

Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 19.728, 177.502)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(93, 19.728, 177.502)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(93, 19.659, 178.134)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0F6E9
RGB	192, 246, 233
RGB Percent	75%, 96%, 91%
CMY	0.2472, 0.0354, 0.0864
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.05, 0.04
HSL	166°, 75%, 86%
HSV	166°, 22%, 96%
XYZ	69.3720, 82.9670, 89.4170
YIQ	228.3720, -28.0110, -15.4910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

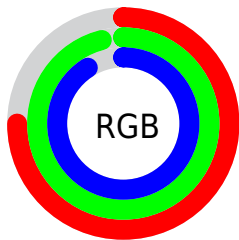
Format	Color
R _Y B	192, 223, 246
Decimal	12646121
CIE Lab	93.00, -19.65, 0.64
CIE LCh	93, 19.659, 178.134
Yxy	82.9670, 0.2870, 0.3432
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290836201 (0xFFC0F6E9)
YUV	228.3720, 2.2816, -31.8982
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -23.4539, 5.5569

Details

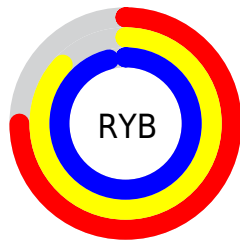
The CIELCh color **93, 19.659, 178.134** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **83, 21.278, 2.495**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 2.081, 199.592**, and **73, 20.103, 177.215** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 28.046, 177.066**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 10.861, 179.141**.

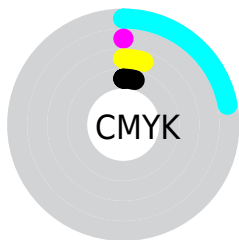
Distribution



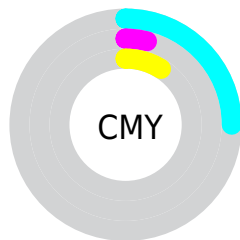
- Red (75%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (4%)





- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (9%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 19.659, 178.134 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 19.659, 178.134 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 93, 19.659,
178.134


 93, 19.659,
178.134


 100, 19.659,
178.134


 83, 19.659,
178.134

 73, 19.659,
178.134

 63, 19.659,
178.134

 53, 19.659,
178.134

 43, 19.659,
178.134

 33, 19.659,
178.134

 23, 19.659,

178.134

■ 13, 19.659,
178.134

■ 3, 19.659, 178.134

■ 93, 19.659,
178.134

■ 93, 19.659,
178.134

■ 92, 28.046,
177.066

■ 95, 10.861,
179.141

■ 90, 35.862,
175.919

■ 96, 1.790, 180.341

■ 89, 42.954,
174.669

■ 98, 4.026, 342.386

■ 88, 49.181,
173.290

■ 98, 5.628, 324.583

■ 88, 54.441,
171.758

■ 87, 58.694,
170.050

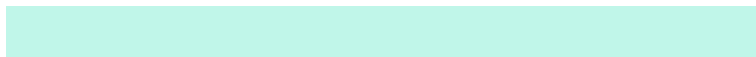
■ 87, 61.983,
168.152

■ 87, 64.090,
166.522

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



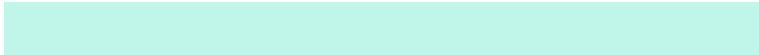
93, 19.659, 178.134



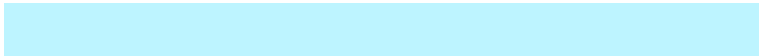
83, 21.278, 2.495

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



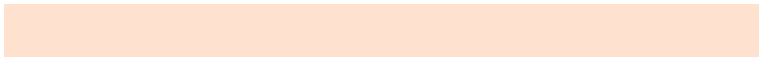
93, 19.659, 178.134



93, 19.659, 228.134



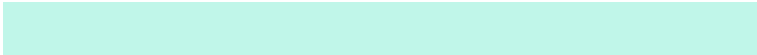
93, 19.659, 358.134



93, 19.659, 48.134

Sweetspot

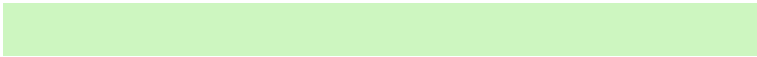
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 19.660, 178.130



99, 6.581, 179.643



93, 31.475, 136.240



53, 4.274, 179.580



0, 0.000, 0.000



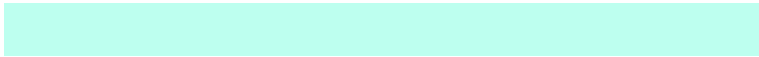
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

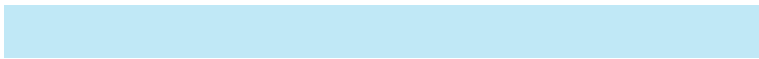
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 19.660, 178.130



95, 23.794, 177.703



90, 14.914, 226.877



50, 5.157, 179.389



67, 51.717, 166.903



21, 22.074, 169.938

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83, 21.278, 2.495



83, 26.163, 3.034



86, 17.155, 44.552



48, 5.333, 1.040



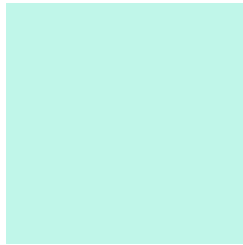
39, 71.511, 26.271



9, 29.848, 14.679

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 19.659, 178.134 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

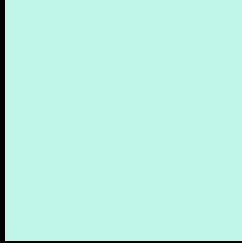
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 19.659, 178.134 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

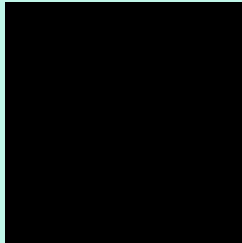
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

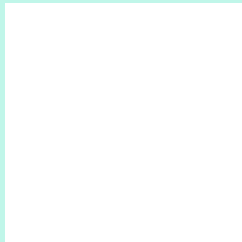
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 19.659, 178.134

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 19.659, 178.134.

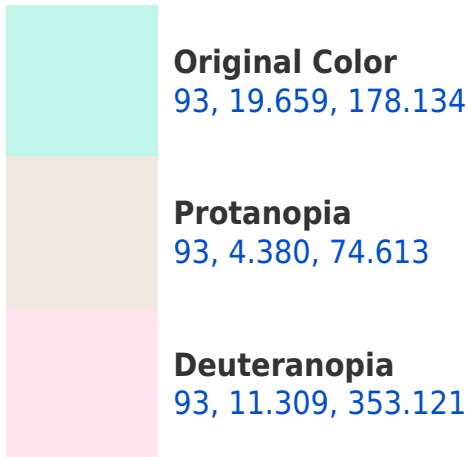


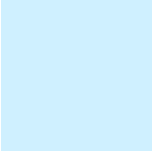
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 19.659, 178.134.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



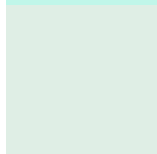


Tritanopia
93, 13.215, 234.875

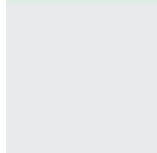
Trichromacy



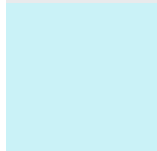
Original Color
93, 19.659, 178.134



Protanomaly
93, 7.097, 158.213



Deuteranomaly
93, 1.249, 255.958



Tritanomaly
93, 13.560, 209.630

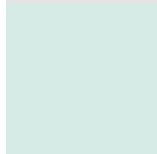
Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 19.659, 178.134



Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
91, 7.514, 178.811

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 19.659, 178.134 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 246, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 246, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 246, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 246, 233) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 19.659, 178.134 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 246, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 246, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 246, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 246, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 246, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 246,  
233) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 19.659, 178.134 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 246, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
246, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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