

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 7.379, 190.949)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(93, 7.379, 190.949) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(93, 7.384, 190.946)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DAEFED
RGB	218, 239, 237
RGB Percent	85%, 94%, 93%
CMY	0.1441, 0.0617, 0.0695
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.01, 0.06
HSL	174°, 40%, 90%
HSV	174°, 9%, 94%
XYZ	75.2633, 82.9670, 92.3740
YIQ	232.4930, -11.8740, -5.0740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

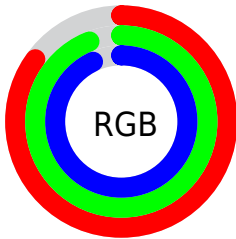
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	218, 229, 239
Decimal	14348269
CIE Lab	93.00, -7.25, -1.40
CIE LCh	93, 7.384, 190.946
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3003, 0.3311
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292538349 (0xFFDAEFED)
YUV	232.4930, 2.2220, -12.7104
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -11.9089, 3.6321

# Details

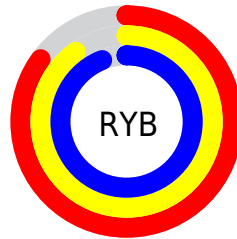
The CIELCh color **93, 7.384, 190.946** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **89, 7.732, 12.174**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **73, 7.375, 190.383** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 15.451, 190.117**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 1.047, 11.028**.

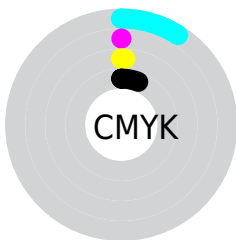
# Distribution



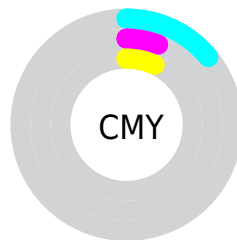
- Red (85%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 7.384, 190.946 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 7.384, 190.946 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



93, 7.384, 190.946

93, 7.384, 190.946

100, 7.384,  
190.946

83, 7.384, 190.946

73, 7.384, 190.946

63, 7.384, 190.946

53, 7.384, 190.946

43, 7.384, 190.946

33, 7.384, 190.946

23, 7.384, 190.946

13, 7.384, 190.946

3, 7.384, 190.946

93, 7.384, 190.946

93, 7.384, 190.946

91, 15.451,  
190.117

95, 1.047, 11.028

90, 23.015,  
189.321

96, 5.764, 6.569

89, 29.934,  
188.518

96, 6.129, 355.894

88, 36.066,  
187.696

96, 6.683, 346.713

87, 41.284,  
186.843

96, 7.384, 339.116

86, 45.499,  
185.944

96, 8.193, 332.942

86, 48.672,  
184.981

96, 9.082, 327.943

86, 50.835,  
183.936

96, 9.805, 324.751

■ 85, 52.142,  
182.802

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 7.384, 190.946



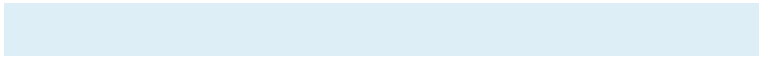
89, 7.732, 12.174

# Rectangle

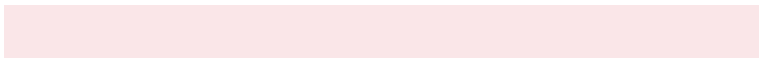
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



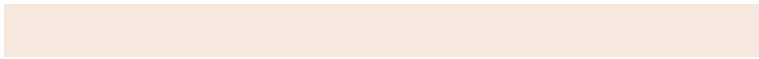
93, 7.384, 190.946



93, 7.384, 240.946



93, 7.384, 10.946



93, 7.384, 60.946

# Sweetspot

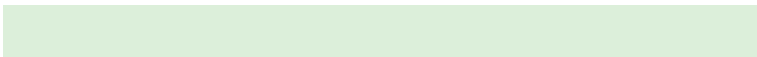
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 7.385, 190.933



99, 2.683, 191.532



93, 12.833, 141.281



53, 2.032, 191.420



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



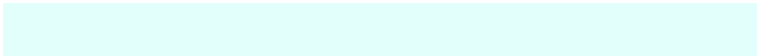


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 7.385, 190.933



98, 9.700, 190.742



91, 6.101, 244.955



49, 4.780, 190.873



67, 42.788, 182.869



20, 18.411, 184.603



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 7.732, 12.174



93, 10.277, 12.398



91, 6.315, 62.919



47, 5.023, 12.243



38, 77.677, 36.057

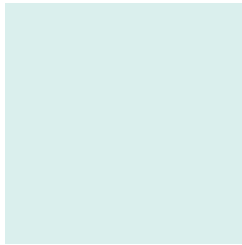


8, 29.369, 19.943



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 7.384, 190.946 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

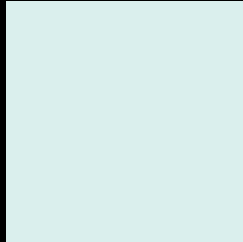
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 7.384, 190.946 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

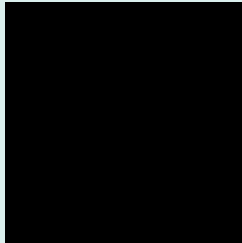
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

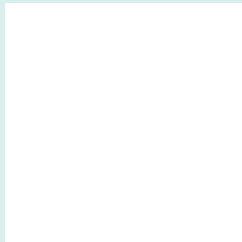
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 93, 7.384, 190.946

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 7.384, 190.946.

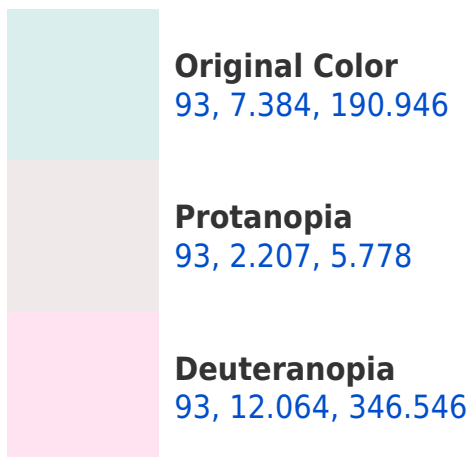


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 7.384, 190.946.

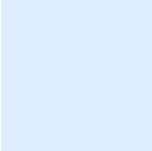
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

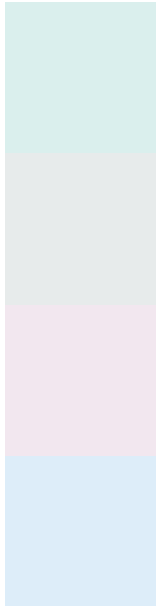






**Tritanopia**  
93, 10.786, 264.987

# Trichromacy



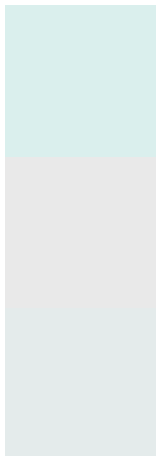
**Original Color**  
93, 7.384, 190.946

**Protanomaly**  
93, 1.411, 199.752

**Deuteranomaly**  
93, 5.714, 333.441

**Tritanomaly**  
93, 8.159, 248.740

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
93, 7.384, 190.946

**Achromatopsia**  
92, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
93, 2.463, 199.492

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 7.384, 190.946 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 239, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 239, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 239, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 239, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 7.384, 190.946 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 239, 237) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 239, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 239, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 239, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 239, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 239,  
237) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 7.384, 190.946 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 239, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
239, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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