

Converting Colors

CIELCh(94, 35.862, 168.449)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(94, 35.862, 168.449)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(94, 35.181, 169.214)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3FFE0
RGB	163, 255, 224
RGB Percent	64%, 100%, 88%
CMY	0.3611, 0.0000, 0.1219
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.12, 0.00
HSL	160°, 100%, 82%
HSV	160°, 36%, 100%
XYZ	64.5859, 85.2715, 83.5086
YIQ	223.9580, -44.8810, -29.1450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

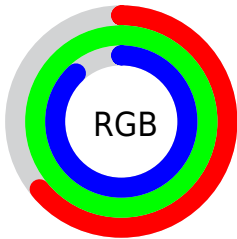
Format	Color
RYB	163, 218, 255
Decimal	10747872
CIELab	94.00, -34.56, 6.58
CIELCh	94, 35.181, 169.214
Yxy	85.2715, 0.2768, 0.3654
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288937952 (0xFFA3FFE0)
YUV	223.9580, 0.0207, -53.4602
Hunter-Lab	92.3426, -36.7538, 11.0218

Details

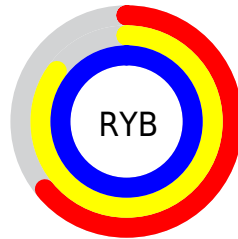
The CIELCh color **94, 35.181, 169.214** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **77, 38.108, 357.592**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 11.478, 198.739**, and **74, 34.673, 169.803** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 43.301, 168.405**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 25.501, 170.844**.

Distribution



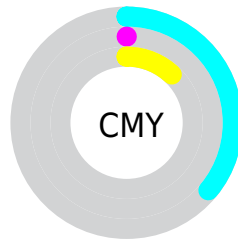
- Red (64%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 94, 35.181, 169.214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 94, 35.181, 169.214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 94, 35.181,
169.214


 94, 35.181,
169.214

 100, 35.181,
169.214


 84, 35.181,
169.214

 74, 35.181,
169.214

 64, 35.181,
169.214

 54, 35.181,
169.214

 44, 35.181,
169.214

 34, 35.181,
169.214

 24, 35.181,

169.214

■ 14, 35.181,
169.214

■ 4, 35.181, 169.214

■ 94, 35.181,
169.214

■ 94, 35.181,
169.214

■ 92, 43.301,
168.405

■ 95, 25.501,
170.844

■ 91, 51.174,
166.981

■ 97, 15.911,
171.910

■ 91, 58.160,
165.384

■ 99, 6.072, 172.937

■ 90, 64.161,
163.593

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 89, 69.153,
161.591

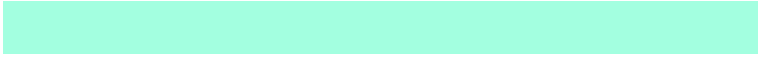
■ 89, 73.213,
159.386

■ 89, 74.638,
158.513

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



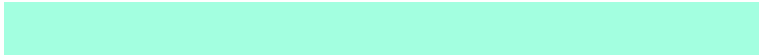
94, 35.181, 169.214



77, 38.108, 357.592

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94, 35.181, 169.214



94, 35.181, 219.214



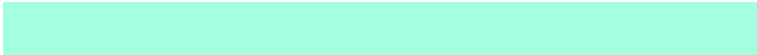
94, 35.181, 349.214



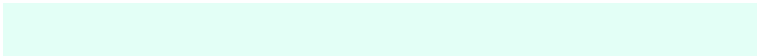
94, 35.181, 39.214

Sweetspot

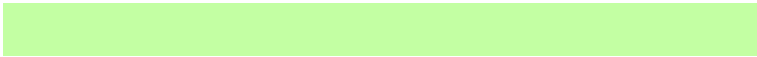
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 34.687, 169.684



98, 10.901, 172.432



94, 51.580, 132.401



52, 7.319, 172.294



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

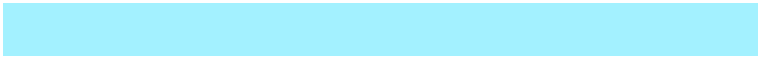
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 34.687, 169.684



93, 40.690, 168.818



91, 25.038, 214.727



52, 5.639, 172.584



69, 59.685, 158.936



23, 26.100, 162.035

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 38.108, 357.592



73, 45.508, 358.723



79, 32.687, 34.684



50, 5.778, 354.252



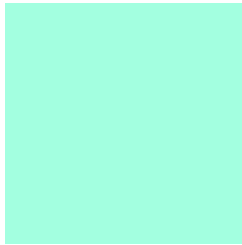
40, 69.540, 17.790



10, 31.336, 9.972

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 94, 35.181, 169.214 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

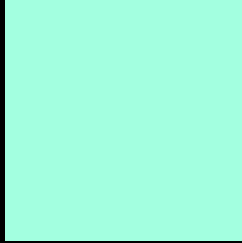
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 94, 35.181, 169.214 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 94, 35.181, 169.214

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 35.181, 169.214.

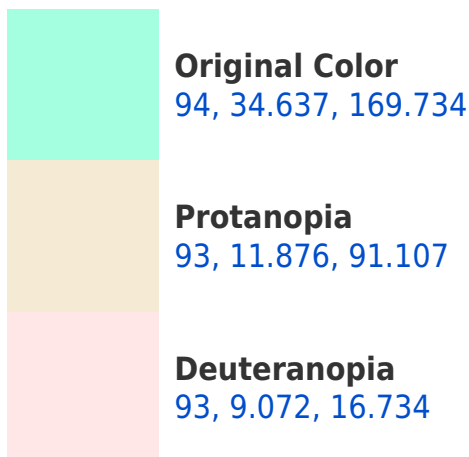


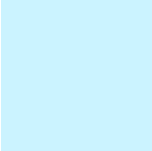
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 35.181, 169.214.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
93, 14.405, 224.233

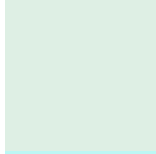
Trichromacy



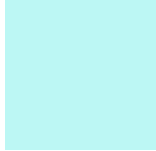
Original Color
94, 34.637, 169.734



Protanomaly
93, 16.182, 145.830

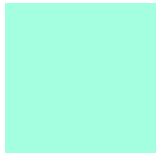


Deuteranomaly
93, 8.324, 156.037

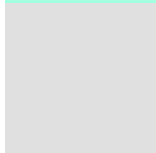


Tritanomaly
93, 19.602, 193.617

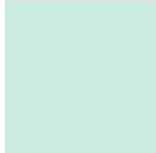
Monochromacy



Original Color
94, 34.637, 169.734



Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
90, 12.963, 172.415

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 94, 35.181, 169.214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 255, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 255, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 255, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 255, 224) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 94, 35.181, 169.214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

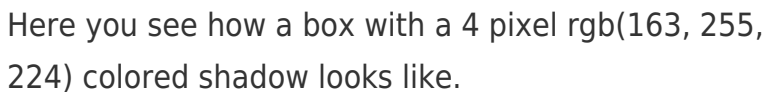
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 255, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 255, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 255, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 255, 224); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 255, 224); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 255, 224) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 94, 35.181, 169.214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 255, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
255, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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