

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 13.605, 82.407)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(93, 13.605, 82.407) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(93, 13.705, 83.323)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F9E9D1
RGB	249, 233, 209
RGB Percent	98%, 91%, 82%
CMY	0.0238, 0.0865, 0.1806
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.16, 0.02
HSL	36°, 77%, 90%
HSV	36°, 16%, 98%
XYZ	79.6628, 82.9670, 72.0948
YIQ	235.0480, 17.2400, -4.0720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

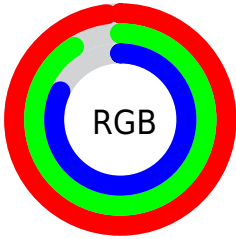
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	236, 249, 209
Decimal	16378321
CIE Lab	93.00, 1.59, 13.61
CIE LCh	93, 13.705, 83.323
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3394, 0.3535
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294568401 (0xFFFF9E9D1)
YUV	235.0480, -12.8417, 12.2359
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -3.2873, 16.8323

# Details

The CIELCh color **93, 13.705, 83.323** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **89, 13.477, 267.741**, and the grayscale version is **93, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **73, 13.314, 82.444** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 22.585, 82.001**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 5.091, 84.595**.

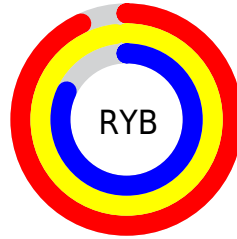
# Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (91%)

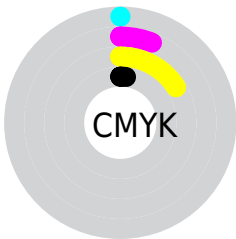
Blue (82%)



Red (93%)

Yellow (98%)

Blue (82%)

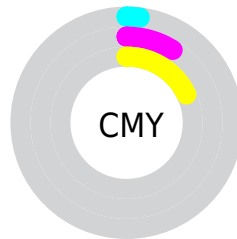


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 13.705, 83.323 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 13.705, 83.323 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 93, 13.705, 83.323

 93, 13.705, 83.323

 100, 13.705,  
83.323

 83, 13.705, 83.323

 73, 13.705, 83.323

 63, 13.705, 83.323

 53, 13.705, 83.323

 43, 13.705, 83.323

 33, 13.705, 83.323

 23, 13.705, 83.323

 13, 13.705, 83.323

 3, 13.705, 83.323

93, 13.705, 83.323

93, 13.705, 83.323

90, 22.585, 82.001

96, 5.091, 84.595

87, 31.718, 80.626

99, 1.738, 238.899

84, 41.057, 79.212

100, 2.104,  
199.587

82, 50.483, 77.747

79, 59.745, 76.200

76, 68.358, 74.492

74, 75.495, 72.464

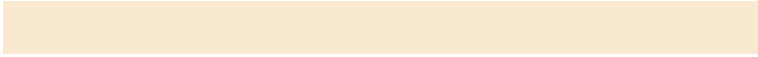
72, 80.110, 69.859

71, 81.406, 68.722

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



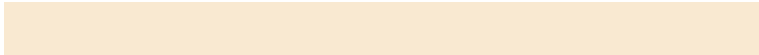
93, 13.705, 83.323



89, 13.477, 267.741

# Rectangle

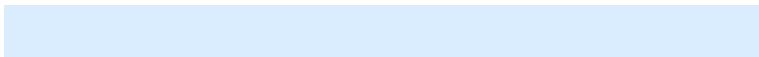
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 13.705, 83.323



93, 13.705, 133.323



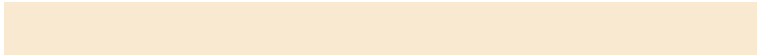
93, 13.705, 263.323



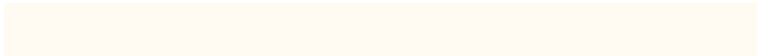
93, 13.705, 313.323

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 13.706, 83.334



98, 4.270, 84.716



88, 16.759, 350.918



52, 2.917, 84.636



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

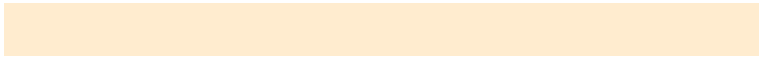


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 13.706, 83.334



94, 16.605, 82.945



97, 20.373, 112.790



51, 4.813, 84.177



55, 66.037, 69.351



17, 26.224, 71.850





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 13.477, 267.741



89, 16.266, 268.226



85, 21.131, 295.580



49, 4.774, 266.753



36, 69.813, 292.488

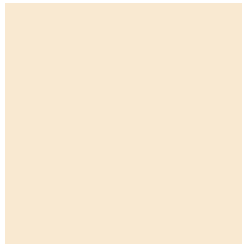


9, 27.398, 286.456



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 13.705, 83.323 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 13.705, 83.323 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

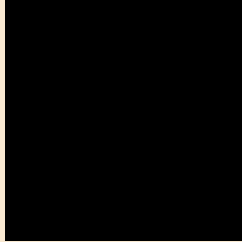
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 93, 13.705, 83.323

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 13.705, 83.323.

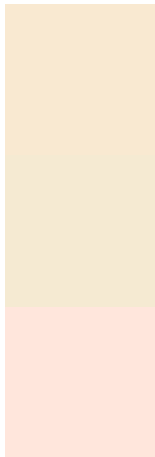


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 13.705, 83.323.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

93, 13.705, 83.323

### Protanopia

93, 12.983, 90.814

### Deuteranopia

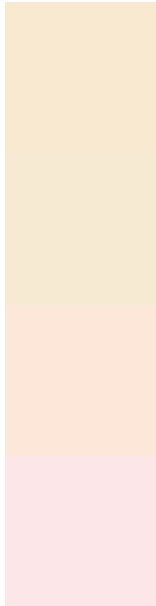
93, 10.560, 48.936



**Tritanopia**  
93, 12.755, 336.922



# Trichromacy



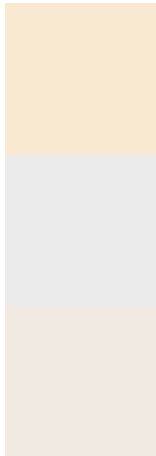
**Original Color**  
93, 13.705, 83.323

**Protanomaly**  
93, 13.105, 89.258

**Deuteranomaly**  
93, 11.229, 62.983

**Tritanomaly**  
93, 8.012, 12.531

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
93, 13.705, 83.323

**Achromatopsia**  
93, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
93, 4.630, 81.924

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 13.705, 83.323 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 233, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 233, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 233, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 233, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 13.705, 83.323 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 233, 209) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 233, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 233, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 233, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 233, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 233,  
209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 13.705, 83.323 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 233, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
233, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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