

Converting Colors

CIELCh(93, 9.855, 226.831)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(93, 9.855, 226.831) contains.

CIELCh(93, 9.845, 227.201)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(93, 9.845, 227.201)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5EFF8
RGB	213, 239, 248
RGB Percent	84%, 94%, 97%
CMY	0.1632, 0.0612, 0.0259
CMYK	0.14, 0.04, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	195°, 73%, 91%
HSV	195°, 14%, 97%
XYZ	75.5373, 82.9670, 101.1596
YIQ	232.2520, -18.3850, -2.7130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

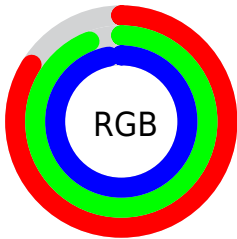
Format	Color
R _Y B	213, 228, 248
Decimal	14020600
CIE Lab	93.00, -6.69, -7.22
CIE LCh	93, 9.845, 227.201
Yxy	82.9670, 0.2909, 0.3195
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292210680 (0xFFD5EFF8)
YUV	232.2520, 7.7638, -16.8840
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -11.3719, -2.0866

Details

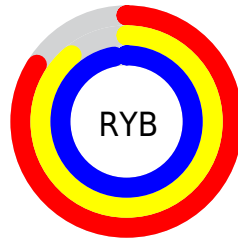
The CIELCh color `93, 9.845, 227.201` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `90, 10.722, 45.592`, and the grayscale version is `92, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `73, 9.933, 228.434` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `90, 16.367, 228.014`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `96, 2.929, 226.696`.

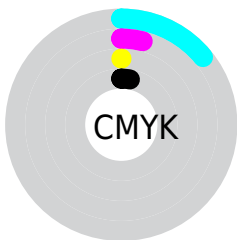
Distribution



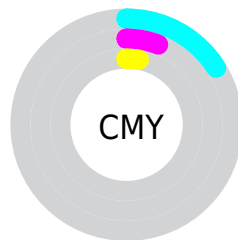
- Red (84%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 9.845, 227.201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 9.845, 227.201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

93, 9.845, 227.201

93, 9.845, 227.201

100, 9.845,
227.201

83, 9.845, 227.201

73, 9.845, 227.201

63, 9.845, 227.201

53, 9.845, 227.201

43, 9.845, 227.201

33, 9.845, 227.201

23, 9.845, 227.201

13, 9.845, 227.201

3, 9.845, 227.201

93, 9.845, 227.201

93, 9.845, 227.201

90, 16.367,
228.014

96, 2.929, 226.696

87, 22.399,
229.119

99, 2.142, 82.188

100, 3.339,
109.906

84, 27.842,
230.564

81, 32.606,
232.430

78, 36.625,
234.810

76, 39.882,
237.798

74, 42.432,
241.472

72, 44.422,
245.851

■ 70, 45.475,
248.663

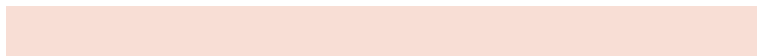
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 9.845, 227.201



90, 10.722, 45.592

Rectangle

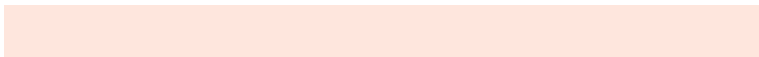
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



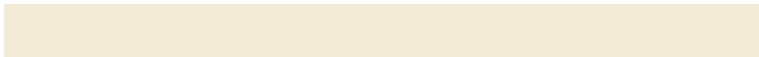
93, 9.845, 227.201



93, 9.845, 277.201



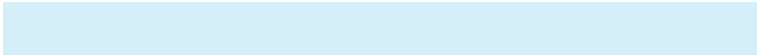
93, 9.845, 47.201



93, 9.845, 97.201

Sweetspot

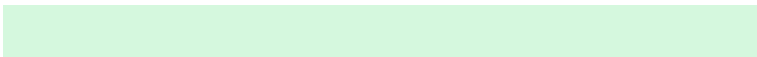
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 9.845, 227.189



99, 2.924, 226.695



95, 18.427, 151.366



52, 2.074, 226.704



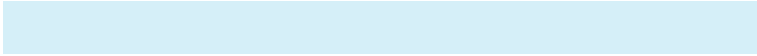
0, 0.000, 0.000



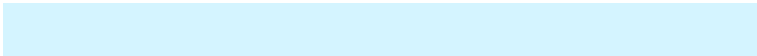
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 9.845, 227.189



94, 12.038, 227.403



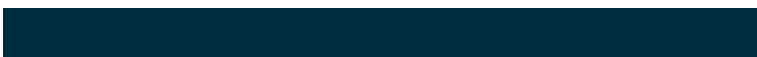
89, 13.944, 279.077



50, 4.035, 226.901



55, 36.797, 247.777



17, 16.114, 240.977

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 18.423, 333.526



89, 22.735, 333.734



95, 13.808, 95.529



49, 7.444, 333.202



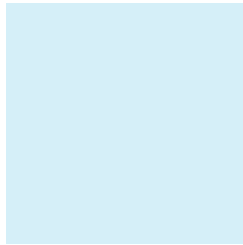
42, 75.723, 341.863



10, 35.056, 339.719

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 9.845, 227.201 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

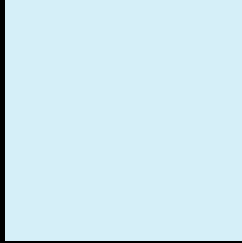
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 9.845, 227.201 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

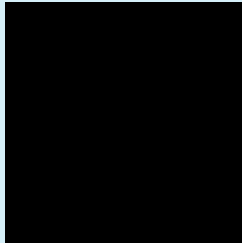
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

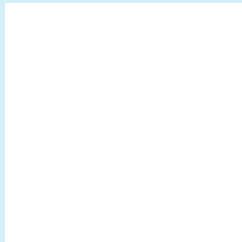
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 9.845, 227.201

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 9.845, 227.201.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 9.845, 227.201.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

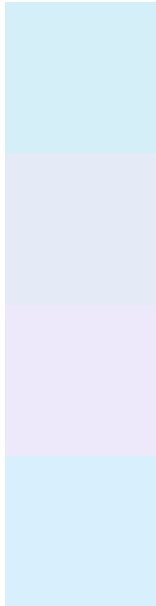
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
93, 11.108, 251.495

Trichromacy



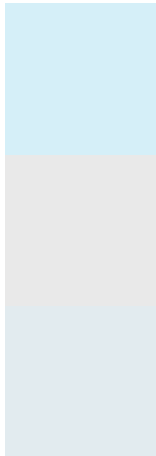
Original Color
93, 9.845, 227.201

Protanomaly
93, 6.133, 267.443

Deuteranomaly
93, 9.491, 301.401

Tritanomaly
93, 10.447, 242.951

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 9.845, 227.201

Achromatopsia
92, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
92, 3.730, 233.072

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 9.845, 227.201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 239, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 239, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 239, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 239, 248) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 9.845, 227.201 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 239, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 239, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 239, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 239, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 239, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 239,  
248) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 9.845, 227.201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 239, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
239, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor