

Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 42.028, 161.903)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(93, 42.028, 161.903)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(93, 42.133, 161.736)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99FFD0
RGB	153, 255, 208
RGB Percent	60%, 100%, 82%
CMY	0.3994, 0.0000, 0.1837
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	152°, 100%, 80%
HSV	152°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	60.3781, 82.9670, 72.6019
YIQ	219.1440, -45.7050, -36.2410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

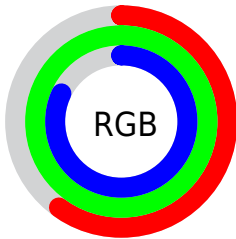
Format	Color
RYB	153, 219, 255
Decimal	10092496
CIELab	93.00, -40.01, 13.20
CIELCh	93, 42.133, 161.736
Yxy	82.9670, 0.2796, 0.3842
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288282576 (0xFF99FFD0)
YUV	219.1440, -5.4940, -58.0083
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -41.0790, 16.5022

Details

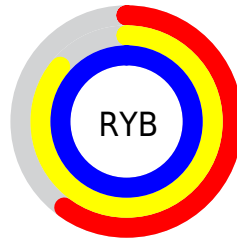
The CIELCh color **93, 42.133, 161.736** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **75, 44.603, 350.103**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 14.683, 198.527**, and **73, 42.206, 161.928** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 51.607, 160.436**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 31.922, 162.986**.

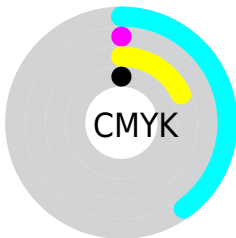
Distribution



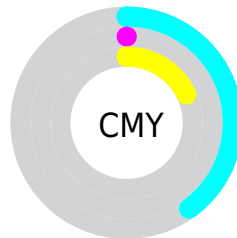
- Red (60%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 42.133, 161.736 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 42.133, 161.736 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 93, 42.133,
161.736


 93, 42.133,
161.736


 100, 42.133,
161.736


 83, 42.133,
161.736

 73, 42.133,
161.736

 63, 42.133,
161.736

 53, 42.133,
161.736

 43, 42.133,
161.736

 33, 42.133,
161.736

 23, 42.133,

161.736

■ 13, 42.133,
161.736

■ 3, 42.133, 161.736

■ 93, 42.133,
161.736

■ 93, 42.133,
161.736

■ 92, 51.607,
160.436

■ 94, 31.922,
162.986

■ 91, 60.422,
158.908

■ 96, 21.418,
164.060

■ 90, 68.333,
157.178

■ 98, 10.705,
165.043

■ 89, 75.243,
155.231

■ 100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 89, 81.137,
153.070

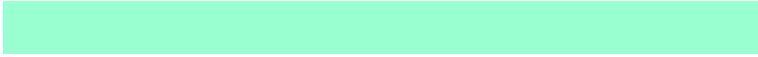
■ 89, 86.169,
150.763

■ 89, 86.199,
150.750

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



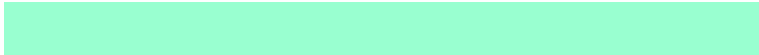
93, 42.133, 161.736



75, 44.603, 350.103

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 42.133, 161.736



93, 42.133, 211.736



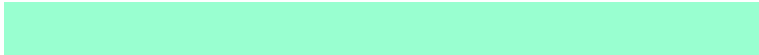
93, 42.133, 341.736



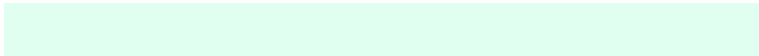
93, 42.133, 31.736

Sweetspot

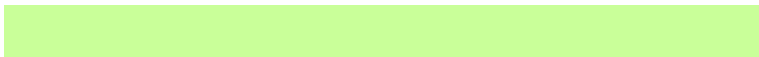
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 42.047, 161.786



98, 12.922, 164.845



94, 55.042, 128.351



52, 8.569, 164.719



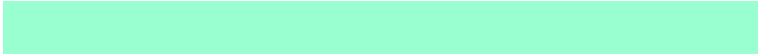
0, 0.000, 0.000



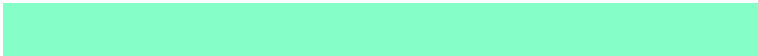
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

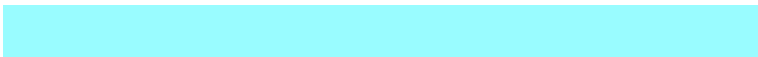
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 42.047, 161.786



92, 49.806, 160.711



93, 30.046, 200.942



52, 6.123, 165.085



68, 68.830, 151.185



23, 29.755, 154.421

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 44.603, 350.103



71, 53.287, 351.307



75, 40.259, 25.669



50, 6.217, 346.648



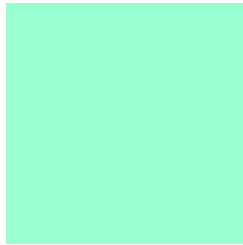
41, 68.003, 5.965



10, 31.550, 359.758

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 42.133, 161.736 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

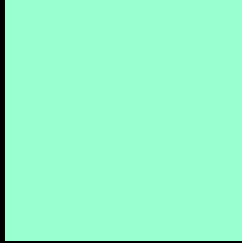
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 42.133, 161.736 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

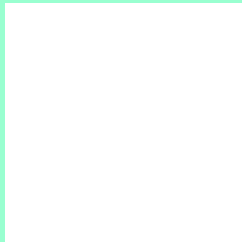
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 42.133, 161.736

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 42.133, 161.736.

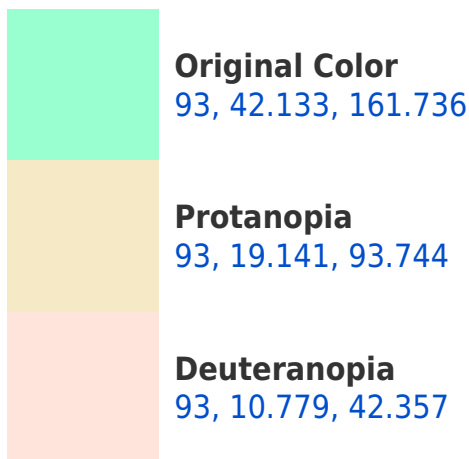


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 42.133, 161.736.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

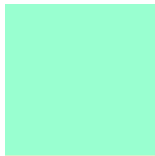
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
93, 16.542, 222.617

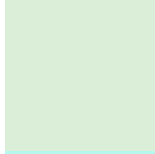
Trichromacy



Original Color
93, 42.133, 161.736



Protanomaly
92, 23.205, 135.768



Deuteranomaly
92, 13.496, 141.504

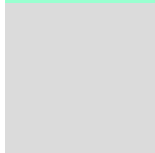


Tritanomaly
93, 22.752, 186.103

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 42.133, 161.736



Achromatopsia
87, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
89, 15.886, 164.499

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 42.133, 161.736 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 255, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 255, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 255, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 255, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 42.133, 161.736 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

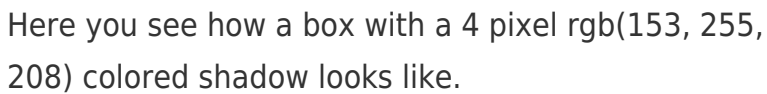
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 255, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 255, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 255, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 255, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 255, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 255,  
208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 42.133, 161.736 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 255, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
255, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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