

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 9.146, 31.016)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(93, 9.146, 31.016) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(93, 8.993, 33.098)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEE6E2
RGB	254, 230, 226
RGB Percent	100%, 90%, 89%
CMY	0.0049, 0.0989, 0.1146
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.11, 0.00
HSL	9°, 92%, 94%
HSV	9°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	82.7123, 82.9670, 83.4386
YIQ	236.7200, 15.5880, 3.8440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

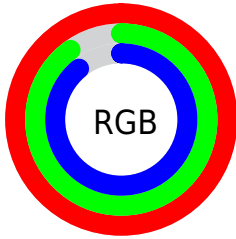
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	254, 231, 226
Decimal	16705250
CIE Lab	93.00, 7.53, 4.91
CIE LCh	93, 8.993, 33.098
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3320, 0.3330
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294895330 (0xFFEE6E2)
YUV	236.7200, -5.2850, 15.1546
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, 2.6889, 9.4484

# Details

The CIELCh color **93, 8.993, 33.098** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **97, 8.365, 213.199**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **73, 8.763, 34.269** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 17.882, 33.371**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 0.805, 32.277**.

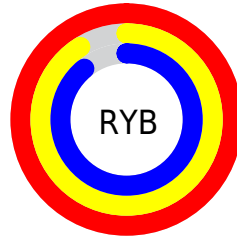
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (90%)

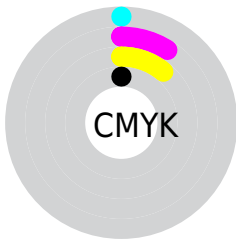
Blue (89%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (89%)

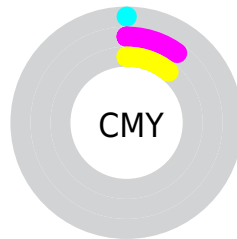


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 8.993, 33.098 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 8.993, 33.098 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





93, 8.993, 33.098

93, 8.993, 33.098

87, 17.882, 33.371

99, 0.805, 32.277

81, 27.524, 33.775

100, 0.430,  
200.918

76, 37.934, 34.394

71, 49.075, 35.285

66, 60.820, 36.494

62, 72.897, 38.021

59, 84.734, 39.725

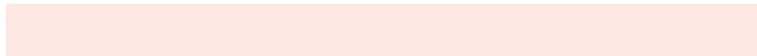
56, 95.057, 41.130

54, 101.526,  
41.649

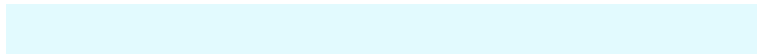
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



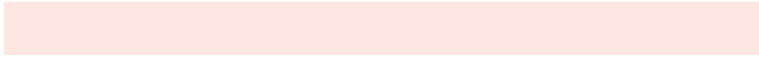
93, 8.993, 33.098



97, 8.365, 213.199

# Rectangle

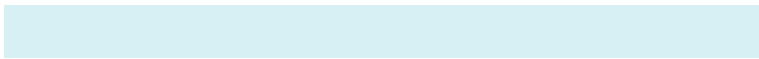
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



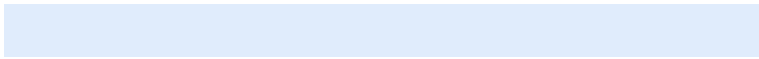
93, 8.993, 33.098



93, 8.993, 83.098



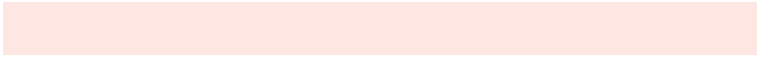
93, 8.993, 213.098



93, 8.993, 263.098

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 8.992, 33.115



98, 2.374, 32.828



93, 15.982, 328.943



52, 1.806, 32.893



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

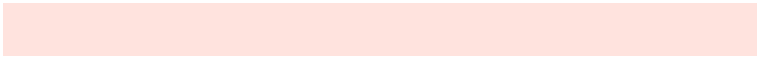


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 8.992, 33.115



92, 10.727, 33.158



96, 9.773, 86.932



50, 4.623, 33.081



41, 81.704, 41.954



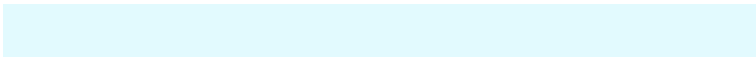
11, 30.811, 34.195



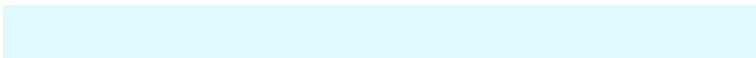


# Inverse Universe

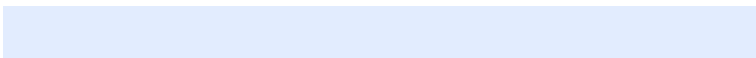
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 8.365, 213.199



97, 9.842, 213.207



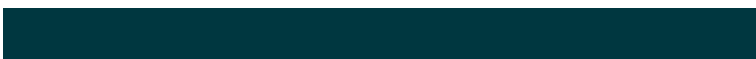
93, 9.719, 269.894



52, 4.346, 213.200



62, 35.157, 223.231

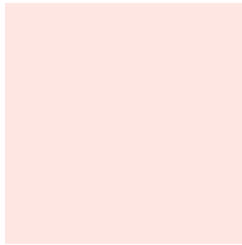


20, 16.275, 219.570



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 8.993, 33.098 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

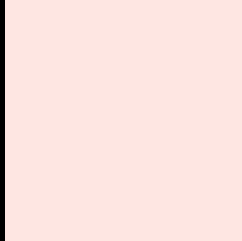
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 8.993, 33.098 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

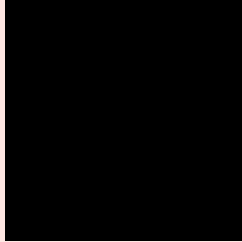
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

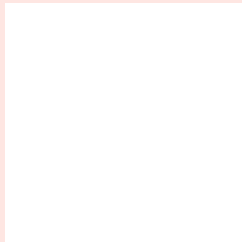
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 93, 8.993, 33.098**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 8.993, 33.098.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 8.993, 33.098.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

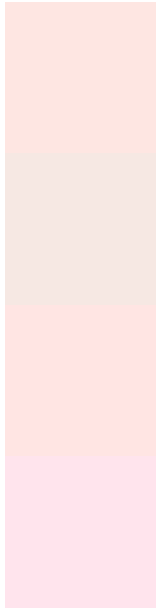




**Tritanopia**  
93, 13.289, 339.105



# Trichromacy



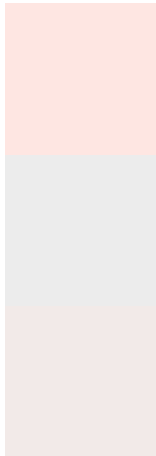
**Original Color**  
93, 8.993, 33.098

**Protanomaly**  
93, 5.672, 46.531

**Deuteranomaly**  
93, 9.533, 26.163

**Tritanomaly**  
93, 10.757, 354.656

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
93, 8.993, 33.098

**Achromatopsia**  
93, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
93, 3.033, 39.186

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 8.993, 33.098 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 230, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 230, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 230, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 230, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 8.993, 33.098 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 230, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 230, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 230, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 230, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 230, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 230,  
226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 8.993, 33.098 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 230, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
230, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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