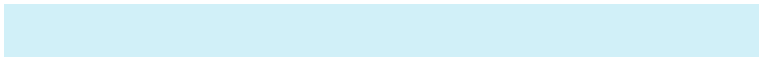
93, 11.221, 349.888



93, 11.221, 39.888



93, 11.221, 169.888



93, 11.221, 219.888

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 11.218, 349.894



98, 3.144, 349.065



93, 15.056, 312.367



52, 2.385, 349.172



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

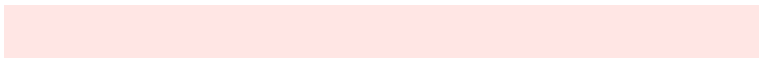
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 11.218, 349.894



91, 13.826, 350.142



93, 9.079, 27.242



50, 6.015, 349.783



41, 68.242, 11.098



10, 31.316, 4.169

Inverse Universe

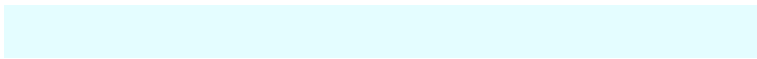
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 11.218, 349.894



91, 13.826, 350.142



98, 8.469, 206.777



50, 6.015, 349.783



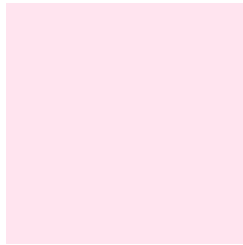
41, 68.242, 11.098



10, 31.316, 4.169

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 11.221, 349.888 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

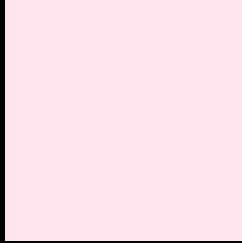
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 11.221, 349.888 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

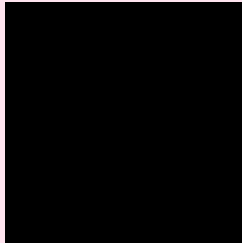
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 11.221, 349.888

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 11.221, 349.888.

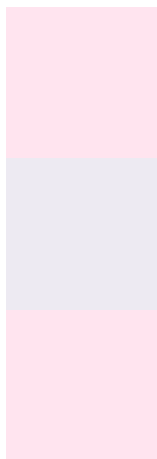


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 11.221, 349.888.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

93, 11.221, 349.888

Protanopia

93, 4.282, 304.736

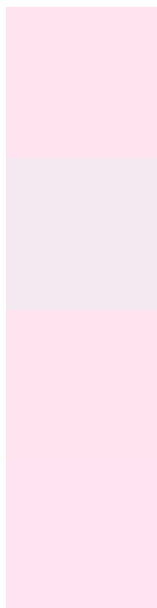
Deuteranopia

93, 11.221, 349.888



Tritanopia
93, 13.289, 339.105

Trichromacy



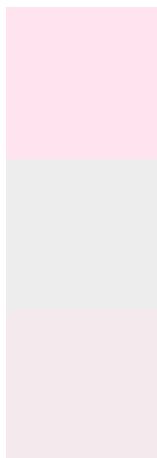
Original Color
93, 11.221, 349.888

Protanomaly
93, 6.328, 332.599

Deuteranomaly
93, 11.221, 349.888

Tritanomaly
93, 12.649, 342.641

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 11.221, 349.888

Achromatopsia
94, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
94, 4.130, 349.656

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 11.221, 349.888 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 228, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 228, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 228, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 228, 239) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 11.221, 349.888 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 228, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 228, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 228, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 228, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 228, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 228,  
239) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 11.221, 349.888 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 228, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
228, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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