

Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 11.605, 170.454)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(93, 11.605, 170.454)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(93, 11.438, 171.856)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4F1E7
RGB	212, 241, 231
RGB Percent	83%, 95%, 91%
CMY	0.1672, 0.0534, 0.0927
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.04, 0.05
HSL	159°, 52%, 89%
HSV	159°, 12%, 95%
XYZ	73.2927, 82.9670, 88.0204
YIQ	231.1890, -14.0740, -9.2580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

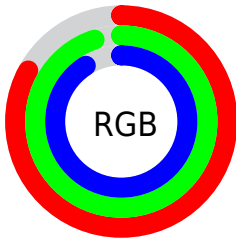
Format	Color
R _Y B	212, 230, 241
Decimal	13955559
CIE Lab	93.00, -11.32, 1.62
CIE LCh	93, 11.438, 171.856
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3000, 0.3396
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292145639 (0xFFD4F1E7)
YUV	231.1890, -0.0932, -16.8288
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -15.7707, 6.4660

Details

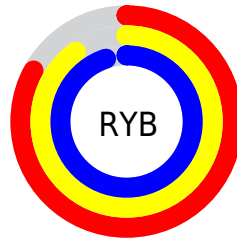
The CIELCh color **93, 11.438, 171.856** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **88, 11.782, 354.032**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **73, 11.677, 170.766** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 20.779, 170.816**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 1.926, 173.016**.

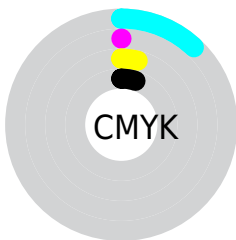
Distribution



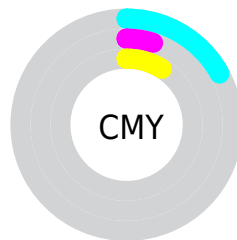
- Red (83%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (5%)





- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (9%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 11.438, 171.856 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 11.438, 171.856 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 93, 11.438,
171.856


 93, 11.438,
171.856


 100, 11.438,
171.856


 83, 11.438,
171.856

 73, 11.438,
171.856

 63, 11.438,
171.856

 53, 11.438,
171.856

 43, 11.438,
171.856

 33, 11.438,
171.856

 23, 11.438,

171.856

■ 13, 11.438,
171.856

■ 3, 11.438, 171.856

■ 93, 11.438,
171.856

■ 93, 11.438,
171.856

■ 91, 20.779,
170.816

■ 95, 1.926, 173.016

■ 90, 29.803,
169.701

■ 96, 5.920, 344.695

■ 97, 8.494, 324.701

■ 89, 38.355,
168.477

■ 87, 46.272,
167.117

■ 87, 53.402,
165.595

■ 86, 59.628,
163.887

■ 85, 64.892,
161.974

■ 85, 69.223,
159.851

■ 85, 72.161,
158.057

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 11.438, 171.856



88, 11.782, 354.032

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



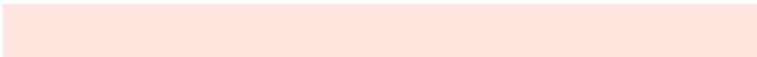
93, 11.438, 171.856



93, 11.438, 221.856



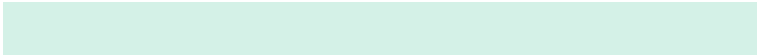
93, 11.438, 351.856



93, 11.438, 41.856

Sweetspot

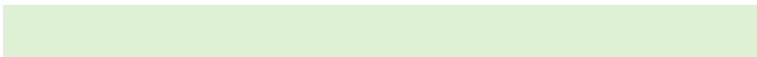
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 11.440, 171.851



99, 3.992, 172.698



93, 16.445, 133.623



53, 2.837, 172.607



0, 0.000, 0.000



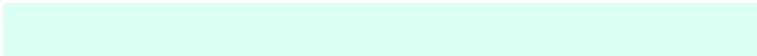
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 11.440, 171.851



97, 13.913, 171.646



92, 8.686, 213.998



49, 5.385, 172.108



66, 58.351, 158.480



20, 24.000, 162.103

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 11.782, 354.032



91, 14.400, 354.251



88, 9.398, 33.853



47, 5.513, 353.760



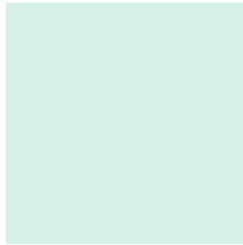
39, 67.233, 16.926



8, 28.757, 7.419

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 11.438, 171.856 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

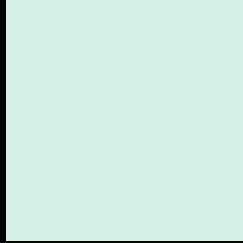
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 11.438, 171.856 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

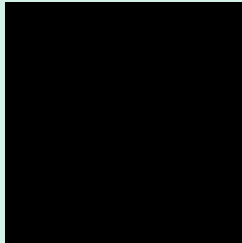
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

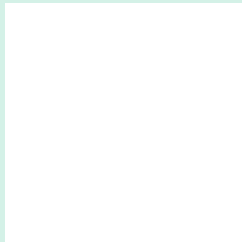
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 11.438, 171.856

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 11.438, 171.856.

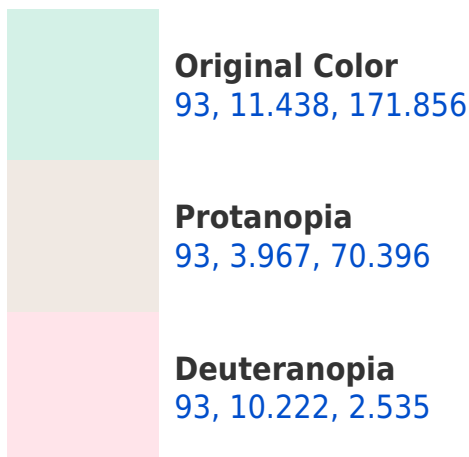


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 11.438, 171.856.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

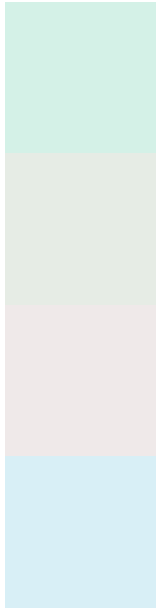
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
93, 11.137, 255.953

Trichromacy



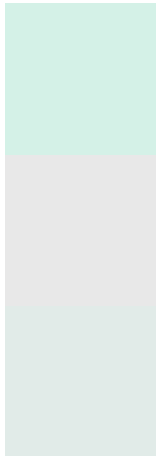
Original Color
93, 11.438, 171.856

Protanomaly
93, 4.207, 140.412

Deuteranomaly
93, 2.141, 19.263

Tritanomaly
93, 8.554, 224.056

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 11.438, 171.856

Achromatopsia
92, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
92, 3.871, 175.710

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 11.438, 171.856 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 241, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 241, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 241, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 241, 231) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 11.438, 171.856 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 241, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 241, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 241, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 241, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 241, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 241,  
231) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 11.438, 171.856 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 241, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
241, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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