

Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 15.710, 331.467)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(93, 15.710, 331.467)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(93, 15.471, 330.446)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE3FA
RGB	255, 227, 250
RGB Percent	100%, 89%, 98%
CMY	0.0007, 0.1104, 0.0203
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	311°, 99%, 94%
HSV	311°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	85.8302, 82.9670, 101.7943
YIQ	237.9940, 9.3050, 13.0890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

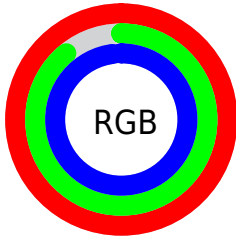
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 227, 250
Decimal	16770042
CIE Lab	93.00, 13.46, -7.63
CIE LCh	93, 15.471, 330.446
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3172, 0.3066
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294960122 (0xFFFE3FA)
YUV	237.9940, 5.9190, 14.9143
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, 8.7989, -2.4998

Details

The CIELCh color **93, 15.471, 330.446** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **97, 15.424, 149.095**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **73, 15.349, 329.735** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 29.674, 331.098**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 1.383, 329.590**.

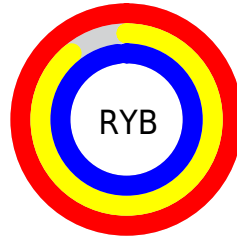
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (89%)

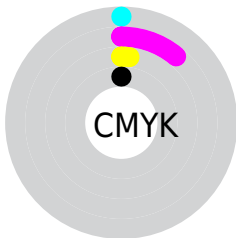
Blue (98%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (98%)

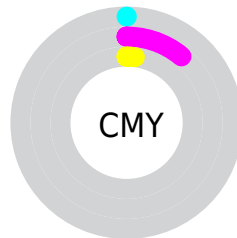


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (11%)


Yellow (2%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 15.471, 330.446 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 15.471, 330.446 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 93, 15.471,
330.446


 93, 15.471,
330.446


 100, 15.471,
330.446


 83, 15.471,
330.446


 73, 15.471,
330.446

 63, 15.471,
330.446

 53, 15.471,
330.446

 43, 15.471,
330.446

 33, 15.471,
330.446

 23, 15.471,

330.446

■ 13, 15.471,
330.446

■ 3, 15.471, 330.446

■ 93, 15.471,
330.446

■ 93, 15.471,
330.446

■ 87, 29.674,
331.098

■ 99, 1.383, 329.590

■ 81, 43.763,
331.760

100, 0.058,
210.824

■ 76, 57.386,
332.436

■ 71, 70.065,
333.126

■ 66, 81.207,
333.835

■ 63, 90.165,
334.572

■ 60, 96.383,
335.357

■ 59, 99.586,
336.222

■ 58, 100.244,
337.087

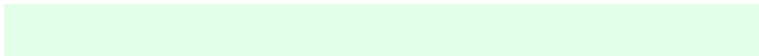
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 15.471, 330.446



97, 15.424, 149.095

Rectangle

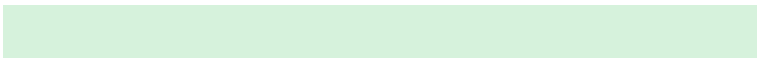
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 15.471, 330.446



93, 15.471, 20.446



93, 15.471, 150.446



93, 15.471, 200.446

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 15.468, 330.447



98, 4.207, 329.889



91, 14.639, 297.558



52, 3.190, 329.956



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 15.468, 330.447



92, 18.338, 330.578



93, 11.162, 354.698



50, 8.003, 330.350



44, 80.971, 336.905



12, 37.865, 335.678

Inverse Universe

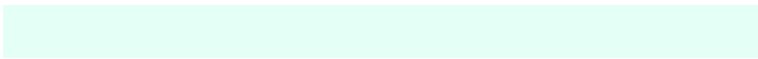
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 15.468, 330.447



92, 18.338, 330.578



98, 10.850, 172.719



50, 8.003, 330.350



44, 80.971, 336.905



12, 37.865, 335.678

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 15.471, 330.446 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

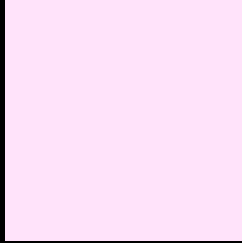
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 15.471, 330.446 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

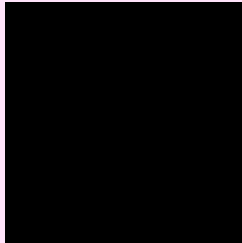
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 15.471, 330.446

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 15.471, 330.446.

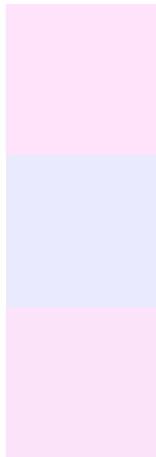


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 15.471, 330.446.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


93, 15.471, 330.446

Protanopia

93, 10.327, 290.993

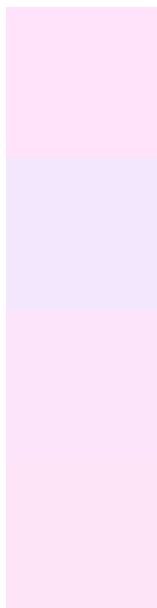
Deuteranopia

93, 13.989, 326.118



Tritanopia
93, 12.755, 336.922

Trichromacy



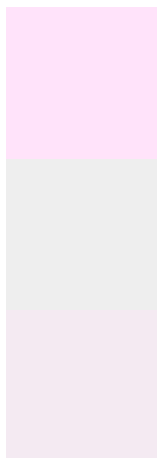
Original Color
93, 15.471, 330.446

Protanomaly
93, 11.552, 310.250

Deuteranomaly
93, 14.194, 327.298

Tritanomaly
93, 13.473, 333.728

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 15.471, 330.446

Achromatopsia
94, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
94, 5.463, 330.717

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 15.471, 330.446 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 227, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 227, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 227, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 227, 250) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 15.471, 330.446 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 227, 250) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 227, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 227, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 227, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 227, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 227,  
250) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 15.471, 330.446 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 227, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
227, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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