

Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 37.343, 176.662)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(93, 37.343, 176.662)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(93, 37.698, 176.109)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	91FFE5
RGB	145, 255, 229
RGB Percent	57%, 100%, 90%
CMY	0.4325, 0.0011, 0.1031
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.10, 0.00
HSL	166°, 99%, 78%
HSV	166°, 43%, 100%
XYZ	61.3949, 82.9670, 86.6980
YIQ	219.1460, -57.2140, -31.4060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

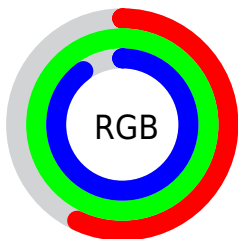
Format	Color
RYB	145, 207, 255
Decimal	9568229
CIELab	93.00, -37.61, 2.56
CIELCh	93, 37.698, 176.109
Yxy	82.9670, 0.2657, 0.3591
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287758309 (0xFF91FFE5)
YUV	219.1460, 4.8580, -65.0260
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -39.0865, 7.3268

Details

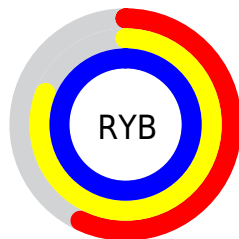
The CIELCh color **93, 37.698, 176.109** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **72, 44.512, 6.150**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 17.181, 198.366**, and **73, 37.787, 176.302** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 44.844, 174.847**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 29.782, 177.262**.

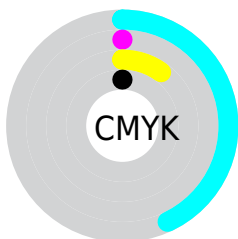
Distribution



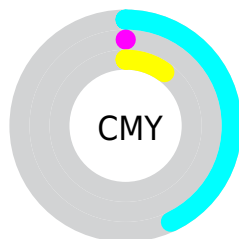
- Red (57%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 37.698, 176.109 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 37.698, 176.109 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 93, 37.698,
176.109


 93, 37.698,
176.109


 100, 37.698,
176.109


 83, 37.698,
176.109

 73, 37.698,
176.109

 63, 37.698,
176.109

 53, 37.698,
176.109

 43, 37.698,
176.109

 33, 37.698,
176.109

 23, 37.698,

176.109

■ 13, 37.698,
176.109

■ 3, 37.698, 176.109

■ 93, 37.698,
176.109

■ 93, 37.698,
176.109

■ 92, 44.844,
174.847

■ 94, 29.782,
177.262

■ 91, 51.079,
173.457

■ 96, 21.254,
178.334

■ 90, 56.306,
171.911

■ 97, 12.275,
179.347

■ 90, 60.493,
170.187

■ 99, 2.994, 180.433

100, 0.190,

■ 90, 63.698,
168.275

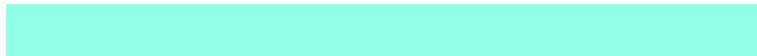
322.816

■ 90, 65.465,
166.895

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



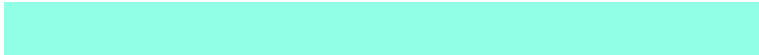
93, 37.698, 176.109



72, 44.512, 6.150

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 37.698, 176.109



93, 37.698, 226.109



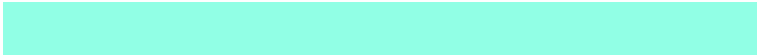
93, 37.698, 356.109



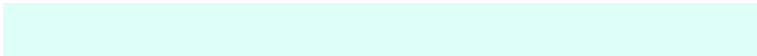
93, 37.698, 46.109

Sweetspot

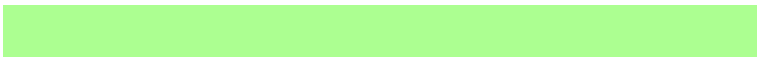
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 37.699, 176.107



98, 12.116, 179.365



93, 63.189, 134.973



52, 8.453, 179.145



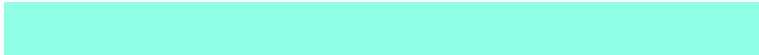
0, 0.000, 0.000



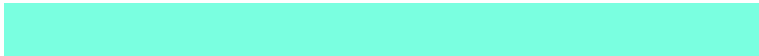
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 37.699, 176.107



92, 44.082, 175.002



86, 27.937, 229.387



52, 5.320, 179.716



69, 52.497, 167.273



23, 23.286, 170.003

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 44.512, 6.150



68, 53.908, 8.027



78, 37.894, 44.275



50, 5.504, 1.372



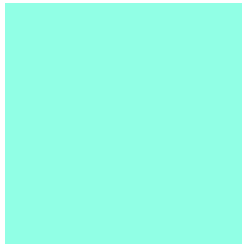
40, 73.228, 26.753



10, 31.775, 16.789

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 37.698, 176.109 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

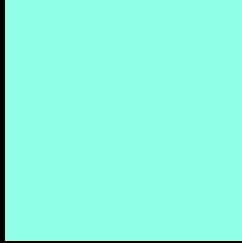
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 37.698, 176.109 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

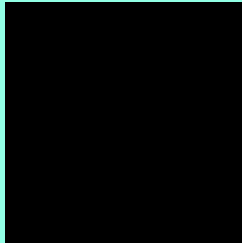
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

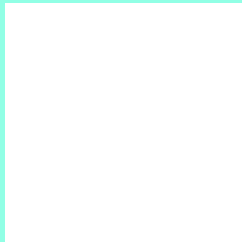
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 37.698, 176.109

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 37.698, 176.109.

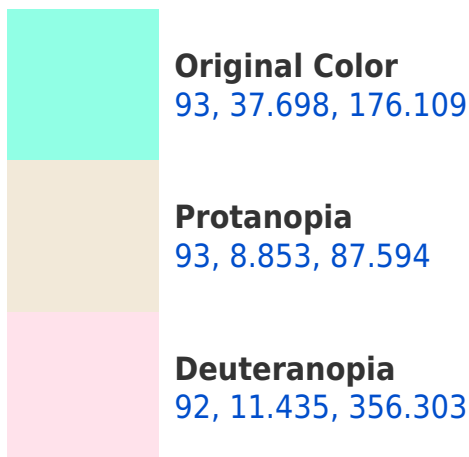


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 37.698, 176.109.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
93, 17.222, 219.676

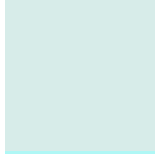
Trichromacy



Original Color
93, 37.698, 176.109



Protanomaly
92, 15.951, 158.080



Deuteranomaly
92, 7.512, 187.036

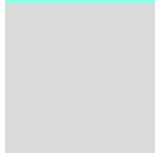


Tritanomaly
93, 23.345, 195.380

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 37.698, 176.109



Achromatopsia
87, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
89, 14.707, 179.801

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 37.698, 176.109 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 255, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 255, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 255, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 255, 229) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 37.698, 176.109 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

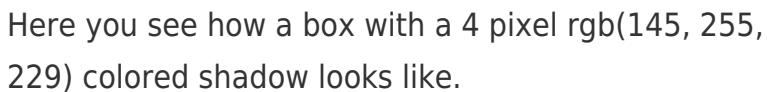
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 255, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 255, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 255, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 255, 229); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 255, 229); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 255, 229) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 37.698, 176.109 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 255, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
255, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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