

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 5.047, 73.245)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(93, 5.047, 73.245) contains.

<b>CIELCh(93, 5.008, 74.528)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# **Color**

**CIELCh(93, 5.008, 74.528)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2EAE2
RGB	242, 234, 226
RGB Percent	95%, 92%, 89%
CMY	0.0522, 0.0835, 0.1149
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.07, 0.05
HSL	30°, 38%, 92%
HSV	30°, 7%, 95%
XYZ	79.5323, 82.9670, 83.5540
YIQ	235.4800, 7.3360, -0.7920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

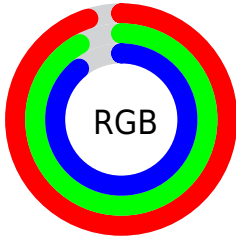
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	242, 242, 226
Decimal	15919842
CIE Lab	93.00, 1.34, 4.83
CIE LCh	93, 5.008, 74.528
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3232, 0.3372
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294109922 (0xFF F2EAE2)
YUV	235.4800, -4.6736, 5.7180
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -3.5430, 9.3733

# Details

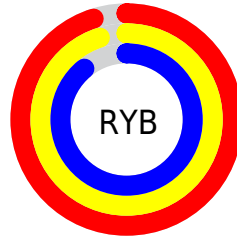
The CIELCh color **93, 5.008, 74.528** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **92, 4.941, 256.380**, and the grayscale version is **93, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **73, 4.850, 70.715** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 12.882, 73.366**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97, 2.516, 256.028**.

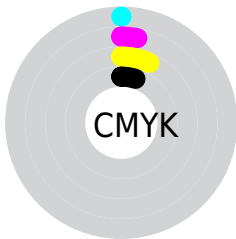
# Distribution



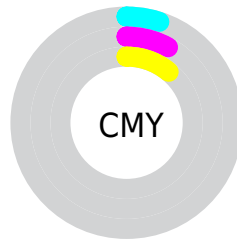
- Red (95%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 5.008, 74.528 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 5.008, 74.528 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 93, 5.008, 74.528

 93, 5.008, 74.528

 100, 5.008, 74.528

 83, 5.008, 74.528

 73, 5.008, 74.528

 63, 5.008, 74.528

 53, 5.008, 74.528

 43, 5.008, 74.528

 33, 5.008, 74.528

 23, 5.008, 74.528

 13, 5.008, 74.528

 3, 5.008, 74.528

93, 5.008, 74.528

93, 5.008, 74.528

89, 12.882, 73.366

97, 2.516, 256.028

86, 21.132, 72.118

99, 4.588, 199.259

83, 29.775, 70.850

79, 38.798, 69.569

76, 48.126, 68.266

73, 57.569, 66.901

70, 66.707, 65.378

67, 74.743, 63.487

65, 80.517, 60.878

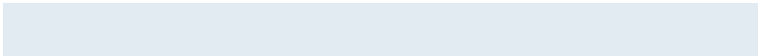
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



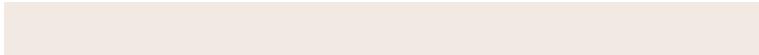
93, 5.008, 74.528



92, 4.941, 256.380

# Rectangle

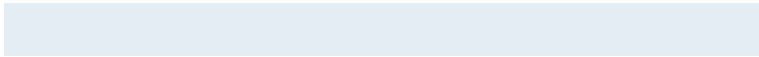
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 5.008, 74.528



93, 5.008, 124.528



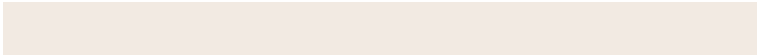
93, 5.008, 254.528



93, 5.008, 304.528

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 5.009, 74.557



99, 1.559, 74.924



91, 7.089, 344.135



53, 0.886, 74.921



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

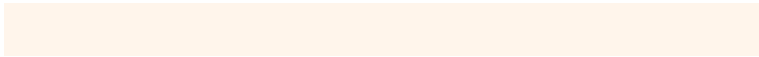


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 5.009, 74.557



97, 6.346, 74.399



95, 8.179, 109.531



48, 4.301, 74.231



49, 66.590, 60.633



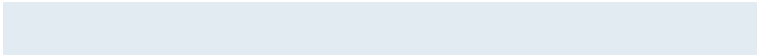
14, 23.415, 61.240





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92, 4.941, 256.380



96, 6.233, 256.558



90, 8.317, 290.857



48, 4.207, 256.750



40, 56.435, 284.076

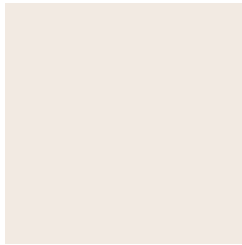


10, 21.388, 276.366



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 5.008, 74.528 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

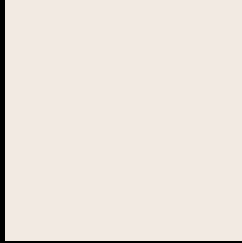
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 5.008, 74.528 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

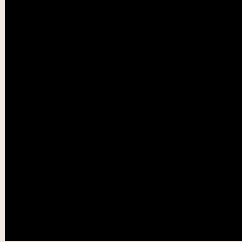
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

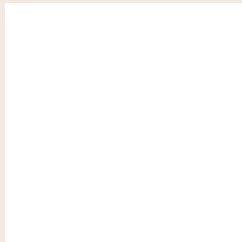
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 93, 5.008, 74.528

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 5.008, 74.528.

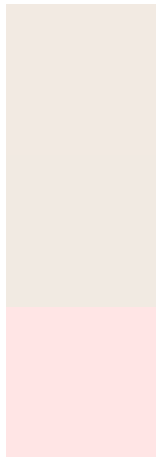


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 5.008, 74.528.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

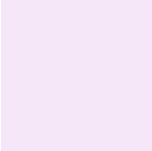
93, 5.008, 74.528

### Protanopia

93, 4.809, 78.083

### Deuteranopia

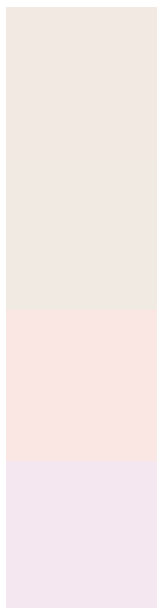
93, 9.448, 19.999



**Tritanopia**  
93, 10.732, 320.106



# Trichromacy



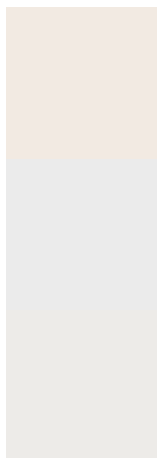
**Original Color**  
93, 5.008, 74.528

**Protanomaly**  
93, 4.809, 78.083

**Deuteranomaly**  
93, 7.056, 32.378

**Tritanomaly**  
93, 6.579, 334.904

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
93, 5.008, 74.528

**Achromatopsia**  
93, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
93, 1.685, 84.959

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 5.008, 74.528 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 234, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 234, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 234, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 234, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 5.008, 74.528 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 234, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 234, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 234, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 234, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 234, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 234,  
226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 5.008, 74.528 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 234, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
234, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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