

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(94, 70.307, 51.311)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(94, 70.307, 51.311) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(85, 42.344, 75.461)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFCB87
RGB	255, 203, 135
RGB Percent	100%, 80%, 53%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2034, 0.4704
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.47, 0.00
HSL	34°, 100%, 76%
HSV	34°, 47%, 100%
XYZ	67.4465, 66.0070, 32.1287
YIQ	210.7960, 52.8200, -10.1240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

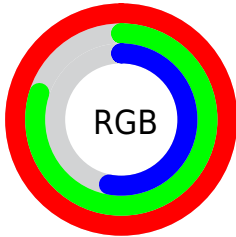
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	227, 255, 135
Decimal	16763783
CIE Lab	85.00, 10.63, 40.99
CIE LCh	85, 42.344, 75.461
Yxy	66.0070, 0.4073, 0.3986
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294953863 (0xFFFFCB87)
YUV	210.7960, -37.3674, 38.7669
Hunter-Lab	81.2447, 6.0062, 33.4247

# Details

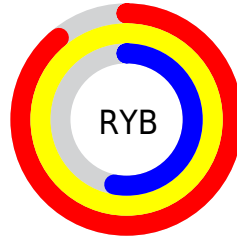
The CIELCh color **85, 42.344, 75.461** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **75, 38.867, 271.223**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 33.205, 107.650**, and **65, 42.009, 75.902** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 51.689, 74.592**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 32.578, 77.438**.

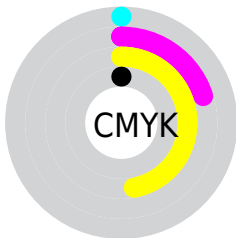
# Distribution



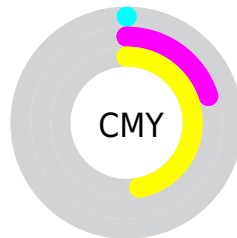
- Red (100%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 42.344, 75.461 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 42.344, 75.461 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 85, 42.344, 75.461

 85, 42.344, 75.461

 100, 42.344,  
75.461

 75, 42.344, 75.461

 65, 42.344, 75.461

 55, 42.344, 75.461

 45, 42.344, 75.461

 35, 42.344, 75.461

 25, 42.344, 75.461

 15, 42.344, 75.461

 5, 42.344, 75.461

 0, 42.344, 75.461

85, 42.344, 75.461

85, 42.344, 75.461

82, 51.689, 74.592

88, 32.578, 77.438

79, 61.217, 73.060

91, 23.364, 78.803

76, 70.136, 71.348

94, 14.457, 80.132

74, 77.567, 69.270

98, 5.860, 81.397

71, 82.410, 66.531

100, 0.012,  
296.813

70, 83.535, 65.655

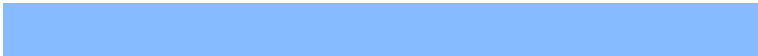
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 42.344, 75.461



75, 38.867, 271.223

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 42.344, 75.461



85, 42.344, 125.461



85, 42.344, 255.461



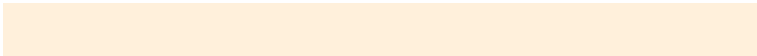
85, 42.344, 305.461

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



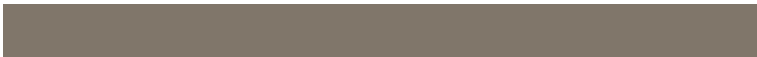
85, 42.058, 76.038



95, 11.815, 80.525



71, 51.625, 352.882



50, 8.189, 80.246



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 42.058, 76.038



82, 50.691, 74.745



97, 59.125, 108.766



51, 4.758, 81.095



54, 67.150, 66.329



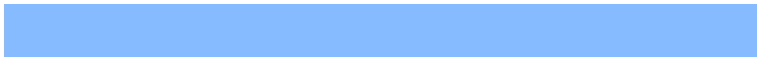
17, 27.166, 68.612





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 38.867, 271.223



70, 46.270, 273.822



62, 67.193, 298.735



50, 4.699, 263.686



38, 66.487, 290.110



10, 26.785, 284.114



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 42.344, 75.461 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

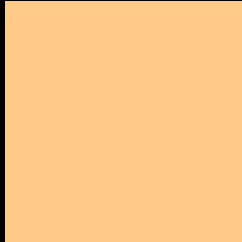
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 42.344, 75.461 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 85, 42.344, 75.461**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 42.344, 75.461.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 42.344, 75.461.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85, 42.064, 75.960

### Protanopia

85, 38.647, 95.249

### Deuteranopia

85, 41.164, 75.374



**Tritanopia**  
85, 22.506, 5.117



# Trichromacy



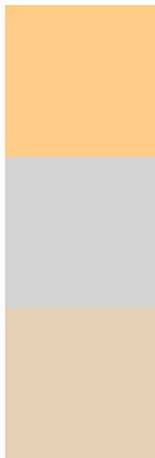
**Original Color**  
85, 42.064, 75.960

**Protanomaly**  
85, 39.188, 87.879

**Deuteranomaly**  
85, 41.613, 75.671

**Tritanomaly**  
85, 23.867, 42.591

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
85, 42.064, 75.960

**Achromatopsia**  
85, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
84, 15.037, 79.909

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 42.344, 75.461 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 203, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 203, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 203, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 203, 135) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 42.344, 75.461 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 203, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 203, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 203, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 203, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 203, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 203,  
135) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 42.344, 75.461 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 203, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
203, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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