

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(94, 5.593, 203.636)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(94, 5.593, 203.636) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(94, 5.561, 204.477)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1F1F2
RGB	225, 241, 242
RGB Percent	88%, 95%, 95%
CMY	0.1179, 0.0552, 0.0513
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	184°, 39%, 92%
HSV	184°, 7%, 95%
XYZ	78.4802, 85.2715, 96.2714
YIQ	236.3300, -9.8570, -3.0810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

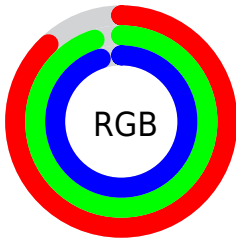
Format	Color
R _Y B	225, 233, 242
Decimal	14807538
CIE Lab	94.00, -5.06, -2.30
CIE LCh	94, 5.561, 204.477
Yxy	85.2715, 0.3018, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292997618 (0xFFE1F1F2)
YUV	236.3300, 2.7953, -9.9364
Hunter-Lab	92.3426, -9.8958, 2.8273

Details

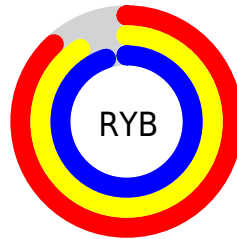
The CIELCh color `94, 5.561, 204.477` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `91, 5.819, 24.770`, and the grayscale version is `93, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `74, 5.460, 204.769` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `92, 13.105, 204.096`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `96, 2.408, 24.429`.

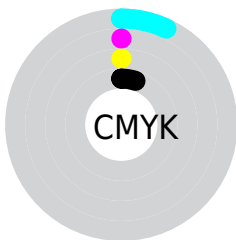
Distribution



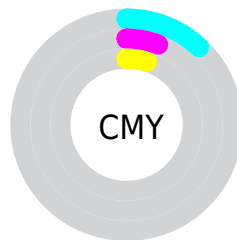
- Red (88%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 94, 5.561, 204.477 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 94, 5.561, 204.477 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 94, 5.561, 204.477

■ 94, 5.561, 204.477

■ 100, 5.561,
204.477

■ 84, 5.561, 204.477

■ 74, 5.561, 204.477

■ 64, 5.561, 204.477

■ 54, 5.561, 204.477

■ 44, 5.561, 204.477

■ 34, 5.561, 204.477

■ 24, 5.561, 204.477

■ 14, 5.561, 204.477

■ 4, 5.561, 204.477

94, 5.561, 204.477

94, 5.561, 204.477

92, 13.105,
204.096

96, 2.408, 24.429

90, 20.097,
203.863

97, 4.099, 32.721

89, 26.405,
203.736

97, 3.853, 44.937

87, 31.897,
203.727

98, 3.801, 58.116

86, 36.458,
203.856

98, 3.950, 70.951

85, 40.000,
204.144

98, 4.279, 82.316

84, 42.486,
204.610

99, 4.750, 91.734

83, 43.945,
205.273

99, 5.324, 99.277

99, 5.972, 105.256

■ 83, 44.493,
206.139

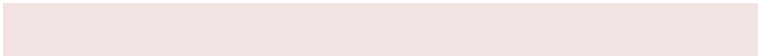
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 5.561, 204.477



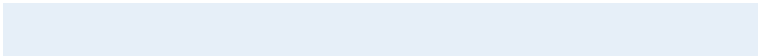
91, 5.819, 24.770

Rectangle

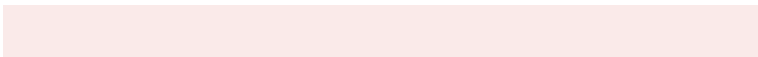
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



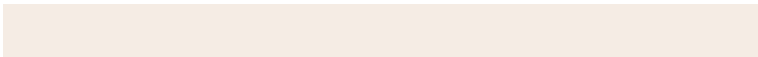
94, 5.561, 204.477



94, 5.561, 254.477



94, 5.561, 24.477



94, 5.561, 74.477

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 5.562, 204.456



100, 1.672, 204.912



94, 10.330, 145.423



53, 0.951, 204.936



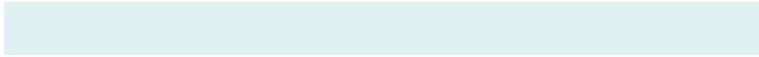
0, 0.000, 0.000



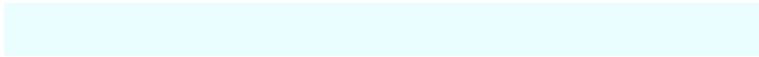
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

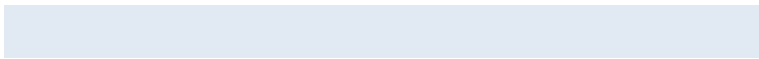
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 5.562, 204.456



98, 6.592, 204.410



92, 5.476, 261.626



49, 4.436, 204.349



64, 36.275, 206.232



19, 15.985, 204.762

Inverse Universe

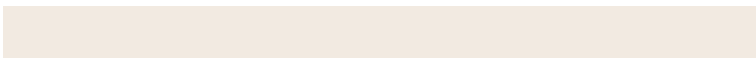
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 10.291, 326.420



95, 12.234, 326.481



93, 5.528, 79.679



47, 8.271, 326.567



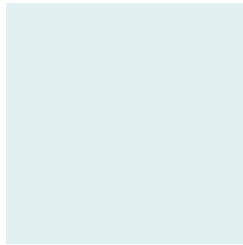
43, 86.243, 330.708



10, 37.890, 330.345

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 94, 5.561, 204.477 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

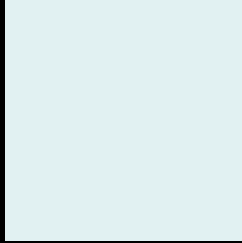
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIElCh color 94, 5.561, 204.477 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

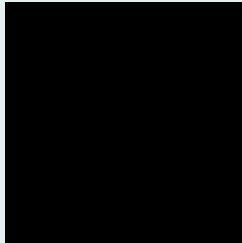
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

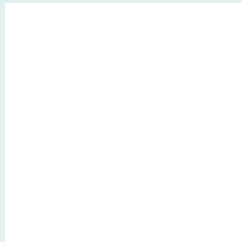
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 94, 5.561, 204.477

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 5.561, 204.477.

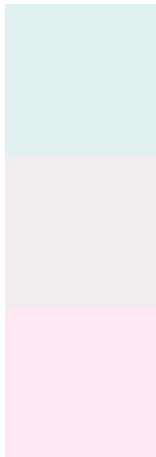


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 5.561, 204.477.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

94, 5.561, 204.477

Protanopia

94, 2.370, 338.607

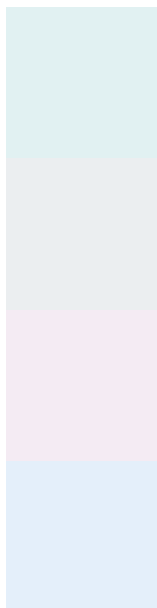
Deuteranopia

94, 10.565, 344.400



Tritanopia
94, 9.217, 271.480

Trichromacy



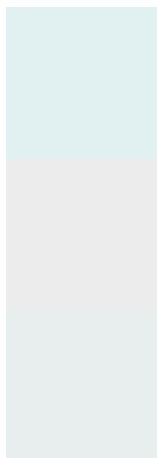
Original Color
94, 5.561, 204.477

Protanomaly
94, 1.468, 244.457

Deuteranomaly
94, 5.235, 327.764

Tritanomaly
94, 6.743, 256.632

Monochromacy



Original Color
94, 5.561, 204.477

Achromatopsia
93, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
94, 2.108, 199.563

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 94, 5.561, 204.477 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 241, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 241, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 241, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 241, 242) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 94, 5.561, 204.477 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 241, 242) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 241, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 241, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 241, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 241, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 241,  
242) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 94, 5.561, 204.477 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 241, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
241, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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