

Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 33.982, 143.860)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(93, 33.982, 143.860)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(93, 34.210, 143.466)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2F9C3
RGB	194, 249, 195
RGB Percent	76%, 98%, 76%
CMY	0.2401, 0.0245, 0.2362
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.22, 0.02
HSL	121°, 82%, 87%
HSV	121°, 22%, 98%
XYZ	65.8107, 82.9670, 64.0363
YIQ	226.3990, -15.4460, -28.4540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

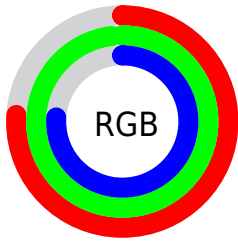
Format	Color
RYB	194, 248, 249
Decimal	12777923
CIELab	93.00, -27.49, 20.37
CIELCh	93, 34.210, 143.466
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3092, 0.3899
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290968003 (0xFFC2F9C3)
YUV	226.3990, -15.4797, -28.4139
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -30.4330, 22.0777

Details

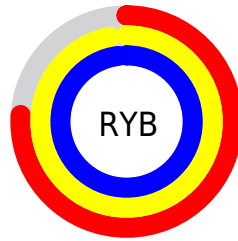
The CIELCh color **93, 34.210, 143.466** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **85, 34.234, 326.152**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 2.072, 152.425**, and **73, 34.150, 143.570** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 49.594, 142.607**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 18.675, 144.206**.

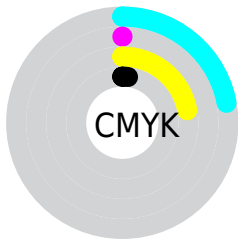
Distribution



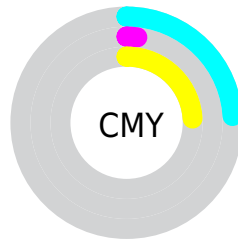
- Red (76%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 34.210, 143.466 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 34.210, 143.466 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 93, 34.210,
143.466


 93, 34.210,
143.466

 100, 34.210,
143.466

 83, 34.210,
143.466

 73, 34.210,
143.466

 63, 34.210,
143.466

 53, 34.210,
143.466

 43, 34.210,
143.466

 33, 34.210,
143.466

 23, 34.210,

143.466

■ 13, 34.210,
143.466

■ 3, 34.210, 143.466

■ 93, 34.210,
143.466

■ 93, 34.210,
143.466

■ 91, 49.594,
142.607

■ 95, 18.675,
144.206

■ 90, 64.504,
141.621

■ 97, 3.220, 144.907

■ 98, 3.885, 324.498

■ 88, 78.539,
140.518

■ 87, 91.206,
139.341

■ 87, 101.930,
138.175

■ 86, 110.105,
137.152

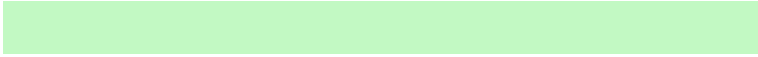
■ 86, 115.256,
136.419

■ 86, 117.258,
136.118

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



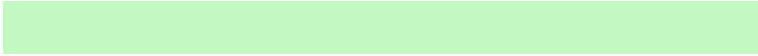
93, 34.210, 143.466



85, 34.234, 326.152

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 34.210, 143.466



93, 34.210, 193.466



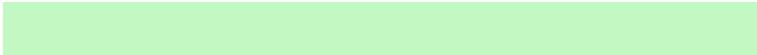
93, 34.210, 323.466



93, 34.210, 13.466

Sweetspot

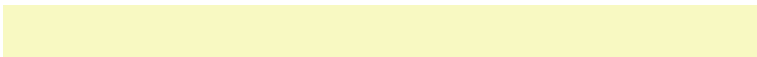
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 34.212, 143.466



98, 10.976, 144.548



97, 27.861, 108.736



52, 7.135, 144.509



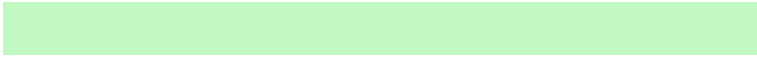
0, 0.000, 0.000



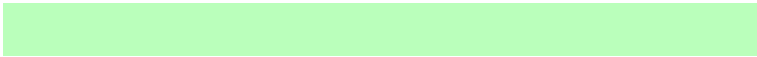
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

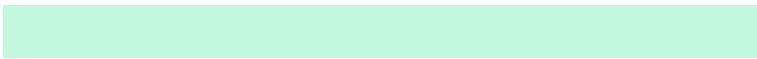
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 34.212, 143.466



94, 42.621, 143.059



94, 23.662, 162.563



51, 8.785, 144.383



67, 95.179, 136.160



21, 42.086, 137.393

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 34.234, 326.152



84, 42.630, 326.424



84, 24.387, 346.568



49, 8.798, 325.437



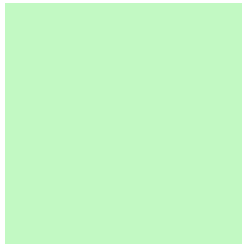
45, 90.847, 328.972



11, 41.177, 328.877

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 34.210, 143.466 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

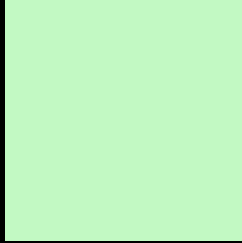
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 34.210, 143.466 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

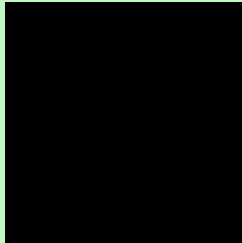
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

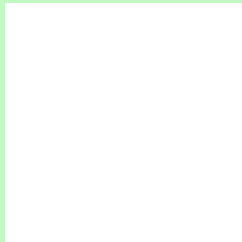
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 34.210, 143.466

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 34.210, 143.466.

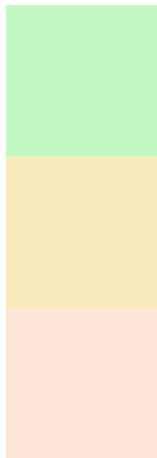


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 34.210, 143.466.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
93, 34.210, 143.466

Protanopia
93, 24.289, 94.521

Deuteranopia
93, 12.070, 56.386

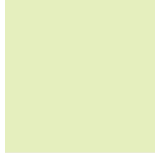


Tritanopia
93, 12.521, 240.397

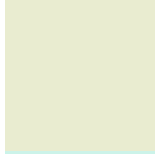
Trichromacy



Original Color
93, 34.210, 143.466



Protanomaly
93, 25.351, 116.751



Deuteranomaly
93, 14.430, 113.432

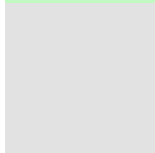


Tritanomaly
93, 14.490, 177.579

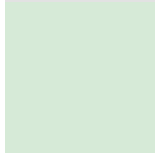
Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 34.210, 143.466



Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
91, 12.245, 145.322

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 34.210, 143.466 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 249, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 249, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 249, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 249, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 34.210, 143.466 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 249, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 249, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 249, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 249, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 249, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 249,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 34.210, 143.466 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 249, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
249, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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