

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 5.791, 244.891)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(93, 5.791, 244.891) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(93, 5.787, 244.888)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1EDF5
RGB	225, 237, 245
RGB Percent	88%, 93%, 96%
CMY	0.1186, 0.0716, 0.0402
CMYK	0.08, 0.03, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	204°, 49%, 92%
HSV	204°, 8%, 96%
XYZ	77.6275, 82.9670, 98.1061
YIQ	234.3240, -9.7200, -0.0560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

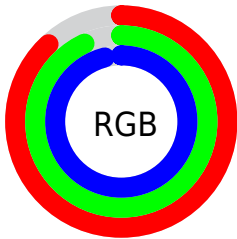
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	225, 233, 245
Decimal	14806517
CIE Lab	93.00, -2.46, -5.24
CIE LCh	93, 5.787, 244.888
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3001, 0.3207
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292996597 (0xFFE1EDF5)
YUV	234.3240, 5.2633, -8.1771
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -7.2758, -0.0990

# Details

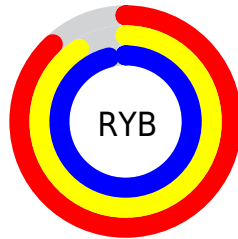
The CIELCh color **93, 5.787, 244.888** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **93, 5.973, 62.952**, and the grayscale version is **93, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **73, 5.816, 247.660** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 12.683, 246.141**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97, 1.303, 63.289**.

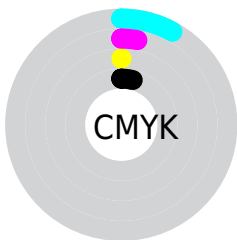
# Distribution



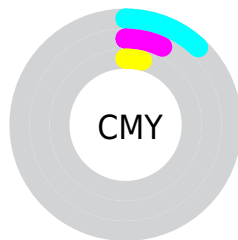
- Red (88%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 5.787, 244.888 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 5.787, 244.888 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



93, 5.787, 244.888

93, 5.787, 244.888

100, 5.787,  
244.888

83, 5.787, 244.888

73, 5.787, 244.888

63, 5.787, 244.888

53, 5.787, 244.888

43, 5.787, 244.888

33, 5.787, 244.888

23, 5.787, 244.888

13, 5.787, 244.888

3, 5.787, 244.888

93, 5.787, 244.888

93, 5.787, 244.888

89, 12.683,  
246.141

97, 1.303, 63.289

85, 19.331,  
247.741

100, 5.187,  
109.775

81, 25.677,  
249.706

77, 31.672,  
252.110

73, 37.288,  
255.029

70, 42.534,  
258.532

66, 47.474,  
262.646

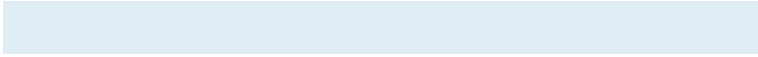
63, 52.236,  
267.324

■ 60, 57.010,  
272.381

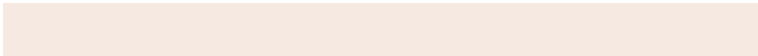
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



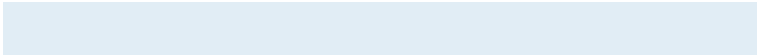
93, 5.787, 244.888



93, 5.973, 62.952

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 5.787, 244.888



93, 5.787, 294.888



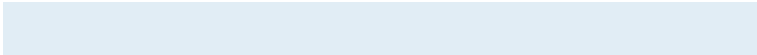
93, 5.787, 64.888



93, 5.787, 114.888

# Sweetspot

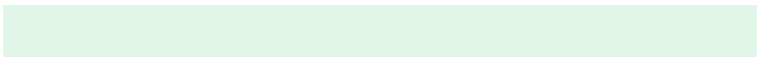
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 5.786, 244.866



99, 1.480, 244.440



95, 9.537, 157.289



53, 0.842, 244.448



0, 0.000, 0.000



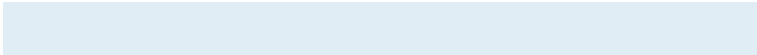
53, 0.007, 296.813



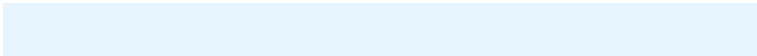


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 5.786, 244.866



96, 7.303, 245.076



91, 9.195, 285.911



49, 4.018, 245.013



46, 46.514, 272.351



13, 18.651, 264.380



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 9.492, 339.198



94, 12.033, 339.352



95, 9.058, 104.101



48, 6.613, 339.308



41, 68.986, 352.899

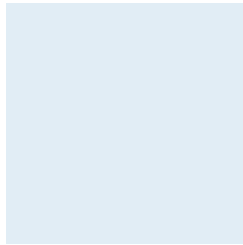


9, 31.497, 348.507



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 5.787, 244.888 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

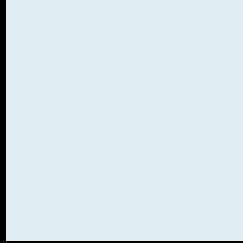
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 5.787, 244.888 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

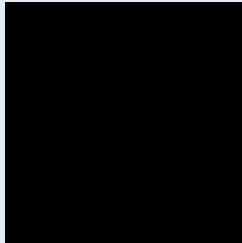
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

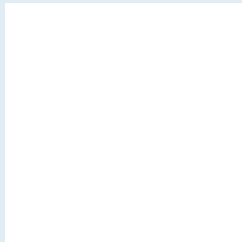
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 93, 5.787, 244.888

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 5.787, 244.888.

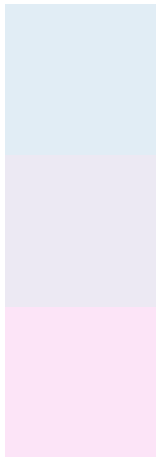


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 5.787, 244.888.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

93, 5.787, 244.888

### Protanopia

93, 5.292, 302.029

### Deuteranopia

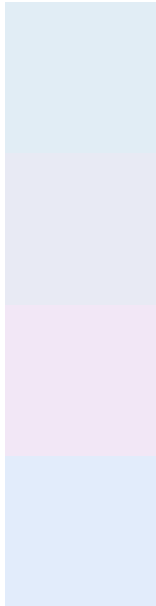
93, 13.001, 331.394





**Tritanopia**  
93, 10.213, 273.555

# Trichromacy



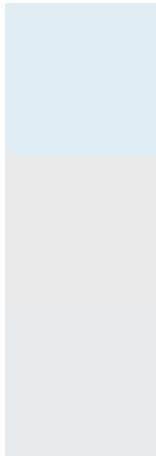
**Original Color**  
93, 5.787, 244.888

**Protanomaly**  
93, 5.204, 282.922

**Deuteranomaly**  
93, 8.700, 317.012

**Tritanomaly**  
93, 8.396, 266.808

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
93, 5.787, 244.888

**Achromatopsia**  
93, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
93, 2.080, 247.872

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 5.787, 244.888 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 237, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 237, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 237, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 237, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 5.787, 244.888 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 237, 245) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 237, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 237, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 237, 245); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 237, 245); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 237, 245) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 5.787, 244.888 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 237, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
237, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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