

Converting Colors

CIELCh(94, 16.754, 162.377)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(94, 16.754, 162.377)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(94, 17.213, 161.632)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0F7E3
RGB	208, 247, 227
RGB Percent	82%, 97%, 89%
CMY	0.1853, 0.0324, 0.1108
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.08, 0.03
HSL	149°, 70%, 89%
HSV	149°, 16%, 97%
XYZ	72.9560, 85.2715, 85.1057
YIQ	233.0590, -16.8240, -14.4880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

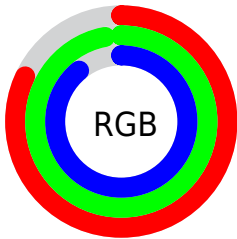
Format	Color
R _Y B	208, 234, 247
Decimal	13694947
CIE Lab	94.00, -16.34, 5.42
CIE LCh	94, 17.213, 161.632
Yxy	85.2715, 0.2998, 0.3504
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291885027 (0xFFD0F7E3)
YUV	233.0590, -2.9871, -21.9767
Hunter-Lab	92.3426, -20.5741, 9.9964

Details

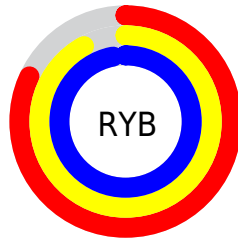
The CIELCh color **94, 17.213, 161.632** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **87, 17.545, 344.298**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **74, 17.418, 161.932** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 28.008, 160.628**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 6.315, 162.564**.

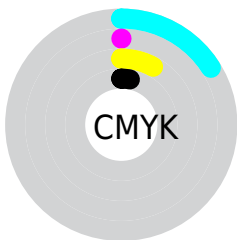
Distribution



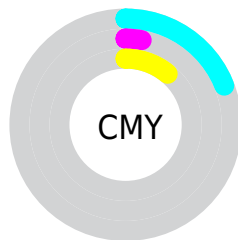
- Red (82%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (3%)





- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (11%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 94, 17.213, 161.632 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 94, 17.213, 161.632 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 94, 17.213,
161.632


 94, 17.213,
161.632

 100, 17.213,
161.632


 84, 17.213,
161.632

 74, 17.213,
161.632

 64, 17.213,
161.632

 54, 17.213,
161.632

 44, 17.213,
161.632

 34, 17.213,
161.632

 24, 17.213,

161.632

■ 14, 17.213,
161.632

■ 4, 17.213, 161.632

■ 94, 17.213,
161.632

■ 94, 17.213,
161.632

■ 92, 28.008,
160.628

■ 96, 6.315, 162.564

■ 91, 38.534,
159.508

■ 98, 3.992, 336.783

■ 98, 5.137, 324.560

■ 89, 48.612,
158.242

■ 88, 58.051,
156.804

■ 87, 66.675,
155.170

■ 87, 74.346,
153.323

■ 86, 80.996,
151.261

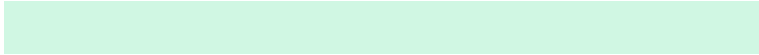
■ 86, 86.656,
149.011

■ 86, 88.827,
148.062

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 17.213, 161.632



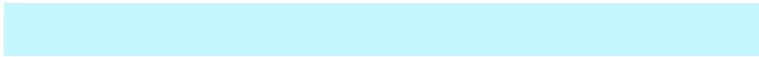
87, 17.545, 344.298

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



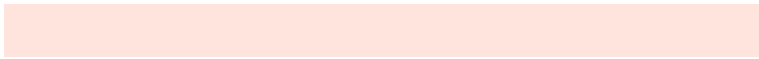
94, 17.213, 161.632



94, 17.213, 211.632



94, 17.213, 341.632



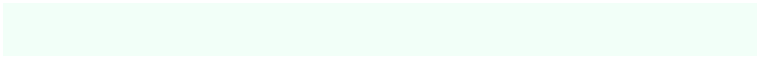
94, 17.213, 31.632

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 17.215, 161.630



99, 5.585, 162.643



95, 21.107, 127.762



53, 3.812, 162.573



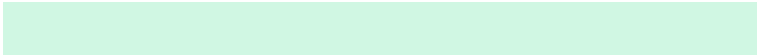
0, 0.000, 0.000



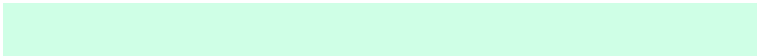
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

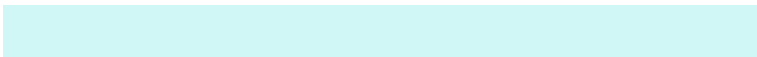
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 17.215, 161.630



96, 21.242, 161.317



94, 13.182, 197.142



50, 6.150, 162.220



66, 71.242, 148.495



21, 29.477, 152.068

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 17.545, 344.298



88, 21.728, 344.608



87, 14.566, 19.141



48, 6.226, 343.711



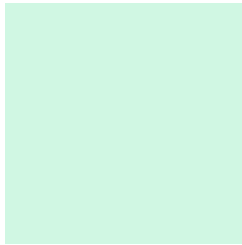
40, 67.050, 0.809



9, 30.382, 354.906

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 94, 17.213, 161.632 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 94, 17.213, 161.632 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

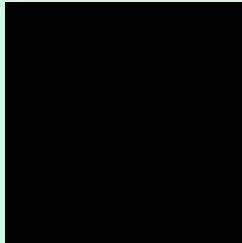
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

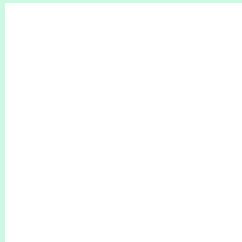
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 94, 17.213, 161.632

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 17.213, 161.632.

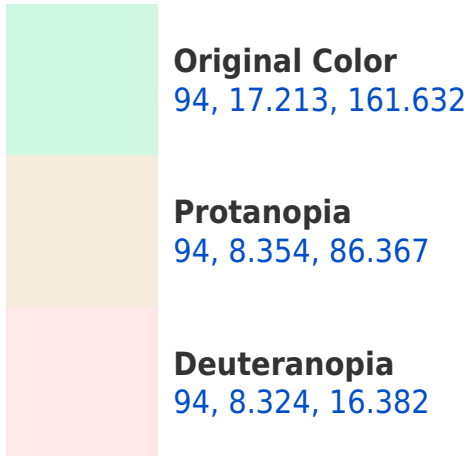


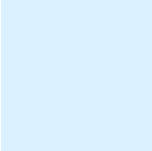
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 17.213, 161.632.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

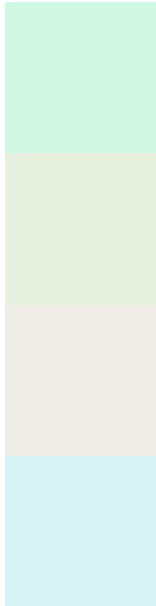
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
94, 9.972, 245.560

Trichromacy



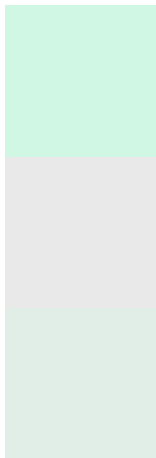
Original Color
94, 17.213, 161.632

Protanomaly
94, 9.334, 129.799

Deuteranomaly
94, 3.091, 103.268

Tritanomaly
94, 9.256, 205.287

Monochromacy



Original Color
94, 17.213, 161.632

Achromatopsia
92, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
93, 6.159, 163.239

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 94, 17.213, 161.632 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 247, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 247, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 247, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 247, 227) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 94, 17.213, 161.632 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 247, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 247, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 247, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 247, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 247, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 247,  
227) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 94, 17.213, 161.632 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 247, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
247, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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