

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(93, 9.100, 182.383)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(93, 9.100, 182.383) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(93, 9.107, 182.379)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7F0EB
RGB	215, 240, 235
RGB Percent	84%, 94%, 92%
CMY	0.1559, 0.0578, 0.0774
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.02, 0.06
HSL	168°, 46%, 89%
HSV	168°, 10%, 94%
XYZ	74.3641, 82.9670, 90.8832
YIQ	231.9550, -13.2950, -6.8550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

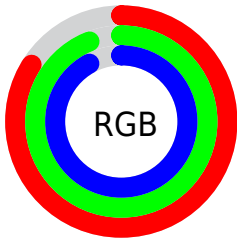
Format	Color
R _Y B	215, 229, 240
Decimal	14151915
CIE Lab	93.00, -9.10, -0.38
CIE LCh	93, 9.107, 182.379
Yxy	82.9670, 0.2996, 0.3343
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292341995 (0xFFD7F0EB)
YUV	231.9550, 1.5012, -14.8695
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -13.6709, 4.6025

Details

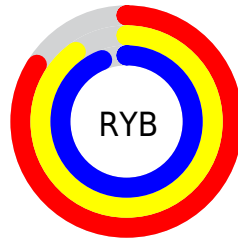
The CIELCh color **93, 9.107, 182.379** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **88, 9.493, 4.169**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **73, 9.196, 181.503** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 17.574, 181.397**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 0.358, 184.840**.

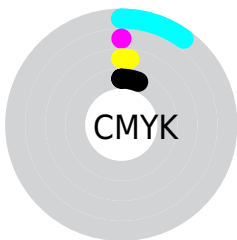
Distribution



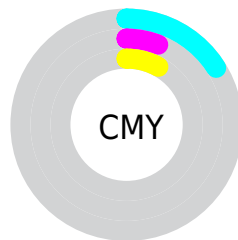
- Red (84%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (8%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 9.107, 182.379 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 9.107, 182.379 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 93, 9.107, 182.379

 93, 9.107, 182.379

 100, 9.107,
182.379

 83, 9.107, 182.379

 73, 9.107, 182.379

 63, 9.107, 182.379

 53, 9.107, 182.379

 43, 9.107, 182.379

 33, 9.107, 182.379

 23, 9.107, 182.379

 13, 9.107, 182.379

 3, 9.107, 182.379

93, 9.107, 182.379

93, 9.107, 182.379

91, 17.574,
181.397

95, 0.358, 184.840

90, 25.618,
180.390

96, 5.756, 355.519

89, 33.091,
179.320

96, 7.123, 337.220

88, 39.843,
178.167

96, 9.189, 324.728

87, 45.739,
176.909

86, 50.676,
175.522

86, 54.611,
173.982

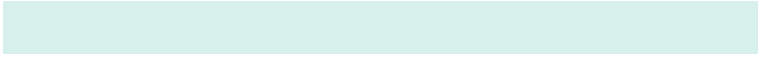
85, 57.575,
172.272

■ 85, 59.693,
170.498

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 9.107, 182.379



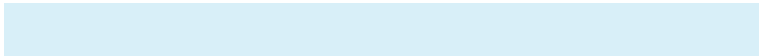
88, 9.493, 4.169

Rectangle

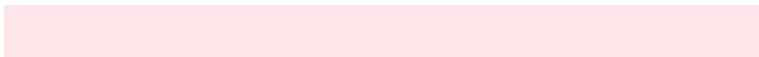
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



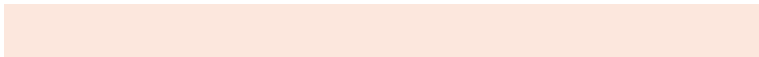
93, 9.107, 182.379



93, 9.107, 232.379



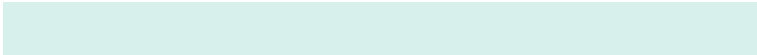
93, 9.107, 2.379



93, 9.107, 52.379

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 9.109, 182.370



99, 2.776, 183.194



93, 14.736, 137.846



53, 2.104, 183.076



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 9.109, 182.370



98, 10.996, 182.211



91, 7.106, 230.298



49, 4.969, 182.462



67, 48.580, 170.841



20, 20.474, 173.750

Inverse Universe

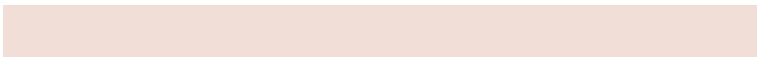
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 9.493, 4.169



92, 11.536, 4.348



90, 7.536, 48.818



47, 5.160, 4.068



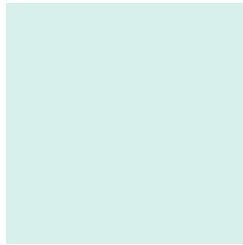
38, 72.588, 29.416



8, 29.002, 15.557

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 9.107, 182.379 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

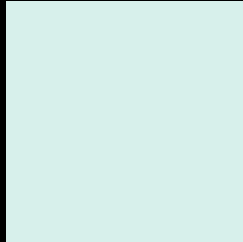
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 9.107, 182.379 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

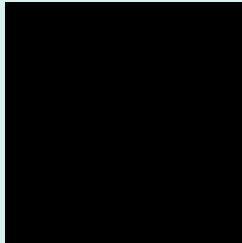
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

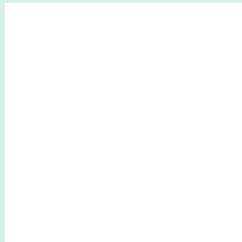
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 9.107, 182.379

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 9.107, 182.379.

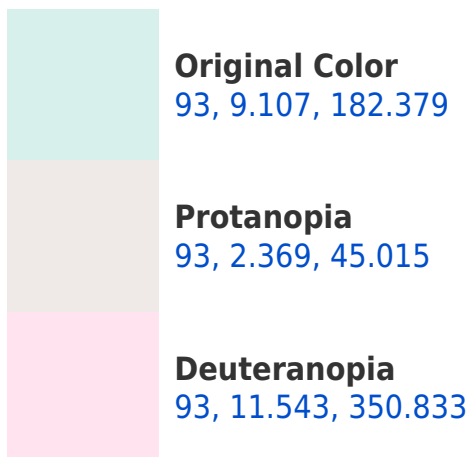


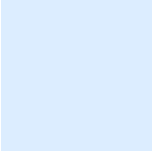
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 9.107, 182.379.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

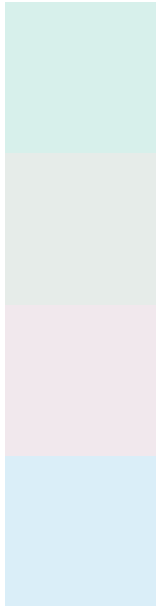
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
93, 10.790, 258.881

Trichromacy



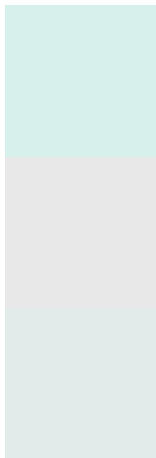
Original Color
93, 9.107, 182.379

Protanomaly
93, 2.638, 163.617

Deuteranomaly
93, 4.135, 340.959

Tritanomaly
93, 8.445, 236.883

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 9.107, 182.379

Achromatopsia
92, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
92, 3.348, 181.396

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 9.107, 182.379 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 240, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 240, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 240, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 240, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 9.107, 182.379 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 240, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 240, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 240, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 240, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 240, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 240,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 9.107, 182.379 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 240, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
240, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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