

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 19.723, 93.001)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(93, 19.723, 93.001) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(93, 19.723, 93.001)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F8EAC5
RGB	248, 234, 197
RGB Percent	97%, 92%, 77%
CMY	0.0268, 0.0817, 0.2268
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.21, 0.03
HSL	44°, 79%, 87%
HSV	44°, 21%, 97%
XYZ	78.3389, 82.9670, 64.8067
YIQ	233.9680, 20.2210, -8.5390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

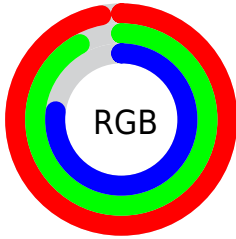
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	216, 248, 197
Decimal	16313029
CIE Lab	93.00, -1.03, 19.70
CIE LCh	93, 19.723, 93.001
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3465, 0.3669
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294503109 (0xFFF8EAC5)
YUV	233.9680, -18.2252, 12.3061
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -5.8817, 21.5763

# Details

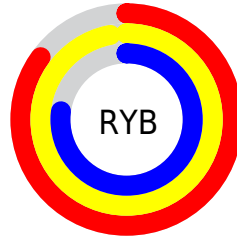
The CIELCh color **93, 19.723, 93.001** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **85, 19.902, 278.424**, and the grayscale version is **93, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.496, 109.985**, and **73, 19.619, 92.735** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 29.505, 91.718**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 10.050, 94.252**.

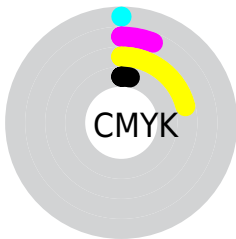
# Distribution



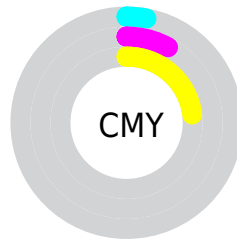
- Red (97%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 19.723, 93.001 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 19.723, 93.001 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 93, 19.723, 93.001

 93, 19.723, 93.001

 100, 19.723,  
93.001

 83, 19.723, 93.001

 73, 19.723, 93.001

 63, 19.723, 93.001

 53, 19.723, 93.001

 43, 19.723, 93.001

 33, 19.723, 93.001

 23, 19.723, 93.001

 13, 19.723, 93.001

 3, 19.723, 93.001

93, 19.723, 93.001

93, 19.723, 93.001

91, 29.505, 91.718

95, 10.050, 94.252

89, 39.327, 90.390

98, 0.512, 95.024

87, 49.060, 89.026

99, 2.237, 204.715

85, 58.465, 87.619

100, 2.367,  
199.535

83, 67.120, 86.144

81, 74.348, 84.547

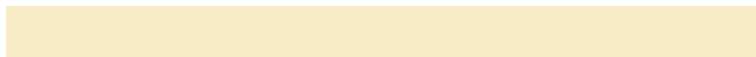
79, 79.266, 82.719

78, 81.476, 80.700

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



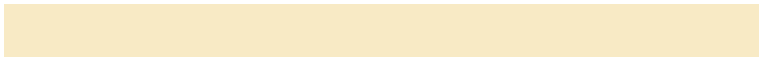
93, 19.723, 93.001



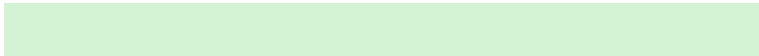
85, 19.902, 278.424

# Rectangle

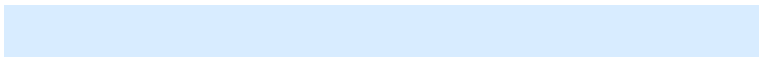
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 19.723, 93.001



93, 19.723, 143.001



93, 19.723, 273.001



93, 19.723, 323.001

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 19.724, 93.008



99, 5.817, 94.790



84, 20.328, 359.246



52, 3.861, 94.715



0, 0.000, 0.000

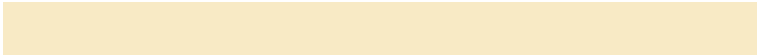


53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

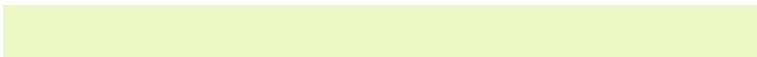
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 19.724, 93.008



94, 24.600, 92.435



96, 26.240, 117.259



51, 5.439, 94.379



60, 66.394, 81.130



19, 27.863, 83.794





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 19.902, 278.424



84, 24.875, 279.177



82, 27.419, 300.191



49, 5.470, 276.788



30, 85.262, 299.608

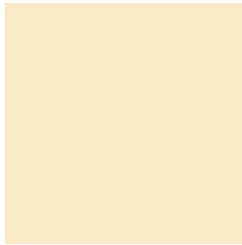


7, 33.222, 294.260



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 19.723, 93.001 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 19.723, 93.001 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

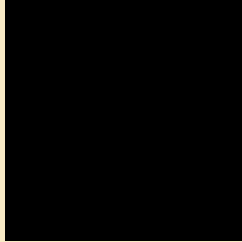
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 93, 19.723, 93.001

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 19.723, 93.001.

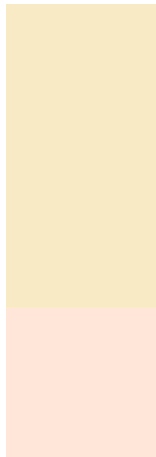


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 19.723, 93.001.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

93, 19.723, 93.001

### Protanopia

93, 19.723, 93.001

### Deuteranopia

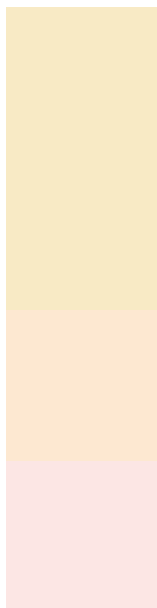
93, 11.756, 57.476



**Tritanopia**  
93, 13.371, 336.395



# Trichromacy



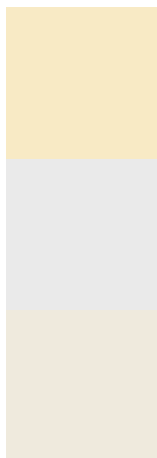
**Original Color**  
93, 19.723, 93.001

**Protanomaly**  
93, 19.723, 93.001

**Deuteranomaly**  
93, 14.214, 75.615

**Tritanomaly**  
93, 8.054, 27.190

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
93, 19.723, 93.001

**Achromatopsia**  
93, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
93, 6.914, 94.376

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 19.723, 93.001 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 234, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 234, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 234, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 234, 197) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 19.723, 93.001 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 234, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 234, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 234, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 234, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 234, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 234,  
197) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 19.723, 93.001 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 234, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
234, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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