

Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 8.685, 179.919)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(93, 8.685, 179.919) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(93, 8.457, 181.132)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | D9F0EB |
| RGB | 217, 240, 235 |
| RGB Percent | 85%, 94%, 92% |
| CMY | 0.1495, 0.0593, 0.0789 |
| CMYK | 0.10, 0.00, 0.02, 0.06 |
| HSL | 167°, 43%, 90% |
| HSV | 167°, 10%, 94% |
| XYZ | 74.6763, 82.9670, 90.5781 |
| YIQ | 232.5530, -12.1030, -6.4310 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

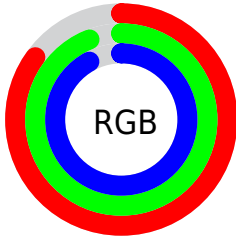
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 217, 230, 240 |
| Decimal | 14282987 |
| CIE Lab | 93.00, -8.46, -0.17 |
| CIE LCh | 93, 8.457, 181.132 |
| Yxy | 82.9670, 0.3008, 0.3342 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4292473067 (0xFFD9F0EB) |
| YUV | 232.5530, 1.2064, -13.6400 |
| Hunter-Lab | 91.0862, -13.0592, 4.8011 |

Details

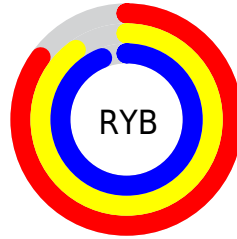
The CIELCh color **93, 8.457, 181.132** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **89, 8.771, 2.773**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **73, 8.522, 180.170** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 17.031, 180.135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 0.371, 0.400**.

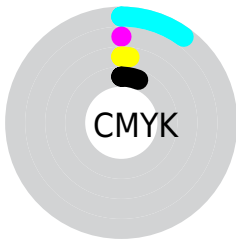
Distribution



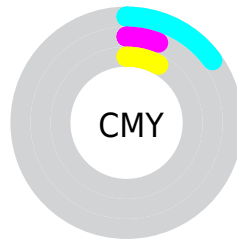
- Red (85%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 8.457, 181.132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 8.457, 181.132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

93, 8.457, 181.132

93, 8.457, 181.132

100, 8.457,
181.132

83, 8.457, 181.132

73, 8.457, 181.132

63, 8.457, 181.132

53, 8.457, 181.132

43, 8.457, 181.132

33, 8.457, 181.132

23, 8.457, 181.132

13, 8.457, 181.132

3, 8.457, 181.132

93, 8.457, 181.132

93, 8.457, 181.132

91, 17.031,
180.135

95, 0.371, 0.400

90, 25.210,
179.111

96, 6.061, 352.449

89, 32.849,
178.019

96, 7.659, 334.470

88, 39.794,
176.838


96, 9.428, 324.737

87, 45.907,
175.546

86, 51.081,
174.117

86, 55.262,
172.529

85, 58.473,
170.763

 85, 60.888,
168.841

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 8.457, 181.132



89, 8.771, 2.773

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



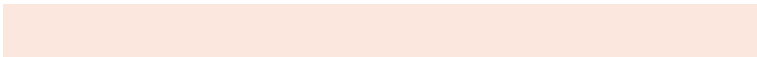
93, 8.457, 181.132



93, 8.457, 231.132



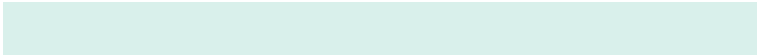
93, 8.457, 1.132



93, 8.457, 51.132

Sweetspot

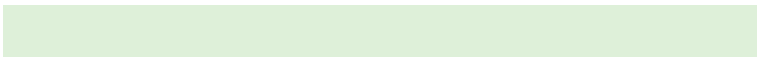
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 8.459, 181.122



99, 2.797, 181.871



93, 13.484, 137.388



53, 2.120, 181.753



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 8.459, 181.122



98, 11.090, 180.880



92, 6.569, 228.120



49, 5.010, 181.134



67, 49.670, 169.119



20, 20.864, 172.160

Inverse Universe

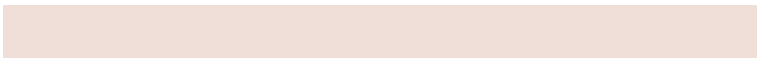
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 8.771, 2.773



92, 11.606, 3.042



90, 6.942, 46.880



47, 5.193, 2.760



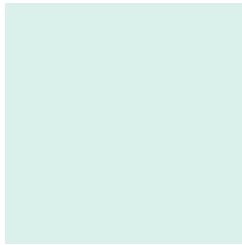
38, 71.779, 28.081



8, 28.953, 14.752

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 8.457, 181.132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

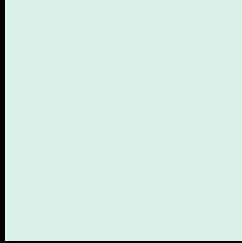
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 8.457, 181.132 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

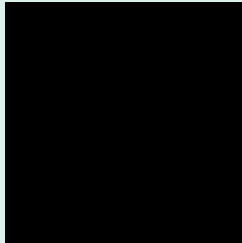
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

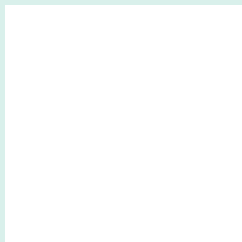
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 8.457, 181.132

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 8.457, 181.132.

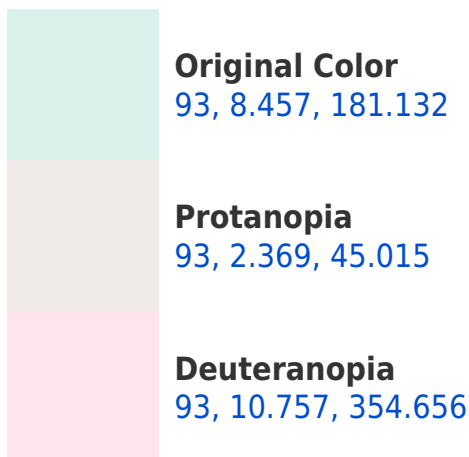


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 8.457, 181.132.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

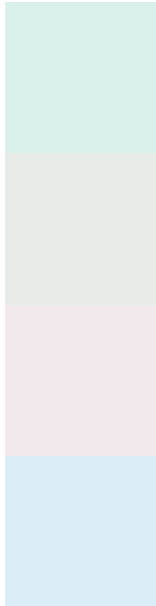
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
93, 10.626, 260.419

Trichromacy



Original Color
93, 8.457, 181.132

Protanomaly
93, 2.729, 150.525

Deuteranomaly
93, 3.832, 346.951

Tritanomaly
93, 8.185, 238.321

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 8.457, 181.132

Achromatopsia
92, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
92, 3.348, 181.396

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 8.457, 181.132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 240, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 240, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 240, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 240, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 8.457, 181.132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 240, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 240, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 240, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 240, 235); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 240, 235); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 240, 235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 8.457, 181.132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 240, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
240, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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