

Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 40.866, 148.653)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(93, 40.866, 148.653)
contains.

CIELCh(93, 40.490, 148.695)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIElCh(93, 40.490, 148.695)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1FCC1
RGB	177, 252, 193
RGB Percent	69%, 99%, 76%
CMY	0.3052, 0.0110, 0.2424
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.23, 0.01
HSL	133°, 93%, 84%
HSV	133°, 30%, 99%
XYZ	62.6891, 82.9670, 63.2677
YIQ	222.8490, -25.7610, -34.2490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

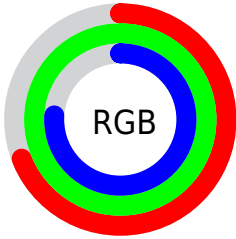
Format	Color
RYB	177, 239, 252
Decimal	11664577
CIELab	93.00, -34.60, 21.04
CIElCh	93, 40.490, 148.695
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3001, 0.3971
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289854657 (0xFFB1FCC1)
YUV	222.8490, -14.7156, -40.2096
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -36.5503, 22.5781

Details

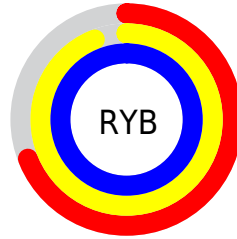
The CIELCh color **93, 40.490, 148.695** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **81, 40.693, 332.953**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 7.723, 179.713**, and **73, 40.613, 148.644** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 53.791, 147.655**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 26.894, 149.593**.

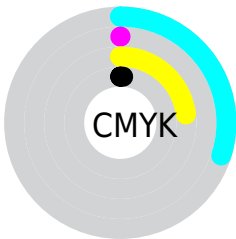
Distribution



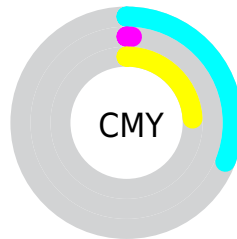
- Red (69%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (1%)





- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 40.490, 148.695 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 40.490, 148.695 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 93, 40.490,
148.695


 93, 40.490,
148.695


 100, 40.490,
148.695


 83, 40.490,
148.695

 73, 40.490,
148.695

 63, 40.490,
148.695

 53, 40.490,
148.695

 43, 40.490,
148.695

 33, 40.490,
148.695

 23, 40.490,

148.695

■ 13, 40.490,
148.695

■ 3, 40.490, 148.695

■ 93, 40.490,
148.695

■ 93, 40.490,
148.695

■ 91, 53.791,
147.655

■ 95, 26.894,
149.593

■ 90, 66.527,
146.456

■ 97, 13.219,
150.376

■ 89, 78.403,
145.087

■ 99, 0.357, 329.968

■ 88, 89.116,
143.555

■ 99, 1.750, 324.326

■ 88, 98.377,
141.895

■ 87, 105.942,
140.180

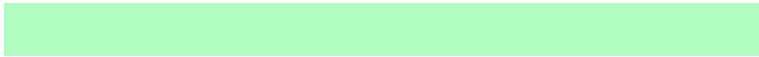
■ 87, 111.689,
138.561

■ 87, 111.817,
138.525

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



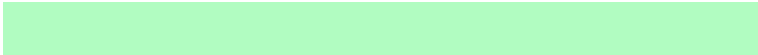
93, 40.490, 148.695



81, 40.693, 332.953

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 40.490, 148.695



93, 40.490, 198.695



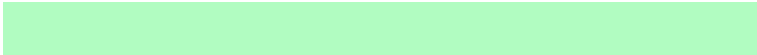
93, 40.490, 328.695



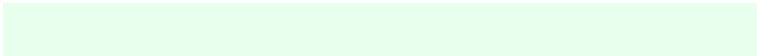
93, 40.490, 18.695

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 40.492, 148.695



98, 12.316, 150.431



96, 38.208, 115.936



52, 8.566, 150.323



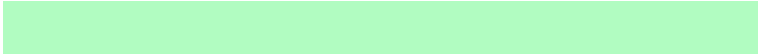
0, 0.000, 0.000



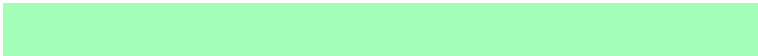
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

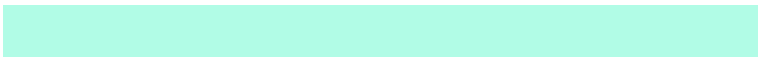
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 40.492, 148.695



93, 49.304, 148.060



94, 27.866, 172.999



51, 7.655, 150.395



67, 89.274, 138.827



22, 37.952, 141.499

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 40.693, 332.953



78, 49.521, 333.400



80, 30.457, 359.281



49, 7.680, 331.570



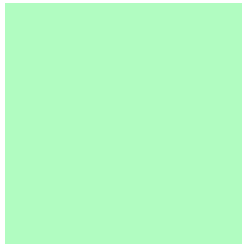
43, 78.129, 338.995



11, 36.061, 337.356

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 40.490, 148.695 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

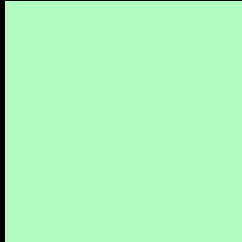
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 40.490, 148.695 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 40.490, 148.695

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 40.490, 148.695.

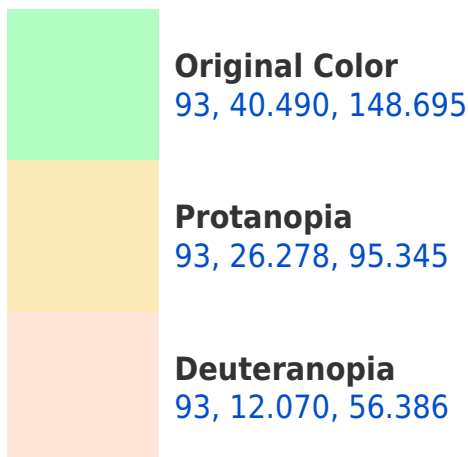


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 40.490, 148.695.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



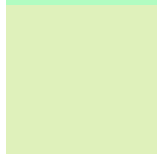


Tritanopia
93, 14.007, 229.955

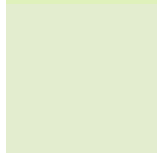
Trichromacy



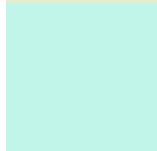
Original Color
93, 40.490, 148.695



Protanomaly
93, 28.425, 121.808



Deuteranomaly
92, 15.870, 122.361

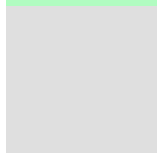


Tritanomaly
93, 18.557, 178.659

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 40.490, 148.695



Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
90, 15.287, 150.249

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 40.490, 148.695 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 252, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 252, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 252, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 252, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 40.490, 148.695 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 252, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 252, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 252, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 252, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 252, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 252,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 40.490, 148.695 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 252, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
252, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor