

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 7.232, 350.539)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(93, 7.232, 350.539) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(93, 7.397, 350.695)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F8E6ED
RGB	248, 230, 237
RGB Percent	97%, 90%, 93%
CMY	0.0259, 0.0965, 0.0691
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.04, 0.03
HSL	337°, 58%, 94%
HSV	337°, 7%, 97%
XYZ	82.5907, 82.9670, 92.0727
YIQ	236.1800, 8.4810, 5.9930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

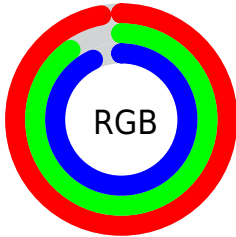
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	248, 230, 237
Decimal	16312045
CIE Lab	93.00, 7.30, -1.20
CIE LCh	93, 7.397, 350.695
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3206, 0.3220
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294502125 (0xFFFF8E6ED)
YUV	236.1800, 0.4043, 10.3661
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, 2.4505, 3.8282

# Details

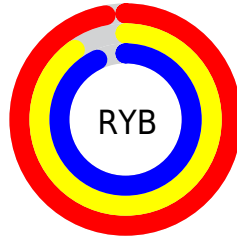
The CIELCh color **93, 7.397, 350.695** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **96, 7.277, 169.533**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **73, 7.196, 353.154** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 17.874, 351.757**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 2.625, 171.383**.

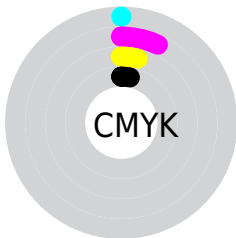
# Distribution



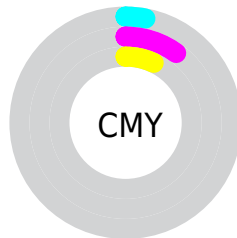
- Red (97%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 7.397, 350.695 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 7.397, 350.695 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 93, 7.397, 350.695

 93, 7.397, 350.695

 100, 7.397,  
350.695

 83, 7.397, 350.695

 73, 7.397, 350.695

 63, 7.397, 350.695

 53, 7.397, 350.695

 43, 7.397, 350.695

 33, 7.397, 350.695

 23, 7.397, 350.695

 13, 7.397, 350.695

 3, 7.397, 350.695

93, 7.397, 350.695

93, 7.397, 350.695

87, 17.874,  
351.757

99, 2.625, 171.383

80, 28.584,  
352.927

100, 2.294,  
199.549

75, 39.332,  
354.286

69, 49.815,  
355.905

64, 59.602,  
357.883

60, 68.169, 0.355

57, 75.005, 3.493

54, 79.819, 7.478

53, 82.804, 12.410



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 7.397, 350.695



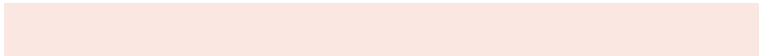
96, 7.277, 169.533

# Rectangle

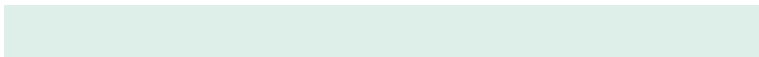
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 7.397, 350.695



93, 7.397, 40.695



93, 7.397, 170.695



93, 7.397, 220.695

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 7.395, 350.704



99, 2.070, 350.033



93, 10.086, 312.770



53, 1.177, 350.011



0, 0.000, 0.000



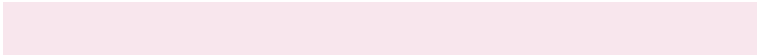
53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

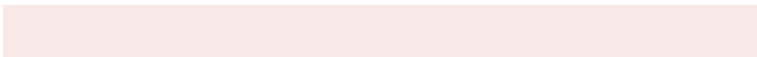
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 7.395, 350.704



94, 9.408, 350.887



93, 5.914, 28.679



49, 5.850, 350.937



40, 67.790, 12.849



10, 30.467, 5.359



# Inverse Universe

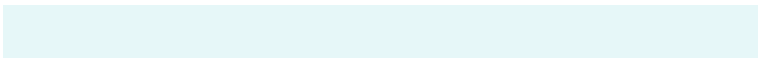
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 7.395, 350.704



94, 9.408, 350.887



96, 5.644, 208.589



49, 5.850, 350.937



40, 67.790, 12.849

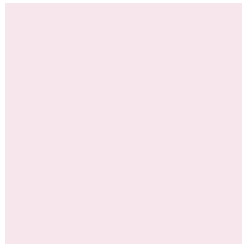


10, 30.467, 5.359



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 7.397, 350.695 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

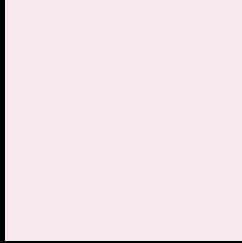
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 7.397, 350.695 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

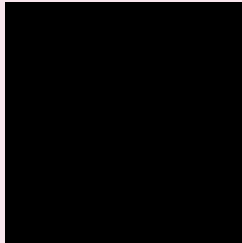
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

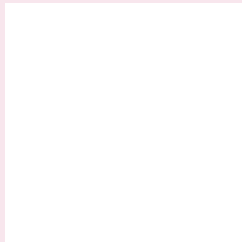
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 93, 7.397, 350.695

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 7.397, 350.695.

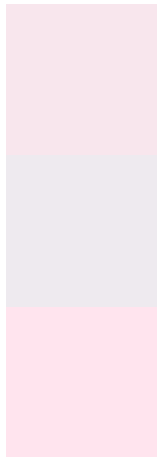


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 7.397, 350.695.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

93, 7.397, 350.695

### Protanopia

93, 2.965, 318.824

### Deuteranopia

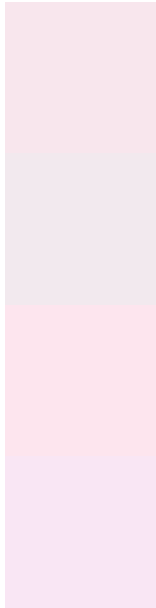
93, 10.979, 352.221





**Tritanopia**  
93, 11.925, 329.085

# Trichromacy



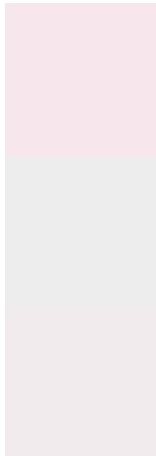
**Original Color**  
93, 7.397, 350.695

**Protanomaly**  
93, 4.131, 340.957

**Deuteranomaly**  
93, 9.782, 351.808

**Tritanomaly**  
93, 9.907, 333.304

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
93, 7.397, 350.695

**Achromatopsia**  
94, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
94, 2.382, 353.695

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 7.397, 350.695 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 230, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 230, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 230, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 230, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 7.397, 350.695 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 230, 237) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 230, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 230, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 230, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 230, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 230,  
237) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 7.397, 350.695 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 230, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
230, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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