

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(94, 17.448, 82.748)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(94, 17.448, 82.748) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(94, 17.150, 82.853)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFEBCD
RGB	255, 235, 205
RGB Percent	100%, 92%, 80%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0775, 0.1952
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	36°, 100%, 90%
HSV	36°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	82.1472, 85.2715, 70.0297
YIQ	237.5600, 21.5500, -5.0900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

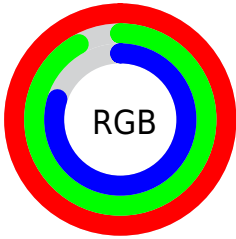
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	238, 255, 205
Decimal	16772045
CIE Lab	94.00, 2.13, 17.02
CIE LCh	94, 17.150, 82.853
Yxy	85.2715, 0.3460, 0.3591
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294962125 (0xFFFFEBCD)
YUV	237.5600, -16.0521, 15.2949
Hunter-Lab	92.3426, -2.8075, 19.6761

# Details

The CIELCh color **94, 17.150, 82.853** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**, and the color name is **blanchedalmond**. A complement of this color would be **89, 16.764, 268.566**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **74, 16.951, 81.957** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 26.273, 81.781**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97, 8.215, 84.428**.

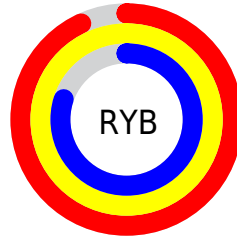
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (92%)

Blue (80%)



Red (93%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (80%)

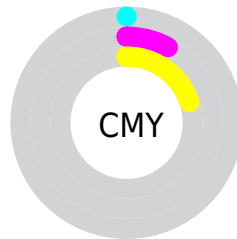


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)


Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 94, 17.150, 82.853 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 94, 17.150, 82.853 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 94, 17.150, 82.853

 94, 17.150, 82.853

 100, 17.150,  
82.853


 84, 17.150, 82.853

 74, 17.150, 82.853


 64, 17.150, 82.853

 54, 17.150, 82.853

 44, 17.150, 82.853

 34, 17.150, 82.853

 24, 17.150, 82.853

 14, 17.150, 82.853

 4, 17.150, 82.853

94, 17.150, 82.853

94, 17.150, 82.853

91, 26.273, 81.781

97, 8.215, 84.428

88, 35.678, 80.389

100, 0.012,  
296.813

85, 45.257, 78.956

82, 54.846, 77.465

80, 64.117, 75.870

77, 72.458, 74.070

75, 78.906, 71.870

73, 82.709, 69.073

72, 82.872, 68.937

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



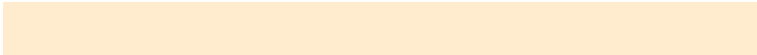
94, 17.150, 82.853



89, 16.764, 268.566

# Rectangle

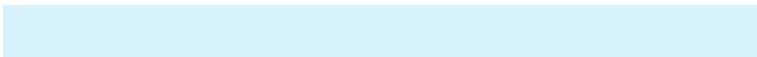
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94, 17.150, 82.853



94, 17.150, 132.853



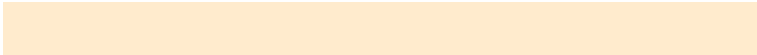
94, 17.150, 262.853



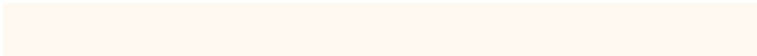
94, 17.150, 312.853

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 17.111, 83.131



98, 5.147, 84.857



87, 20.859, 351.298



52, 3.418, 84.780



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

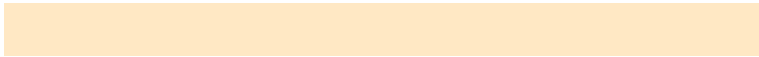


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 17.111, 83.131



93, 20.271, 82.666



99, 25.207, 112.502



52, 4.906, 84.430



56, 66.676, 69.575



18, 27.405, 72.155



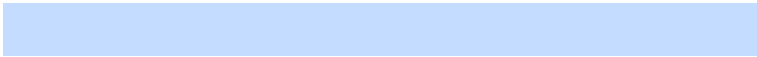


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 16.764, 268.566



87, 19.776, 269.174



84, 26.363, 295.950



50, 4.868, 267.009



36, 70.938, 292.721



10, 28.493, 287.028



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 94, 17.150, 82.853 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

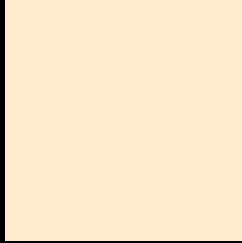
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 94, 17.150, 82.853 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

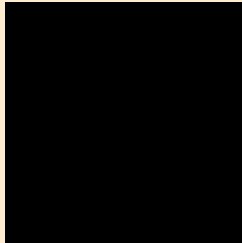
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 94, 17.150, 82.853

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 17.150, 82.853.

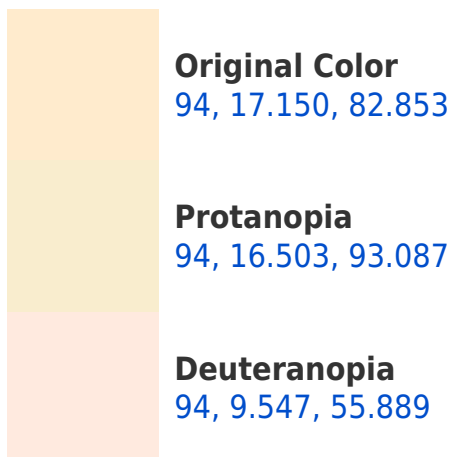


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 17.150, 82.853.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

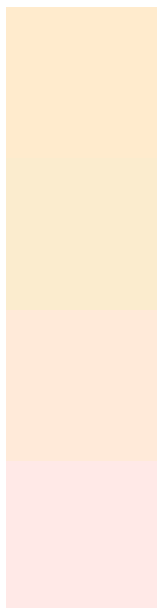




**Tritanopia**  
94, 11.186, 340.111



# Trichromacy



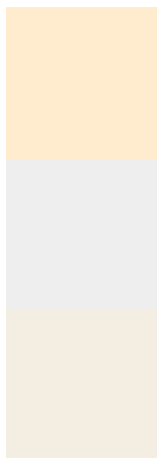
**Original Color**  
94, 17.150, 82.853

**Protanomaly**  
94, 16.380, 88.830

**Deuteranomaly**  
94, 11.692, 67.763

**Tritanomaly**  
94, 8.032, 27.185

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
94, 17.150, 82.853

**Achromatopsia**  
94, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
94, 6.167, 85.436

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 94, 17.150, 82.853 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 235, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 235, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 235, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 235, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 94, 17.150, 82.853 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 235, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 235, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 235, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 235, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 235, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 235,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 94, 17.150, 82.853 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 235, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
235, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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