

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(94, 8.821, 71.994)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(94, 8.821, 71.994) contains.

<b>CIELCh(94, 8.628, 70.083)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(94, 8.628, 70.083)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FAEBDE
RGB	250, 235, 222
RGB Percent	98%, 92%, 87%
CMY	0.0184, 0.0772, 0.1282
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.11, 0.02
HSL	28°, 75%, 93%
HSV	28°, 11%, 98%
XYZ	82.5647, 85.2715, 81.4349
YIQ	238.0030, 13.1130, -0.8630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

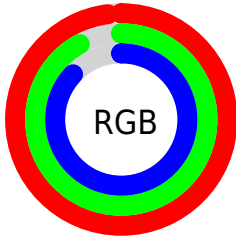
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	250, 246, 222
Decimal	16444382
CIE Lab	94.00, 2.94, 8.11
CIE LCh	94, 8.628, 70.083
Yxy	85.2715, 0.3312, 0.3421
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294634462 (0xFFFAEBDE)
YUV	238.0030, -7.8895, 10.5214
Hunter-Lab	92.3426, -2.0005, 12.3533

# Details

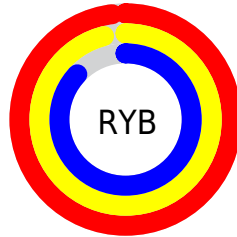
The CIELCh color **94, 8.628, 70.083** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **93, 8.341, 252.965**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **74, 8.446, 69.540** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 16.785, 68.938**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 0.886, 70.805**.

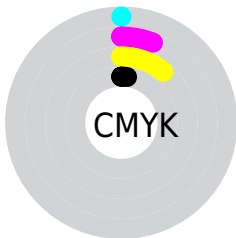
# Distribution



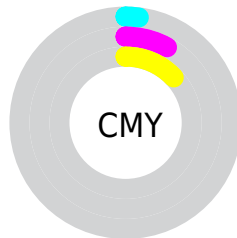
- Red (98%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (2%)



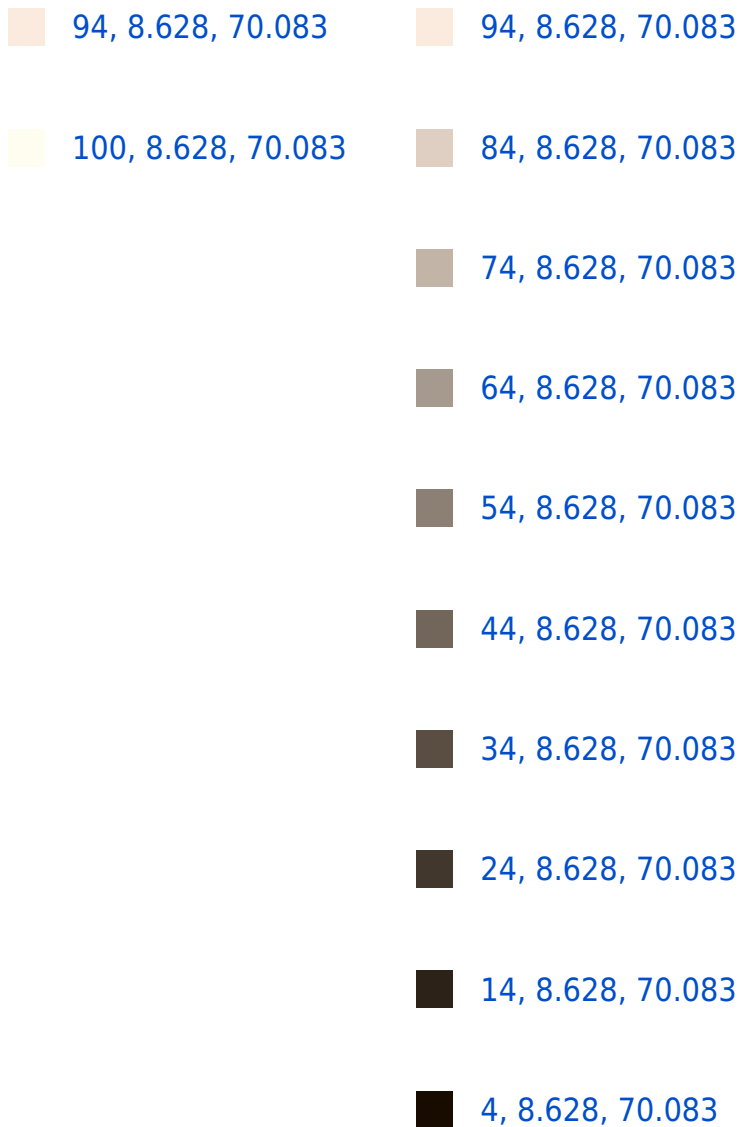
- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 94, 8.628, 70.083 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 94, 8.628, 70.083 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





94, 8.628, 70.083

94, 8.628, 70.083

90, 16.785, 68.938

98, 0.886, 70.805

86, 25.388, 67.756

100, 1.624,  
199.710

83, 34.454, 66.574

79, 43.956, 65.394

76, 53.789, 64.198

72, 63.687, 62.923

69, 73.072, 61.422

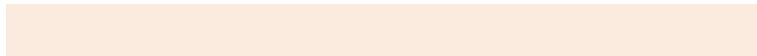
66, 80.888, 59.390

64, 85.803, 56.990

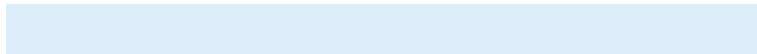
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 8.628, 70.083



93, 8.341, 252.965

# Rectangle

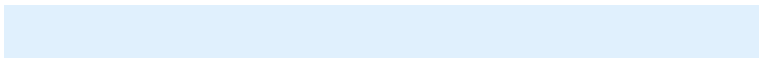
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94, 8.628, 70.083



94, 8.628, 120.083



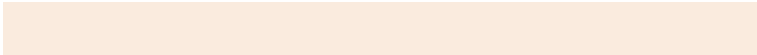
94, 8.628, 250.083



94, 8.628, 300.083

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 8.629, 70.102



99, 2.294, 70.914



91, 12.823, 341.922



52, 1.744, 70.864



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

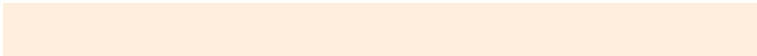


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 8.629, 70.102



95, 10.227, 69.893



97, 13.530, 106.968



50, 4.358, 70.292



49, 69.080, 57.697



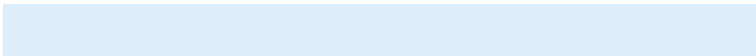
15, 25.894, 58.076



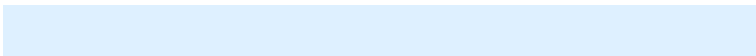


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 8.341, 252.965



94, 9.823, 253.221



90, 13.850, 289.334



50, 4.238, 252.739



43, 53.666, 280.427

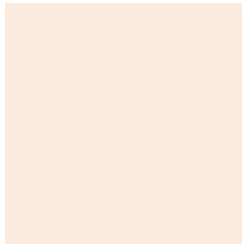


12, 21.541, 273.240



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 94, 8.628, 70.083 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

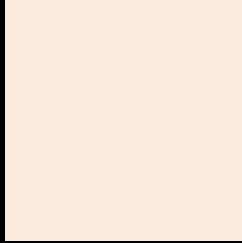
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 94, 8.628, 70.083 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

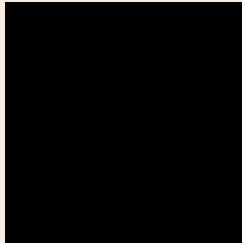
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

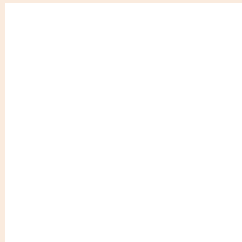
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 94, 8.628, 70.083

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 8.628, 70.083.

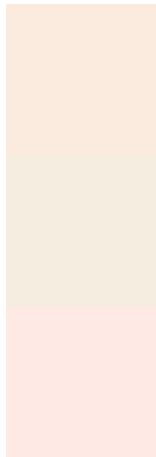


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 8.628, 70.083.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

94, 8.628, 70.083

### Protanopia

94, 7.731, 87.452

### Deuteranopia

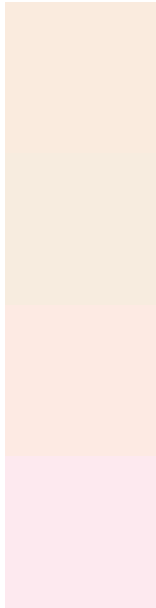
94, 8.250, 34.222



**Tritanopia**  
94, 12.357, 331.690



# Trichromacy



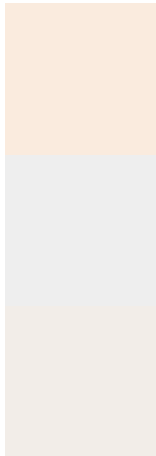
**Original Color**  
94, 8.628, 70.083

**Protanomaly**  
94, 7.766, 78.516

**Deuteranomaly**  
94, 7.785, 47.154

**Tritanomaly**  
94, 7.802, 356.640

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
94, 8.628, 70.083

**Achromatopsia**  
94, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
94, 3.109, 74.781

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 94, 8.628, 70.083 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 235, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 235, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 235, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 235, 222) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 94, 8.628, 70.083 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 235, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 235, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 235, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 235, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 235, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 235,  
222) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 94, 8.628, 70.083 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 235, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
235, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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