

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 7.758, 209.883)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(93, 7.758, 209.883) contains.

<b>CIELCh(93, 7.686, 210.651)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	21
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(93, 7.686, 210.651)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9EFF2
RGB	217, 239, 242
RGB Percent	85%, 94%, 95%
CMY	0.1487, 0.0624, 0.0506
CMYK	0.10, 0.01, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	187°, 49%, 90%
HSV	187°, 10%, 95%
XYZ	75.5749, 82.9670, 96.1062
YIQ	232.7640, -14.0750, -3.7310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

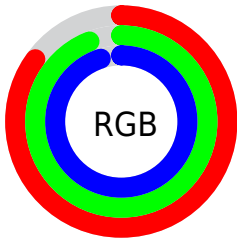
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	217, 229, 242
Decimal	14282738
CIE Lab	93.00, -6.61, -3.92
CIE LCh	93, 7.686, 210.651
Yxy	82.9670, 0.2968, 0.3258
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292472818 (0xFFD9EFF2)
YUV	232.7640, 4.5533, -13.8250
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -11.2983, 1.2027

# Details

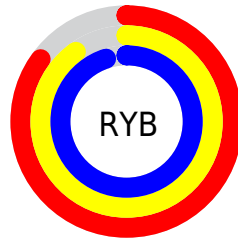
The CIELCh color **93, 7.686, 210.651** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **89, 8.224, 30.753**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **73, 7.671, 211.182** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 14.681, 210.617**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 0.250, 213.192**.

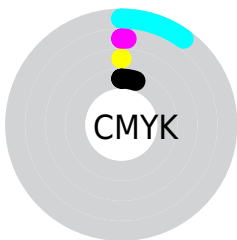
# Distribution



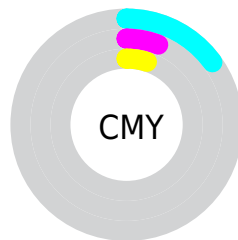
- Red (85%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 7.686, 210.651 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 7.686, 210.651 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



93, 7.686, 210.651

93, 7.686, 210.651

100, 7.686,  
210.651

83, 7.686, 210.651

73, 7.686, 210.651

63, 7.686, 210.651

53, 7.686, 210.651

43, 7.686, 210.651

33, 7.686, 210.651

23, 7.686, 210.651

13, 7.686, 210.651

3, 7.686, 210.651

93, 7.686, 210.651

93, 7.686, 210.651

91, 14.681,  
210.617

95, 0.250, 213.192

89, 21.115,  
210.755

97, 3.857, 41.206

87, 26.864,  
211.062

98, 3.852, 68.215

85, 31.805,  
211.573

99, 5.847, 104.850

83, 35.830,  
212.331

100, 6.533,  
109.677

82, 38.867,  
213.386

81, 40.897,  
214.788

79, 41.975,  
216.585

■ 78, 42.316,  
218.684

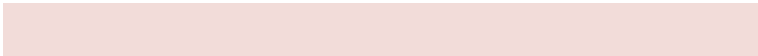
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 7.686, 210.651



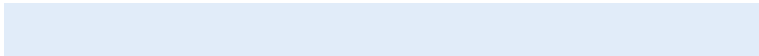
89, 8.224, 30.753

# Rectangle

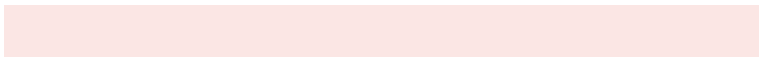
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



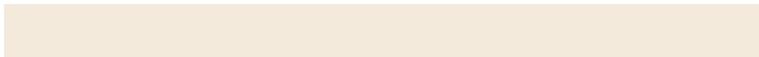
93, 7.686, 210.651



93, 7.686, 260.651



93, 7.686, 30.651



93, 7.686, 80.651

# Sweetspot

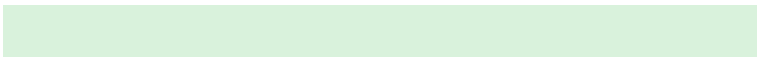
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 7.687, 210.636



99, 2.373, 210.883



93, 14.534, 147.159



53, 1.795, 210.817



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 7.687, 210.636



97, 9.272, 210.620



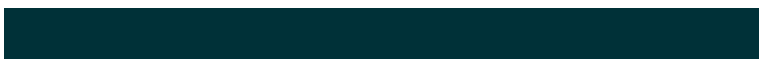
90, 8.602, 268.349



49, 4.205, 210.646



61, 34.427, 218.248



18, 15.188, 214.831



# Inverse Universe

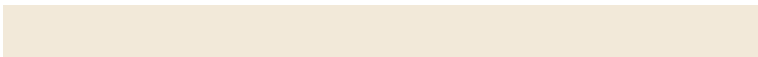
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 14.532, 328.468



92, 17.630, 328.573



93, 8.662, 85.567



47, 7.928, 328.415



42, 82.204, 333.659

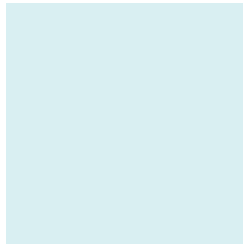


10, 36.354, 332.818



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 7.686, 210.651 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

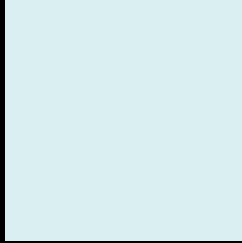
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 7.686, 210.651 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

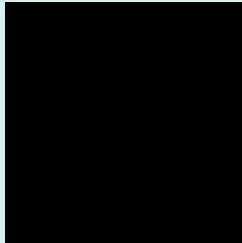
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 93, 7.686, 210.651**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 7.686, 210.651.

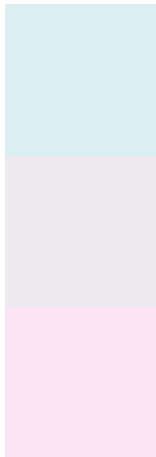


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 7.686, 210.651.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

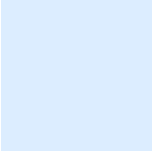


**Original Color**  
93, 7.686, 210.651

**Protanopia**  
93, 3.429, 314.716

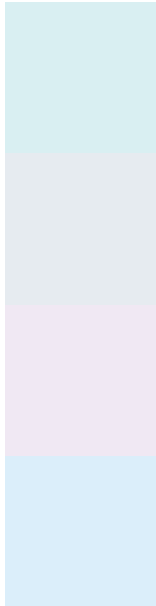
**Deuteranopia**  
93, 12.150, 337.508





**Tritanopia**  
93, 10.790, 258.881

# Trichromacy



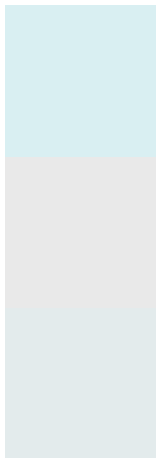
**Original Color**  
93, 7.686, 210.651

**Protanomaly**  
93, 3.098, 256.075

**Deuteranomaly**  
93, 6.376, 316.747

**Tritanomaly**  
93, 8.834, 243.776

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
93, 7.686, 210.651

**Achromatopsia**  
92, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
92, 2.847, 209.898

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 7.686, 210.651 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 239, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 239, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 239, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 239, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 7.686, 210.651 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

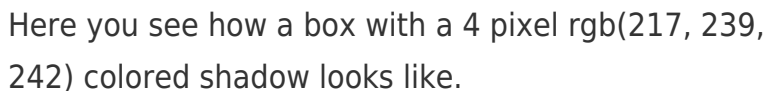
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 239, 242) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 239, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 239, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 239, 242); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 239, 242); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 239, 242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 7.686, 210.651 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 239, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
239, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor