

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(94, 46.202, 98.305)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(94, 46.202, 98.305) contains.

<b>CIELCh(94, 46.385, 98.503)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# **Color**

**CIELCh(94, 46.385, 98.503)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFEF94
RGB	255, 239, 148
RGB Percent	100%, 94%, 58%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0620, 0.4190
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.42, 0.00
HSL	51°, 100%, 79%
HSV	51°, 42%, 100%
XYZ	77.5815, 85.2715, 40.4544
YIQ	233.4100, 38.7470, -24.9090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

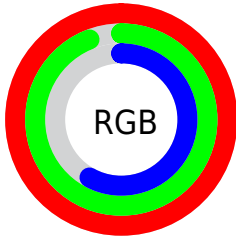
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	167, 255, 148
Decimal	16773012
CIE Lab	94.00, -6.86, 45.88
CIE LCh	94, 46.385, 98.503
Yxy	85.2715, 0.3816, 0.4194
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963092 (0xFFFFEF94)
YUV	233.4100, -42.1071, 18.9344
Hunter-Lab	92.3426, -11.6330, 38.6654

# Details

The CIELCh color **94, 46.385, 98.503** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **70, 49.919, 289.755**, and the grayscale version is **93, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 26.235, 108.186**, and **74, 46.546, 98.187** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 56.941, 97.435**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 35.445, 99.757**.

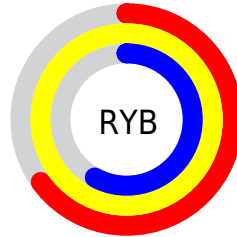
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (94%)

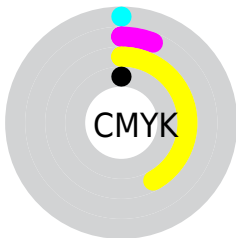
Blue (58%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (58%)

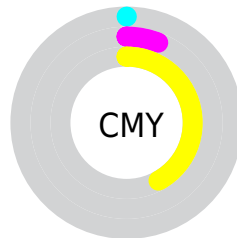


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (42%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 94, 46.385, 98.503 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 94, 46.385, 98.503 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 94, 46.385, 98.503

 94, 46.385, 98.503

 100, 46.385,  
98.503

 84, 46.385, 98.503

 74, 46.385, 98.503

 64, 46.385, 98.503

 54, 46.385, 98.503

 44, 46.385, 98.503

 34, 46.385, 98.503

 24, 46.385, 98.503

 14, 46.385, 98.503

 4, 46.385, 98.503

94, 46.385, 98.503

94, 46.385, 98.503

93, 56.941, 97.435

95, 35.445, 99.757

92, 66.811, 96.287

97, 24.351,  
100.907

90, 75.467, 95.159

98, 13.210,  
102.033

89, 82.193, 94.049

100, 2.091,  
103.073

88, 86.248, 92.932

87, 87.586, 91.999

100, 0.012,  
296.813

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 46.385, 98.503



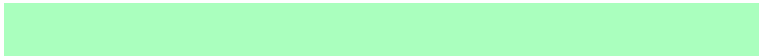
70, 49.919, 289.755

# Rectangle

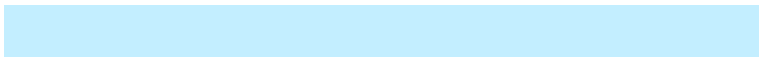
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94, 46.385, 98.503



94, 46.385, 148.503



94, 46.385, 278.503



94, 46.385, 328.503

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



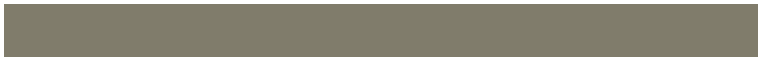
94, 46.375, 98.596



98, 14.440, 101.911



73, 42.836, 12.434



52, 10.109, 101.664



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

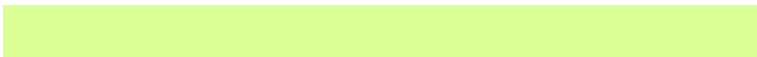
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 46.375, 98.596



93, 54.979, 97.655



95, 55.107, 121.402



53, 6.309, 102.297



67, 70.648, 92.209



23, 31.656, 93.773





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 49.919, 289.755



64, 60.491, 291.542



69, 59.911, 306.459



49, 6.405, 284.469



26, 99.302, 303.980



5, 39.414, 298.934



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 94, 46.385, 98.503 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

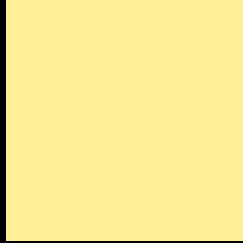
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 94, 46.385, 98.503 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 94, 46.385, 98.503

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 46.385, 98.503.

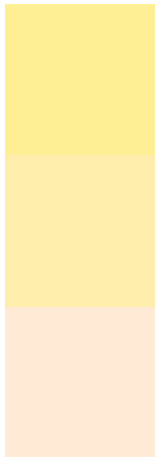


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 46.385, 98.503.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


94, 46.385, 98.503

### Protanopia

94, 34.777, 96.347

### Deuteranopia

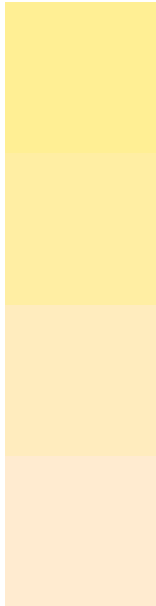
94, 12.909, 72.090



**Tritanopia**  
94, 9.699, 348.074



# Trichromacy



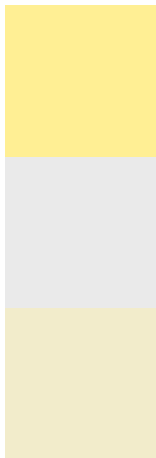
**Original Color**  
94, 46.385, 98.503

**Protanomaly**  
94, 38.708, 97.072

**Deuteranomaly**  
94, 24.676, 91.047

**Tritanomaly**  
94, 15.766, 80.621

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
94, 46.385, 98.503

**Achromatopsia**  
93, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
93, 17.067, 101.247

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 94, 46.385, 98.503 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 239, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 239, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 239, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 239, 148) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 94, 46.385, 98.503 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 239, 148) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 239, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 239, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 239, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 239, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 239,  
148) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 94, 46.385, 98.503 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 239, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
239, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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