

Converting Colors

CIELCh(94, 31.314, 197.490)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(94, 31.314, 197.490)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(94, 31.401, 197.485)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98FFFF
RGB	152, 255, 255
RGB Percent	60%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.4046, 0.0007, 0.0007
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 80%
HSV	180°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	66.6390, 85.2715, 107.4032
YIQ	224.2030, -61.3880, -21.8360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

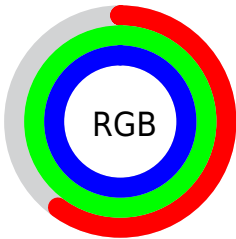
Format	Color
R_{YB}	152, 204, 255
Decimal	10027007
CIE Lab	94.00, -29.95, -9.43
CIE LCh	94, 31.401, 197.485
Yxy	85.2715, 0.2570, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288217087 (0xFF98FFFF)
YUV	224.2030, 15.1829, -63.3220
Hunter-Lab	92.3426, -32.7851, -4.3201

Details

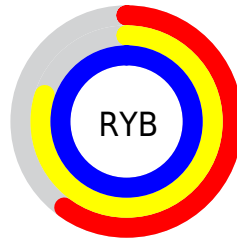
The CIELCh color **94, 31.401, 197.485** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **73, 41.975, 23.444**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 14.683, 198.527**, and **74, 31.522, 197.083** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 37.171, 197.137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 24.696, 197.892**.

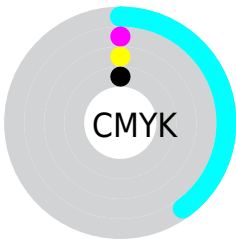
Distribution



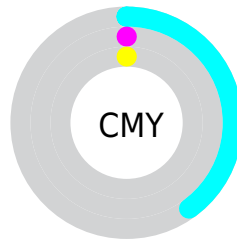
- Red (60%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 94, 31.401, 197.485 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 94, 31.401, 197.485 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 94, 31.401,
197.485

 94, 31.401,
197.485

 100, 31.401,
197.485


 84, 31.401,
197.485

 74, 31.401,
197.485

 64, 31.401,
197.485

 54, 31.401,
197.485

 44, 31.401,
197.485

 34, 31.401,
197.485

 24, 31.401,

197.485

■ 14, 31.401,
197.485

■ 4, 31.401, 197.485

■ 94, 31.401,
197.485

■ 94, 31.401,
197.485

■ 93, 37.171,
197.137

■ 95, 24.696,
197.892

■ 92, 41.898,
196.858

■ 97, 17.193,
198.363

■ 92, 45.515,
196.647

■ 98, 9.037, 198.906

■ 91, 48.018,
196.503

100, 0.371,
201.164

100, 0.064, 8.815

■ 91, 49.474,
196.419

100, 0.064, 8.625

100, 0.064, 8.435

■ 91, 50.090,
196.384

100, 0.064, 8.246

100, 0.064, 8.056

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 31.401, 197.485



73, 41.975, 23.444

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94, 31.401, 197.485



94, 31.401, 247.485



94, 31.401, 17.485



94, 31.401, 67.485

Sweetspot

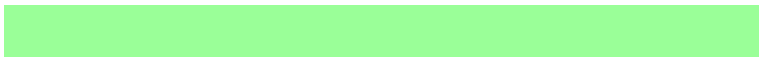
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 31.401, 197.482



98, 10.369, 198.813



92, 63.701, 140.961



52, 6.853, 198.739



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

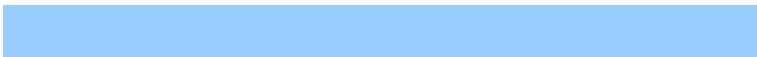
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 31.401, 197.482



93, 36.434, 197.182



80, 30.240, 260.628



52, 4.945, 198.961



70, 40.365, 196.384



24, 18.570, 196.384

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73, 41.975, 23.444



69, 52.291, 25.037



85, 34.423, 68.616



49, 5.254, 19.942



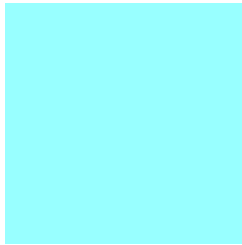
40, 84.229, 39.999



10, 33.367, 27.176

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 94, 31.401, 197.485 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

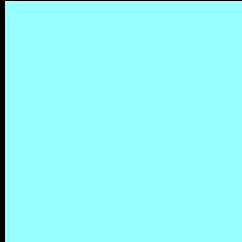
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 94, 31.401, 197.485 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

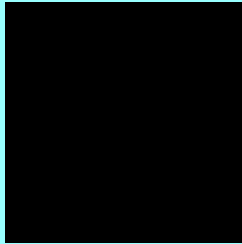
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

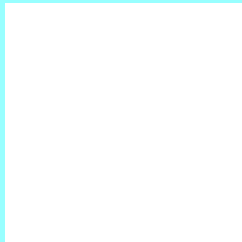
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 94, 31.401, 197.485

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 31.401, 197.485.

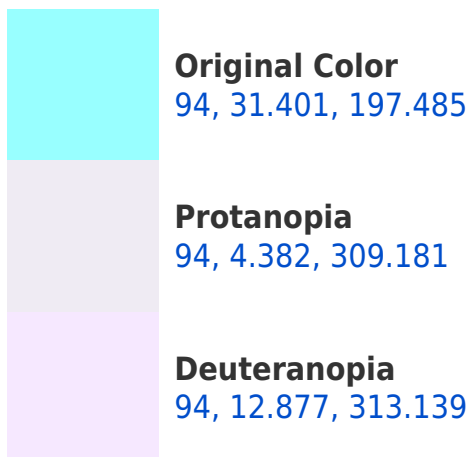


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 31.401, 197.485.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



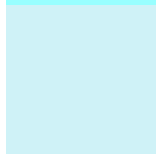


Tritanopia
94, 14.797, 221.264

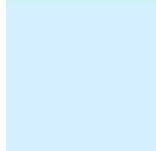
Trichromacy



Original Color
94, 31.401, 197.485



Protanomaly
93, 11.997, 211.181



Deuteranomaly
93, 11.961, 239.424

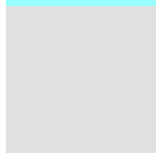


Tritanomaly
94, 20.769, 208.240

Monochromacy



Original Color
94, 31.401, 197.485



Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
91, 12.600, 198.611

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 94, 31.401, 197.485 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 94, 31.401, 197.485 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 255, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 94, 31.401, 197.485 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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