

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(94, 7.969, 0.749)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(94, 7.969, 0.749) contains.

<b>CIELCh(94, 7.961, 1.105)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# **Color**

**CIELCh(94, 7.961, 1.105)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEE9EE
RGB	254, 233, 238
RGB Percent	100%, 91%, 93%
CMY	0.0051, 0.0875, 0.0679
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.06, 0.01
HSL	346°, 89%, 95%
HSV	346°, 8%, 99%
XYZ	85.1987, 85.2715, 92.6209
YIQ	239.8490, 10.9110, 6.0070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

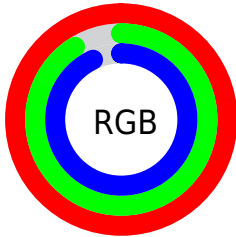
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	254, 233, 238
Decimal	16706030
CIE Lab	94.00, 7.96, 0.15
CIE LCh	94, 7.961, 1.105
Yxy	85.2715, 0.3238, 0.3241
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294896110 (0xFFFE9EE)
YUV	239.8490, -0.9116, 12.4104
Hunter-Lab	92.3426, 3.0912, 5.1711

# Details

The CIELCh color  $94, 7.961, 1.105$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $98, 7.726, 179.720$ , and the grayscale version is  $95, 0.011, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100, 0.012, 296.813$ , and  $74, 8.027, 0.425$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $87, 17.997, 2.251$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $100, 0.455, 200.832$ .

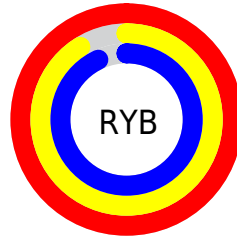
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (91%)

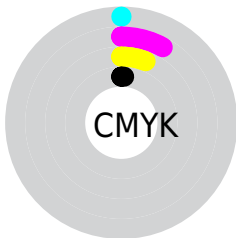
Blue (93%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (93%)

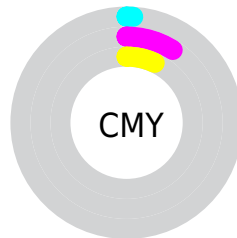


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 94, 7.961, 1.105 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 94, 7.961, 1.105 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 94, 7.961, 1.105

 94, 7.961, 1.105

 100, 7.961, 1.105

 84, 7.961, 1.105

 74, 7.961, 1.105

 64, 7.961, 1.105

 54, 7.961, 1.105

 44, 7.961, 1.105

 34, 7.961, 1.105

 24, 7.961, 1.105

 14, 7.961, 1.105

 4, 7.961, 1.105

94, 7.961, 1.105

94, 7.961, 1.105

87, 17.997, 2.251

100, 0.455,  
200.832

81, 28.433, 3.558

75, 39.115, 5.129

69, 49.787, 7.062

64, 60.079, 9.486

60, 69.539, 12.562

57, 77.762, 16.453

55, 84.578, 21.242

53, 90.237, 26.741

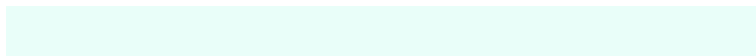
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



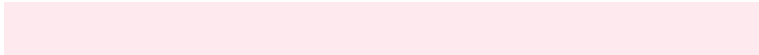
94, 7.961, 1.105



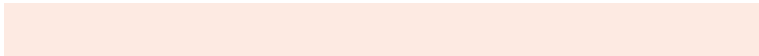
98, 7.726, 179.720

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



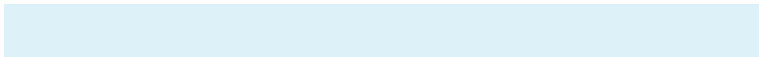
94, 7.961, 1.105



94, 7.961, 51.105



94, 7.961, 181.105



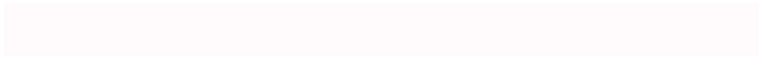
94, 7.961, 231.105

# Sweetspot

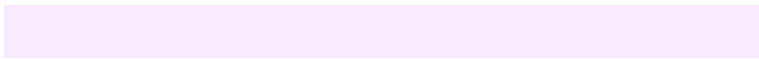
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 7.959, 1.116



99, 1.905, 0.272



94, 12.184, 317.631



53, 1.083, 0.247



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

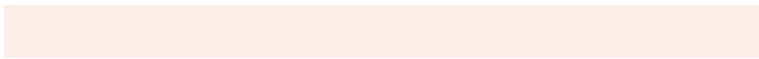
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 7.959, 1.116



93, 9.700, 1.306



95, 6.272, 44.961



50, 5.508, 1.252



40, 73.154, 26.620



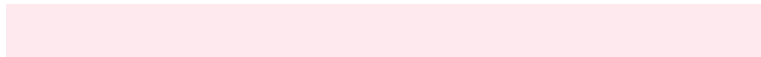
10, 31.766, 16.695





# Inverse Universe

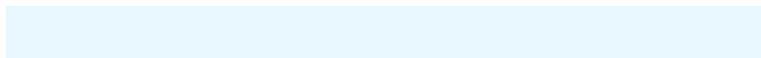
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 7.959, 1.116



93, 9.700, 1.306



97, 5.975, 225.951



50, 5.508, 1.252



40, 73.154, 26.620

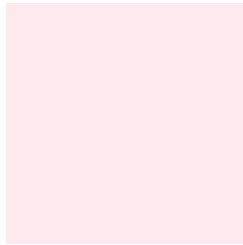


10, 31.766, 16.695



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 94, 7.961, 1.105 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

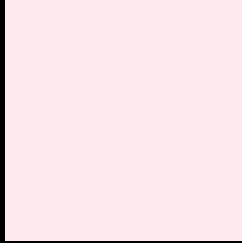
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 94, 7.961, 1.105 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

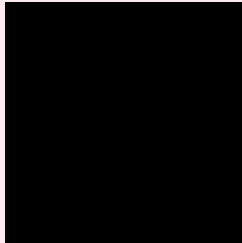
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

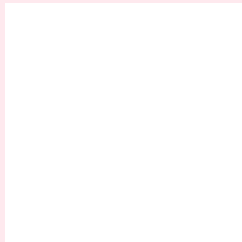
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 94, 7.961, 1.105**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 7.961, 1.105.

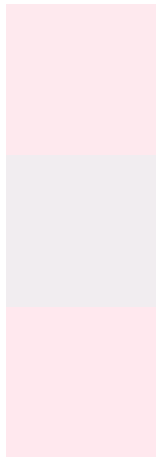


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 7.961, 1.105.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

94, 7.961, 1.105

### Protanopia

94, 2.114, 332.271

### Deuteranopia

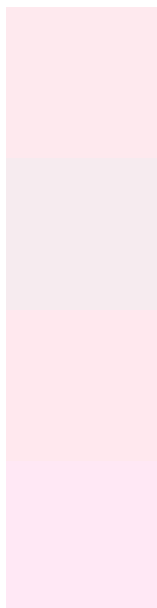
94, 8.815, 359.530



**Tritanopia**  
94, 12.592, 332.927



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

94, 7.961, 1.105

## Protanomaly

94, 4.440, 351.992

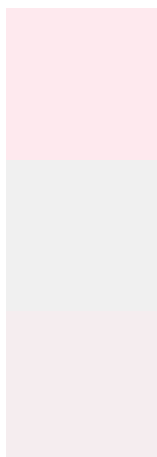
## Deuteranomaly

94, 8.815, 359.530

## Tritanomaly

94, 10.581, 340.967

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

94, 7.961, 1.105

## Achromatopsia

95, 0.011, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

94, 3.035, 359.630

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 94, 7.961, 1.105 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 233, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 233, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 233, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 233, 238) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 94, 7.961, 1.105 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 233, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 233, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 233, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 233, 238); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 233, 238); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 233, 238) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 94, 7.961, 1.105 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 233, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
233, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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