

Converting Colors

CIELCh(94, 34.616, 171.033)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(94, 34.616, 171.033)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(94, 34.320, 171.389)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3FFE3
RGB	163, 255, 227
RGB Percent	64%, 100%, 89%
CMY	0.3619, 0.0000, 0.1109
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.11, 0.00
HSL	162°, 100%, 82%
HSV	162°, 36%, 100%
XYZ	64.8624, 85.2715, 85.5020
YIQ	224.3000, -45.8440, -28.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

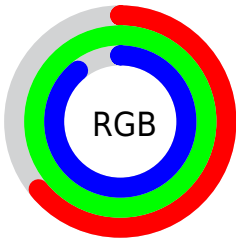
Format	Color
RYB	163, 217, 255
Decimal	10747875
CIELab	94.00, -33.93, 5.14
CIElCh	94, 34.320, 171.389
Yxy	85.2715, 0.2753, 0.3619
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288937955 (0xFFA3FFE3)
YUV	224.3000, 1.3311, -53.7601
Hunter-Lab	92.3426, -36.2193, 9.7419

Details

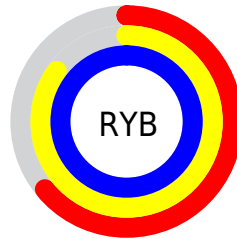
The CIELCh color **94, 34.320, 171.389** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **77, 37.762, 359.788**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 11.478, 198.739**, and **74, 33.760, 172.134** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 42.265, 170.527**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 25.021, 172.939**.

Distribution



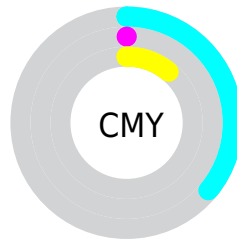
- Red (64%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 94, 34.320, 171.389 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 94, 34.320, 171.389 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 94, 34.320,
171.389


 94, 34.320,
171.389

 100, 34.320,
171.389

 84, 34.320,
171.389


 74, 34.320,
171.389

 64, 34.320,
171.389

 54, 34.320,
171.389

 44, 34.320,
171.389

 34, 34.320,
171.389

 24, 34.320,

171.389

■ 14, 34.320,
171.389

■ 4, 34.320, 171.389

■ 94, 34.320,
171.389

■ 94, 34.320,
171.389

■ 93, 42.265,
170.527

■ 95, 25.021,
172.939

■ 92, 49.824,
169.128

■ 97, 15.667,
174.002

■ 91, 56.479,
167.566

■ 99, 6.036, 175.032

■ 90, 62.138,
165.816

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 90, 66.783,
163.861

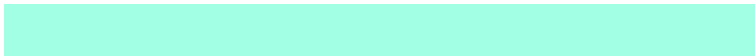
■ 89, 70.498,
161.706

■ 89, 71.766,
160.868

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



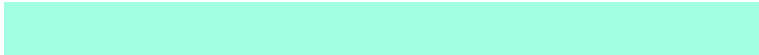
94, 34.320, 171.389



77, 37.762, 359.788

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94, 34.320, 171.389



94, 34.320, 221.389



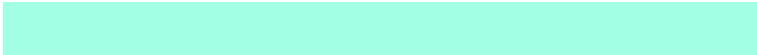
94, 34.320, 351.389



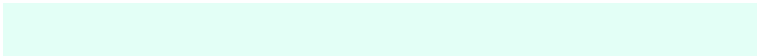
94, 34.320, 41.389

Sweetspot

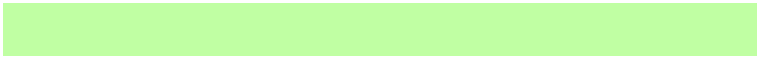
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 33.942, 171.789



98, 10.693, 174.532



94, 52.204, 133.431



52, 7.177, 174.394



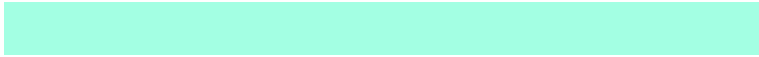
0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

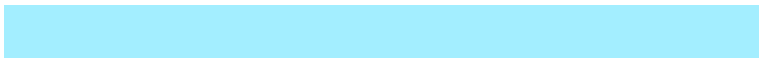
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 33.942, 171.789



93, 39.684, 170.943



90, 24.613, 219.139



52, 5.533, 174.685



69, 57.418, 161.282



23, 25.208, 164.299

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 37.762, 359.788



73, 45.065, 0.943



80, 32.040, 37.755



50, 5.685, 356.361



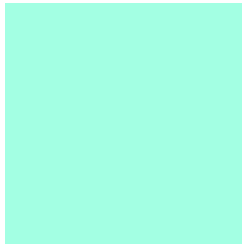
40, 70.464, 20.669



10, 31.435, 12.288

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 94, 34.320, 171.389 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

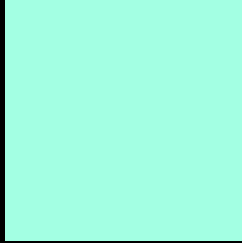
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 94, 34.320, 171.389 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

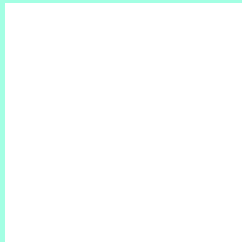
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 94, 34.320, 171.389

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 34.320, 171.389.

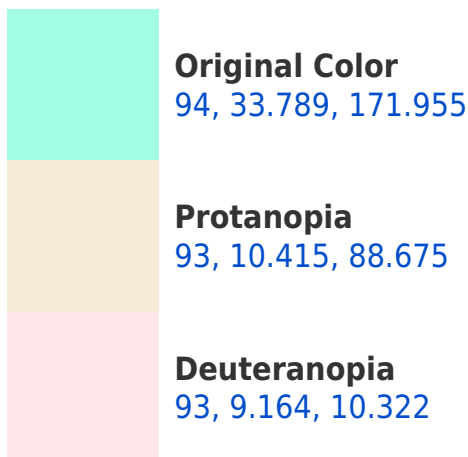


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 34.320, 171.389.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
94, 14.124, 224.794

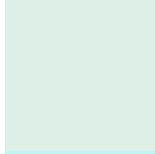
Trichromacy



Original Color
94, 33.789, 171.955



Protanomaly
93, 14.954, 149.306



Deuteranomaly
93, 7.612, 166.167

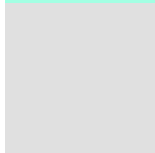


Tritanomaly
93, 19.213, 195.104

Monochromacy



Original Color
94, 33.789, 171.955



Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
91, 12.717, 174.471

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 94, 34.320, 171.389 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 255, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 255, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 255, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 255, 227) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 94, 34.320, 171.389 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 255, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 255, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 255, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 255, 227); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 255, 227); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 255, 227) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 94, 34.320, 171.389 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 255, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
255, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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