

Converting Colors

CIELCh(94, 5.043, 35.470)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(94, 5.043, 35.470) contains.

CIELCh(94, 4.914, 37.816)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(94, 4.914, 37.816)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F8EBE8
RGB	248, 235, 232
RGB Percent	97%, 92%, 91%
CMY	0.0271, 0.0781, 0.0898
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.06, 0.03
HSL	11°, 54%, 94%
HSV	11°, 6%, 97%
XYZ	83.0551, 85.2715, 88.4912
YIQ	238.5450, 8.7110, 1.8230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

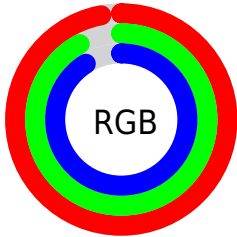
Format	Color
R _Y B	248, 236, 232
Decimal	16313320
CIE Lab	94.00, 3.88, 3.01
CIE LCh	94, 4.914, 37.816
Yxy	85.2715, 0.3234, 0.3320
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294503400 (0xFFFF8EBE8)
YUV	238.5450, -3.2267, 8.2920
Hunter-Lab	92.3426, -1.0524, 7.8227

Details

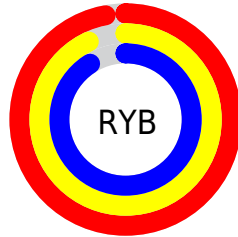
The CIELCh color **94, 4.914, 37.816** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **96, 4.721, 218.338**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **74, 5.194, 37.826** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 13.064, 37.862**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 2.394, 199.530**.

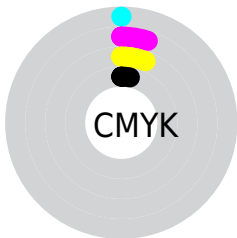
Distribution



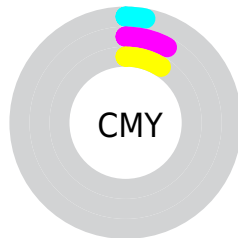
- Red (97%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 94, 4.914, 37.816 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 94, 4.914, 37.816 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 94, 4.914, 37.816

 94, 4.914, 37.816

 100, 4.914, 37.816

 84, 4.914, 37.816

 74, 4.914, 37.816

 64, 4.914, 37.816

 54, 4.914, 37.816

 44, 4.914, 37.816

 34, 4.914, 37.816

 24, 4.914, 37.816

 14, 4.914, 37.816

 4, 4.914, 37.816

94, 4.914, 37.816

94, 4.914, 37.816

88, 13.064, 37.862

100, 2.394,
199.530

83, 21.911, 37.944

78, 31.497, 38.181

73, 41.829, 38.621

68, 52.855, 39.305

64, 64.415, 40.244

60, 76.139, 41.370

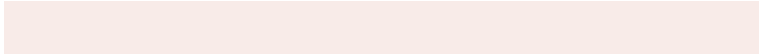
57, 87.189, 42.411

55, 95.808, 42.696

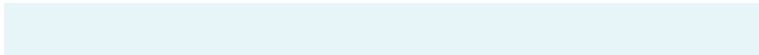
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



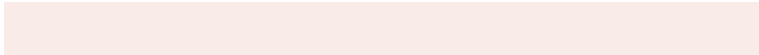
94, 4.914, 37.816



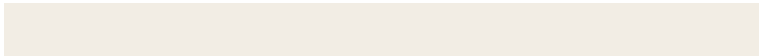
96, 4.721, 218.338

Rectangle

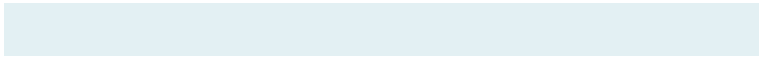
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



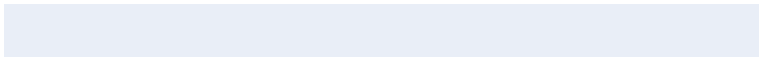
94, 4.914, 37.816



94, 4.914, 87.816



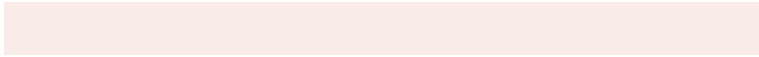
94, 4.914, 217.816



94, 4.914, 267.816

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 4.913, 37.846



99, 1.528, 37.610



94, 8.832, 330.309



53, 0.868, 37.589



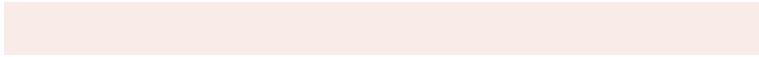
0, 0.000, 0.000



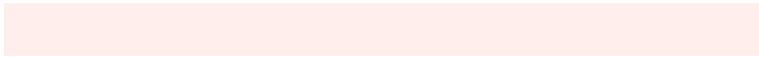
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 4.913, 37.846



95, 6.272, 37.855



96, 5.857, 91.594



49, 4.411, 37.858



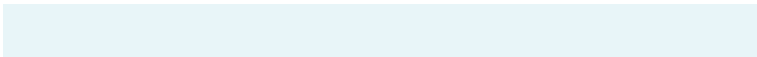
41, 79.570, 43.103



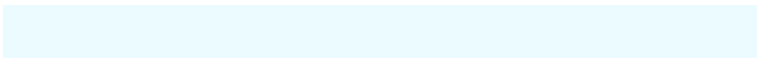
11, 28.911, 35.834

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96, 4.721, 218.338



98, 5.964, 218.353



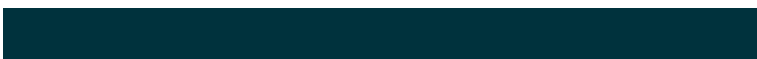
94, 5.874, 273.302



51, 4.153, 218.378



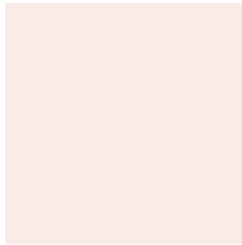
59, 34.863, 232.954



18, 15.708, 227.775

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 94, 4.914, 37.816 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

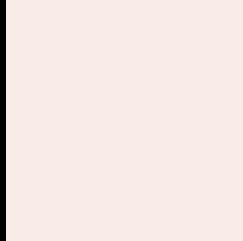
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 94, 4.914, 37.816 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

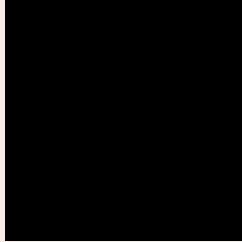
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

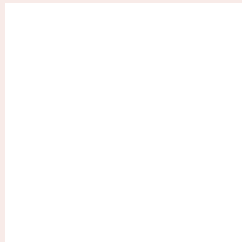
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 94, 4.914, 37.816

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 4.914, 37.816.

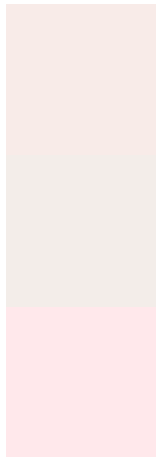


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 4.914, 37.816.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

94, 4.914, 37.816

Protanopia

94, 2.952, 63.302

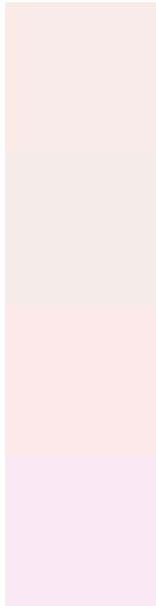
Deuteranopia

94, 8.429, 9.416



Tritanopia
94, 11.891, 324.834

Trichromacy



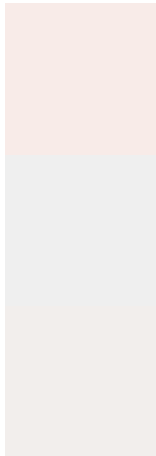
Original Color
94, 4.914, 37.816

Protanomaly
94, 3.560, 45.030

Deuteranomaly
94, 6.859, 15.504

Tritanomaly
94, 8.300, 336.948

Monochromacy



Original Color
94, 4.914, 37.816

Achromatopsia
94, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
94, 1.741, 55.177

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 94, 4.914, 37.816 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 235, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 235, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 235, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 235, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 94, 4.914, 37.816 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 235, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 235, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 235, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 235, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 235, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 235,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 94, 4.914, 37.816 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 235, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
235, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor