

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 32.776, 71.055)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(93, 32.776, 71.055) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(91, 28.271, 84.244)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE2B0
RGB	255, 226, 176
RGB Percent	100%, 89%, 69%
CMY	0.0016, 0.1152, 0.3113
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.31, 0.00
HSL	38°, 99%, 84%
HSV	38°, 31%, 100%
XYZ	75.9803, 78.4833, 52.0235
YIQ	228.9710, 33.3340, -9.4020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

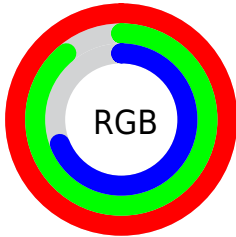
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	222, 255, 176
Decimal	16769712
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	91.00, 2.84, 28.13
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	91, 28.271, 84.244
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3680, 0.3801
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959792 (0xFFFFE2B0)
YUV	228.9710, -26.1147, 22.8274
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -1.9426, 27.1965

# Details

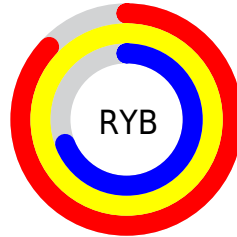
The CIELCh color **91, 28.271, 84.244** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **82, 27.692, 273.321**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 11.641, 109.297**, and **71, 28.328, 84.758** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 37.814, 82.853**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 18.916, 85.605**.

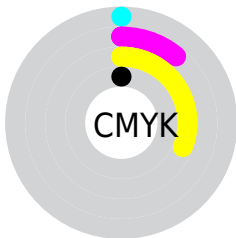
# Distribution



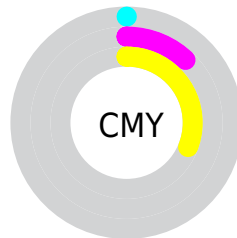
- Red (100%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 28.271, 84.244 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 28.271, 84.244 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 91, 28.271, 84.244

 91, 28.271, 84.244

 100, 28.271,  
84.244

 81, 28.271, 84.244

 71, 28.271, 84.244

 61, 28.271, 84.244

 51, 28.271, 84.244

 41, 28.271, 84.244

 31, 28.271, 84.244

 21, 28.271, 84.244

 11, 28.271, 84.244

 1, 28.271, 84.244

91, 28.271, 84.244

91, 28.271, 84.244

88, 37.814, 82.853

94, 18.916, 85.605

86, 47.447, 81.411

97, 9.784, 86.909

83, 56.974, 79.906

100, 0.883, 87.855

81, 66.008, 78.292

100, 0.141,  
204.118

78, 73.874, 76.467

76, 79.584, 74.245

74, 82.465, 71.796

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 28.271, 84.244



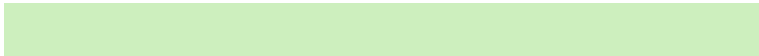
82, 27.692, 273.321

# Rectangle

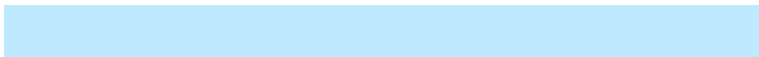
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 28.271, 84.244



91, 28.271, 134.244



91, 28.271, 264.244



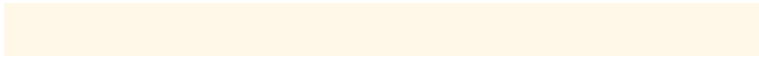
91, 28.271, 314.244

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 28.272, 84.250



97, 7.980, 87.162



80, 33.220, 353.773



52, 5.556, 86.980



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

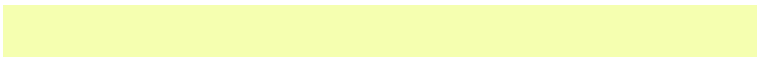
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 28.272, 84.250



89, 34.006, 83.419



98, 39.784, 112.277



52, 5.044, 87.099



57, 66.474, 72.392



18, 27.690, 75.114





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 27.692, 273.321



78, 33.189, 274.594



75, 42.870, 297.870



50, 5.024, 269.652



34, 74.748, 294.705



9, 29.986, 289.273



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 28.271, 84.244 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 28.271, 84.244 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

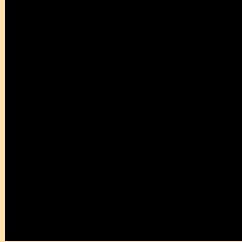
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 91, 28.271, 84.244

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 28.271, 84.244.

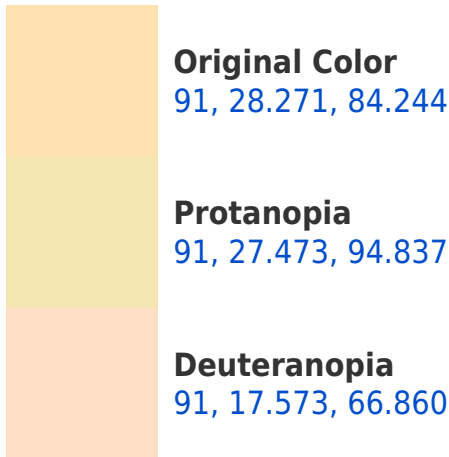



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 28.271, 84.244.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

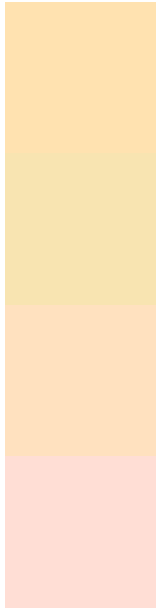




**Tritanopia**  
91, 14.550, 350.672



# Trichromacy



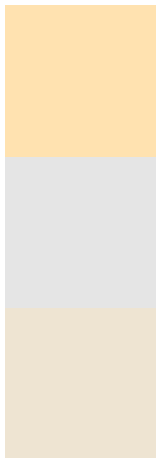
**Original Color**  
91, 28.271, 84.244

**Protanomaly**  
91, 27.420, 91.435

**Deuteranomaly**  
91, 21.105, 75.490

**Tritanomaly**  
91, 13.176, 40.726

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
91, 28.271, 84.244

**Achromatopsia**  
91, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
91, 9.993, 87.657

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 28.271, 84.244 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 226, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 226, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 226, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 226, 176) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 28.271, 84.244 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 226, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 226, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 226, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 226, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 226, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 226,  
176) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 28.271, 84.244 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 226, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
226, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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