

Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 66.373, 98.097)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(93, 66.373, 98.097) contains.

CIELCh(93, 66.180, 98.348)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(93, 66.180, 98.348)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFED67
RGB	255, 237, 103
RGB Percent	100%, 93%, 40%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0698, 0.5953
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.60, 0.00
HSL	53°, 100%, 70%
HSV	53°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	74.1178, 82.9670, 24.9902
YIQ	227.1060, 53.7420, -37.8580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

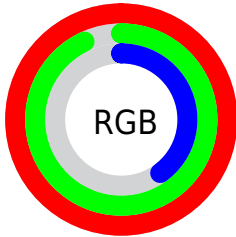
Format	Color
RYB	123, 255, 103
Decimal	16772455
CIELab	93.00, -9.61, 65.48
CIElCh	93, 66.180, 98.348
Yxy	82.9670, 0.4071, 0.4557
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294962535 (0xFFFFED67)
YUV	227.1060, -61.1843, 24.4630
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -14.1536, 47.4937

Details

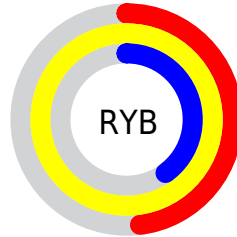
The CIELCh color **93, 66.180, 98.348** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF66**. A complement of this color would be **56, 76.199, 295.262**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 48.317, 106.483**, and **73, 66.149, 98.277** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 75.237, 97.386**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 55.952, 99.509**.

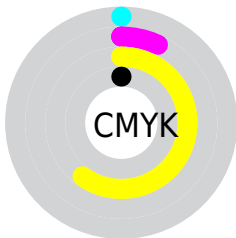
Distribution



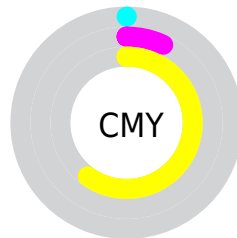
- Red (100%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 66.180, 98.348 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 66.180, 98.348 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 93, 66.180, 98.348

 93, 66.180, 98.348

 100, 66.180,
98.348

 83, 66.180, 98.348

 73, 66.180, 98.348

 63, 66.180, 98.348

 53, 66.180, 98.348

 43, 66.180, 98.348

 33, 66.180, 98.348

 23, 66.180, 98.348

 13, 66.180, 98.348

 3, 66.180, 98.348

93, 66.180, 98.348

93, 66.180, 98.348

92, 75.237, 97.386

94, 55.952, 99.509

91, 82.487, 96.397

95, 45.066,
100.616

90, 87.194, 95.459

96, 33.819,
101.732

90, 89.152, 94.545

89, 89.217, 94.503

97, 22.400,
102.840

99, 10.922,
103.927

100, 0.012,
296.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 66.180, 98.348



56, 76.199, 295.262

Rectangle

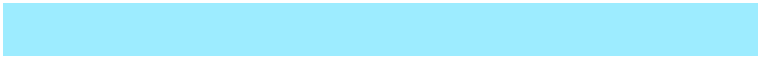
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 66.180, 98.348



93, 66.180, 148.348



93, 66.180, 278.348



93, 66.180, 328.348

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 66.169, 98.427



98, 20.644, 103.008



64, 62.307, 17.889



52, 14.344, 102.688



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 66.169, 98.427



92, 76.433, 97.237



94, 76.356, 121.374



53, 6.515, 103.929



69, 71.949, 94.661



23, 32.413, 95.915

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 76.199, 295.262



48, 92.645, 298.273



56, 86.471, 308.327



49, 6.626, 286.045



25, 101.709, 304.669



5, 40.399, 299.604

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 66.180, 98.348 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

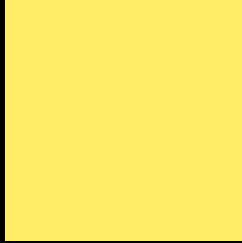
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 66.180, 98.348 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 66.180, 98.348

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 66.180, 98.348.

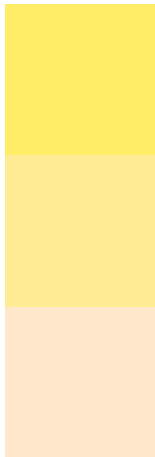


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 66.180, 98.348.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
93, 66.180, 98.348

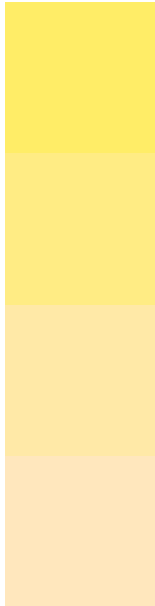
Protanopia
93, 44.863, 96.220

Deuteranopia
93, 17.058, 76.832



Tritanopia
93, 10.979, 352.221

Trichromacy



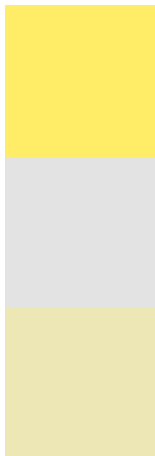
Original Color
93, 66.180, 98.348

Protanomaly
93, 52.842, 97.475

Deuteranomaly
93, 34.885, 92.951

Tritanomaly
93, 23.536, 85.238

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 66.180, 98.348

Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 25.277, 102.868

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 66.180, 98.348 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 237, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 237, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 237, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 237, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 66.180, 98.348 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 237, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 237, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 237, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 237, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 237, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 237,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 66.180, 98.348 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 237, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
237, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor