

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(94, 61.008, 75.827)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(94, 61.008, 75.827) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(90, 53.700, 92.355)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE17A
RGB	255, 225, 122
RGB Percent	100%, 88%, 48%
CMY	0.0012, 0.1187, 0.5226
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.52, 0.00
HSL	46°, 100%, 74%
HSV	46°, 52%, 100%
XYZ	71.4784, 76.3034, 29.2879
YIQ	222.2280, 50.9430, -25.6730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

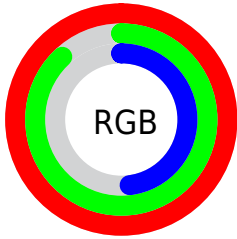
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	161, 255, 122
Decimal	16769402
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	90.00, -2.21, 53.65
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	90, 53.700, 92.355
Y <sub>xy</sub>	76.3034, 0.4037, 0.4309
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959482 (0xFFFFE17A)
YUV	222.2280, -49.4124, 28.7410
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -6.8024, 41.2671

# Details

The CIELCh color **90, 53.700, 92.355** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **65, 57.354, 288.041**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 39.607, 107.155**, and **70, 53.508, 92.245** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 63.298, 91.034**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 43.583, 93.657**.

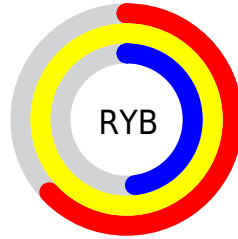
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (88%)

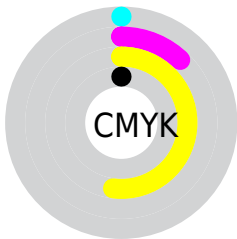
Blue (48%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (48%)

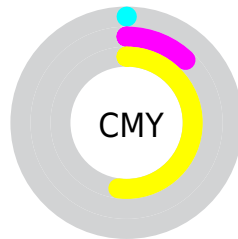


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (52%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 53.700, 92.355 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 53.700, 92.355 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



90, 53.700, 92.355

90, 53.700, 92.355

100, 53.700,  
92.355

80, 53.700, 92.355

70, 53.700, 92.355

60, 53.700, 92.355

50, 53.700, 92.355

40, 53.700, 92.355

30, 53.700, 92.355

20, 53.700, 92.355

10, 53.700, 92.355

0, 53.700, 92.355

90, 53.700, 92.355

90, 53.700, 92.355

88, 63.298, 91.034

92, 43.583, 93.657

87, 71.877, 89.669

94, 33.242, 94.932

85, 78.698, 88.225

95, 22.850, 96.178

84, 82.913, 86.626

97, 12.498, 97.386

83, 84.339, 85.234

99, 2.235, 98.487

100, 0.102,  
205.888

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 53.700, 92.355



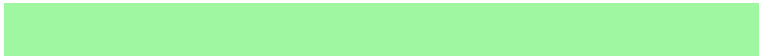
65, 57.354, 288.041

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 53.700, 92.355



90, 53.700, 142.355



90, 53.700, 272.355



90, 53.700, 322.355

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 53.701, 92.358



97, 16.435, 96.933



68, 54.057, 8.301



51, 11.107, 96.684



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 53.701, 92.358



88, 64.087, 90.927



95, 66.501, 117.449



52, 5.819, 97.703



64, 68.090, 85.584



21, 29.934, 87.858





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 57.354, 288.041



58, 70.531, 290.976



60, 75.274, 304.918



50, 5.875, 280.024



28, 91.785, 301.625



6, 36.673, 296.797



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 53.700, 92.355 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

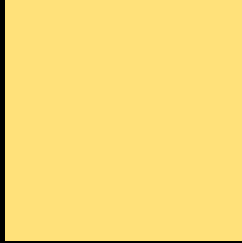
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 53.700, 92.355 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 90, 53.700, 92.355

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 53.700, 92.355.

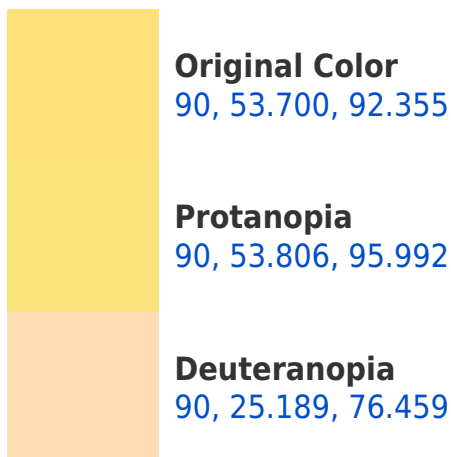


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 53.700, 92.355.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

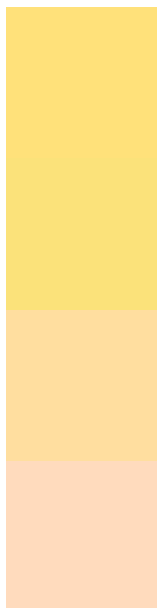




**Tritanopia**  
90, 15.476, 356.922



# Trichromacy



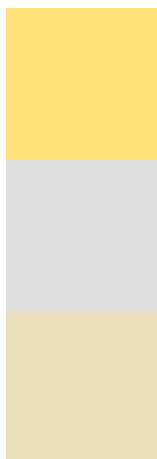
**Original Color**  
90, 53.700, 92.355

**Protanomaly**  
90, 53.629, 94.613

**Deuteranomaly**  
90, 35.235, 85.306

**Tritanomaly**  
90, 21.004, 67.304

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
90, 53.700, 92.355

**Achromatopsia**  
88, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
89, 19.620, 96.151

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 53.700, 92.355 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 225, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 225, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 225, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 225, 122) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 53.700, 92.355 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 225, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 225, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 225, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 225, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 225, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 225,  
122) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 53.700, 92.355 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 225, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
225, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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