

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(94, 8.593, 17.228)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(94, 8.593, 17.228) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(94, 8.324, 16.382)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE9EA
RGB	255, 233, 234
RGB Percent	100%, 91%, 92%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0882, 0.0843
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.08, 0.00
HSL	357°, 100%, 96%
HSV	357°, 9%, 100%
XYZ	85.2128, 85.2715, 89.4407
YIQ	239.6920, 12.7910, 4.9750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

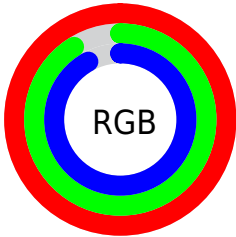
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 233, 234
Decimal	16771562
CIE Lab	94.00, 7.99, 2.35
CIE LCh	94, 8.324, 16.382
Yxy	85.2715, 0.3278, 0.3281
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294961642 (0xFFFFE9EA)
YUV	239.6920, -2.8062, 13.4251
Hunter-Lab	92.3426, 3.1184, 7.2130

# Details

The CIELCh color **94, 8.324, 16.382** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **98, 7.723, 195.223**, and the grayscale version is **95, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **74, 8.014, 16.177** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 18.003, 17.251**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.012, 296.813**.

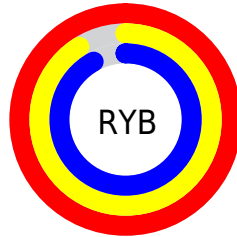
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (91%)

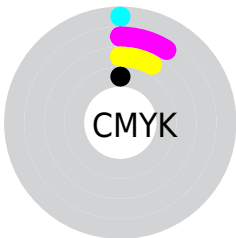
Blue (92%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (92%)

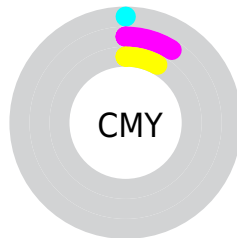


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)













Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 94, 8.324, 16.382 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 94, 8.324, 16.382 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 94, 8.324, 16.382	 94, 8.324, 16.382
 100, 8.324, 16.382	 84, 8.324, 16.382
	 74, 8.324, 16.382
	 64, 8.324, 16.382
	 54, 8.324, 16.382
	 44, 8.324, 16.382
	 34, 8.324, 16.382
	 24, 8.324, 16.382
	 14, 8.324, 16.382
	 4, 8.324, 16.382

94, 8.324, 16.382

94, 8.324, 16.382

87, 18.003, 17.251

100, 0.012,  
296.813

81, 28.564, 18.414

75, 39.741, 19.893

69, 51.370, 21.800

64, 63.169, 24.257

60, 74.760, 27.371

56, 85.693, 31.129

54, 95.321, 35.192

53, 102.294,  
38.551

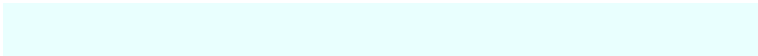
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 8.324, 16.382



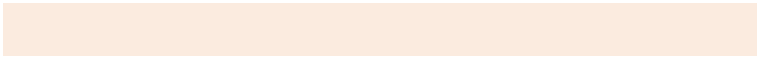
98, 7.723, 195.223

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



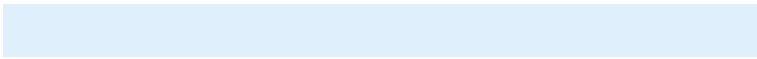
94, 8.324, 16.382



94, 8.324, 66.382



94, 8.324, 196.382



94, 8.324, 246.382

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 8.131, 16.299



98, 2.709, 15.695



94, 13.825, 323.536



52, 2.059, 15.804



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

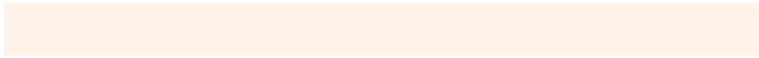
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 8.131, 16.299



92, 10.226, 16.496



96, 6.809, 68.733



49, 5.256, 16.361



40, 82.340, 38.311



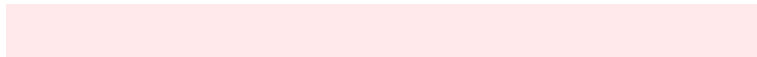
10, 33.008, 25.401



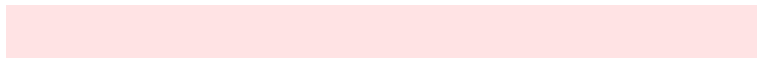


# Inverse Universe

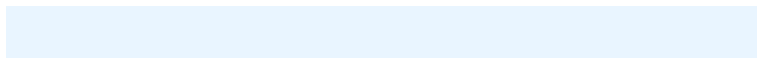
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 8.131, 16.299



92, 10.226, 16.496



96, 6.624, 250.977



49, 5.256, 16.361



40, 82.340, 38.311

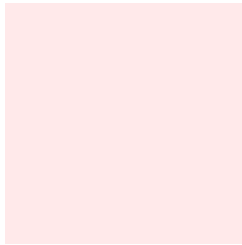


10, 33.008, 25.401



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 94, 8.324, 16.382 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

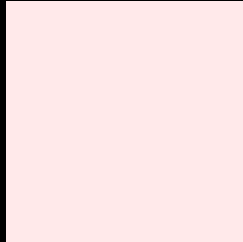
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 94, 8.324, 16.382 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

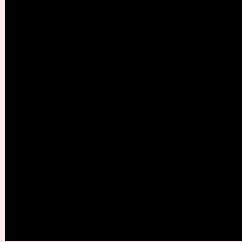
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

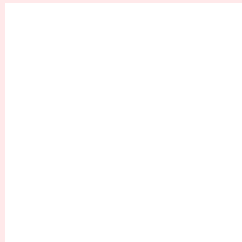
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 94, 8.324, 16.382**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 8.324, 16.382.

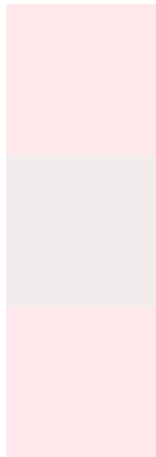


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 8.324, 16.382.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

94, 7.951, 16.187

### Protanopia

94, 1.845, 35.328

### Deuteranopia

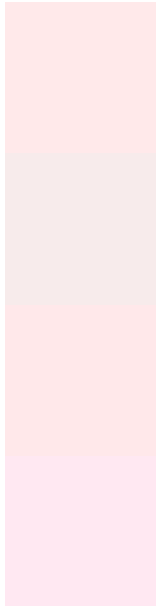
94, 8.429, 9.416



**Tritanopia**  
94, 11.865, 336.301



# Trichromacy



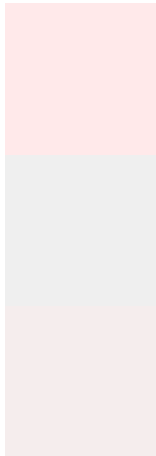
**Original Color**  
94, 7.951, 16.187

**Protanomaly**  
94, 4.295, 19.553

**Deuteranomaly**  
94, 8.360, 12.877

**Tritanomaly**  
94, 9.699, 348.074

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
94, 7.951, 16.187

**Achromatopsia**  
94, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
94, 2.850, 19.378

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 94, 8.324, 16.382 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 233, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 233, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 233, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 233, 234) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 94, 8.324, 16.382 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 233, 234) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 233, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 233, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 233, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 233, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 233,  
234) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 94, 8.324, 16.382 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 233, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
233, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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