

Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 18.070, 114.955)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(93, 18.070, 114.955)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(93, 18.044, 114.667)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9EECB
RGB	233, 238, 203
RGB Percent	91%, 93%, 80%
CMY	0.0854, 0.0657, 0.2030
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.15, 0.07
HSL	69°, 51%, 87%
HSV	69°, 15%, 93%
XYZ	75.1263, 82.9670, 68.6938
YIQ	232.5150, 8.2550, -11.9450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

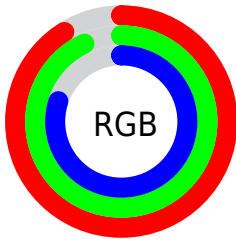
Format	Color
RYP	203, 238, 208
Decimal	15331019
CIELab	93.00, -7.53, 16.40
CIElCh	93, 18.044, 114.667
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3313, 0.3658
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293521099 (0xFFE9EECB)
YUV	232.5150, -14.5509, 0.4253
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -12.1774, 19.0461

Details

The CIELCh color **93, 18.044, 114.667** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **83, 18.645, 297.009**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **73, 17.886, 114.785** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 30.206, 113.904**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 5.771, 115.432**.

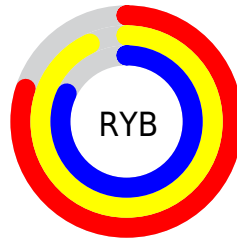
Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (93%)

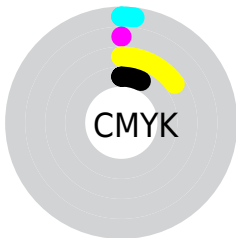
Blue (80%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (82%)

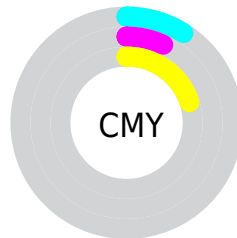


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (9%)


Magenta (7%)


Yellow (20%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 18.044, 114.667 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 18.044, 114.667 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 93, 18.044,
114.667


 93, 18.044,
114.667


 100, 18.044,
114.667


 83, 18.044,
114.667

 73, 18.044,
114.667

 63, 18.044,
114.667

 53, 18.044,
114.667

 43, 18.044,
114.667

 33, 18.044,
114.667

 23, 18.044,

114.667

■ 13, 18.044,
114.667

■ 3, 18.044, 114.667

■ 93, 18.044,
114.667

■ 93, 18.044,
114.667

■ 92, 30.206,
113.904

■ 94, 5.771, 115.432

■ 92, 42.137,
113.147

■ 95, 6.546, 296.176

■ 95, 8.837, 302.584

■ 91, 53.668,
112.430

■ 95, 9.161, 309.832

■ 91, 64.539,
111.793

■ 96, 9.621, 316.530

■ 96, 10.200,

■ 90, 74.363,
111.289

322.585

■ 90, 82.618,
110.992

■ 96, 10.455,
324.776

■ 89, 88.724,
110.984

■ 89, 92.285,
111.327

■ 89, 93.377,
111.620

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 18.044, 114.667



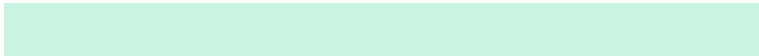
83, 18.645, 297.009

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 18.044, 114.667



93, 18.044, 164.667



93, 18.044, 294.667



93, 18.044, 344.667

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 18.046, 114.672



100, 5.193, 115.483



86, 11.640, 32.225



53, 3.692, 115.426



0, 0.000, 0.000



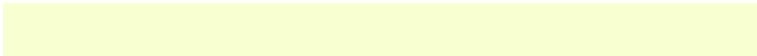
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 18.046, 114.672



98, 23.333, 114.413



92, 19.818, 132.955



50, 7.019, 115.070



70, 76.780, 111.484



22, 32.216, 111.111

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83, 18.645, 297.009



86, 24.293, 297.330



85, 20.103, 314.200



46, 7.172, 296.543



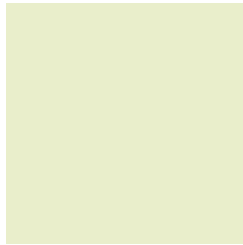
23, 103.625, 306.846



3, 38.199, 302.072

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 18.044, 114.667 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

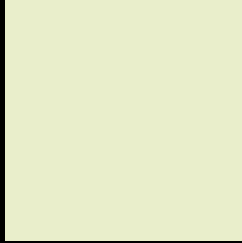
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 18.044, 114.667 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

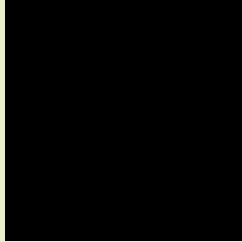
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

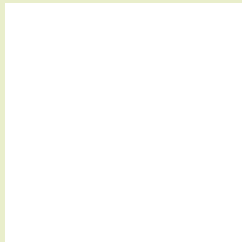
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 18.044, 114.667

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 18.044, 114.667.

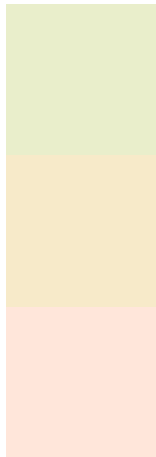


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 18.044, 114.667.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
93, 18.044, 114.667

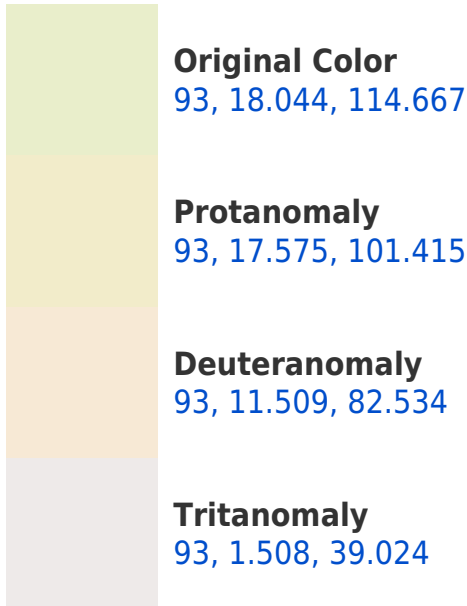
Protanopia
93, 17.639, 92.658

Deuteranopia
93, 11.126, 53.440



Tritanopia
93, 9.744, 307.434

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 18.044, 114.667 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 238, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 238, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 238, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 238, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 18.044, 114.667 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 238, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 238, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 238, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 238, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 238, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 238,  
203) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 18.044, 114.667 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 238, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
238, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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