

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 64.381, 98.640)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(93, 64.381, 98.640) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(93, 64.419, 98.697)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEED6B
RGB	254, 237, 107
RGB Percent	100%, 93%, 42%
CMY	0.0025, 0.0693, 0.5791
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.58, 0.00
HSL	53°, 99%, 71%
HSV	53°, 58%, 100%
XYZ	74.0539, 82.9670, 26.1089
YIQ	227.2630, 51.8620, -36.8260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

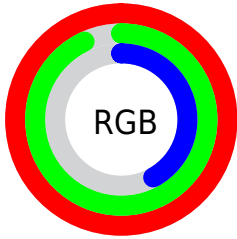
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	126, 254, 107
Decimal	16706923
CIE Lab	93.00, -9.74, 63.68
CIE LCh	93, 64.419, 98.697
Yxy	82.9670, 0.4044, 0.4531
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294897003 (0xFFFEED6B)
YUV	227.2630, -59.2897, 23.4483
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -14.2789, 46.7655

# Details

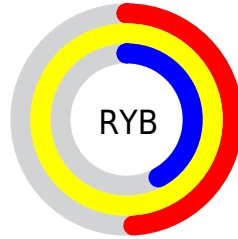
The CIELCh color **93, 64.419, 98.697** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF66**. A complement of this color would be **57, 73.732, 294.892**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 46.400, 106.631**, and **73, 64.415, 98.702** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 73.715, 97.655**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 54.071, 99.784**.

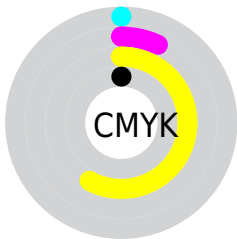
# Distribution



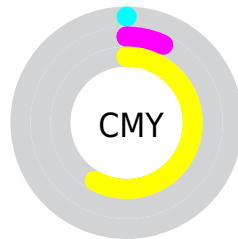
- Red (100%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 64.419, 98.697 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 64.419, 98.697 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 93, 64.419, 98.697

 93, 64.419, 98.697

 100, 64.419,  
98.697

 83, 64.419, 98.697

 73, 64.419, 98.697

 63, 64.419, 98.697

 53, 64.419, 98.697

 43, 64.419, 98.697

 33, 64.419, 98.697

 23, 64.419, 98.697

 13, 64.419, 98.697

 3, 64.419, 98.697

93, 64.419, 98.697

93, 64.419, 98.697

92, 73.715, 97.655

94, 54.071, 99.784

91, 81.319, 96.662

95, 43.116,  
100.891

90, 86.501, 95.724

96, 31.838,  
102.004

90, 88.827, 94.819

97, 20.411,  
103.108

89, 89.130, 94.623

99, 8.937, 104.186

100, 0.224,  
202.453

100, 0.224,  
202.348

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 64.419, 98.697



57, 73.732, 294.892

# Rectangle

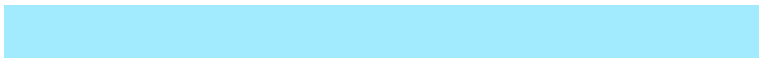
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 64.419, 98.697



93, 64.419, 148.697



93, 64.419, 278.697



93, 64.419, 328.697

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 64.420, 98.700



98, 19.527, 103.196



64, 60.531, 18.653



52, 13.061, 102.976



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 64.420, 98.700



92, 74.877, 97.532



94, 74.578, 122.089



53, 6.525, 104.006



69, 72.016, 94.777



23, 32.450, 96.016





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 73.732, 294.892



49, 89.937, 297.797



58, 83.763, 308.664



49, 6.637, 286.119



25, 101.816, 304.699



5, 40.447, 299.635



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 64.419, 98.697 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 64.419, 98.697 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 93, 64.419, 98.697**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 64.419, 98.697.

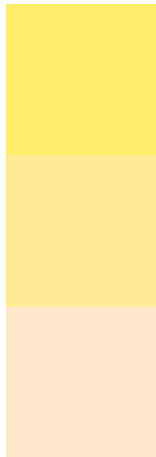


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 64.419, 98.697.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

93, 64.419, 98.697

### Protanopia

93, 44.381, 96.156

### Deuteranopia

93, 17.058, 76.832



**Tritanopia**  
93, 10.979, 352.221



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
93, 64.419, 98.697



**Protanomaly**  
93, 51.904, 97.412



**Deuteranomaly**  
93, 34.396, 92.799

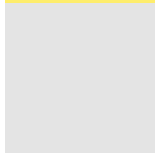


**Tritanomaly**  
93, 23.061, 84.807

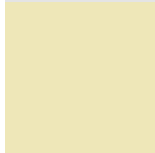
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
93, 64.419, 98.697



**Achromatopsia**  
91, 0.011, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
91, 24.301, 101.841

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 64.419, 98.697 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 237, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 237, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 237, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 237, 107) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 64.419, 98.697 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 237, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 237, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 237, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 237, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 237, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 237,  
107) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 64.419, 98.697 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 237, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
237, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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