

Converting Colors

CIELCh(94, 9.496, 176.223)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(94, 9.496, 176.223) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(94, 9.474, 176.463)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DAF3EC
RGB	218, 243, 236
RGB Percent	85%, 95%, 93%
CMY	0.1441, 0.0460, 0.0735
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.03, 0.05
HSL	163°, 52%, 90%
HSV	163°, 10%, 95%
XYZ	76.2950, 85.2715, 91.9904
YIQ	234.7270, -12.6530, -7.4770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

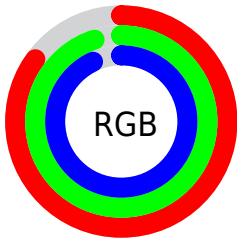
Format	Color
R _{YB}	218, 233, 243
Decimal	14349292
CIE Lab	94.00, -9.46, 0.58
CIE LCh	94, 9.474, 176.463
Yxy	85.2715, 0.3009, 0.3363
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292539372 (0xFFDAF3EC)
YUV	234.7270, 0.6276, -14.6696
Hunter-Lab	92.3426, -14.1199, 5.5759

Details

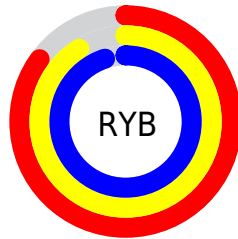
The CIELCh color **94, 9.474, 176.463** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **89, 9.783, 358.290**, and the grayscale version is **93, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **74, 9.599, 175.403** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 18.486, 175.433**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 0.255, 179.528**.

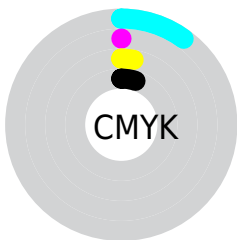
Distribution



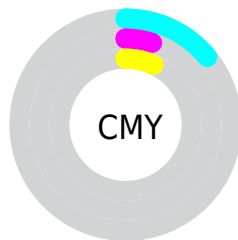
- Red (85%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (7%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 94, 9.474, 176.463 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 94, 9.474, 176.463 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 94, 9.474, 176.463

 94, 9.474, 176.463

 100, 9.474,
176.463

 84, 9.474, 176.463

 74, 9.474, 176.463

 64, 9.474, 176.463

 54, 9.474, 176.463

 44, 9.474, 176.463

 34, 9.474, 176.463

 24, 9.474, 176.463

 14, 9.474, 176.463

 4, 9.474, 176.463

94, 9.474, 176.463

94, 9.474, 176.463

92, 18.486,
175.433

96, 0.255, 179.528

91, 27.148,
174.353

97, 5.372, 340.613

97, 7.311, 324.654

90, 35.309,
173.182

88, 42.809,
171.898

88, 49.502,
170.476

87, 55.273,
168.889

86, 60.063,
167.115

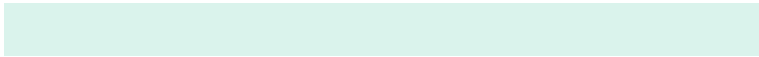
86, 63.892,
165.142

■ 86, 66.877,
163.073

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



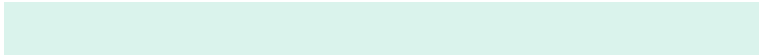
94, 9.474, 176.463



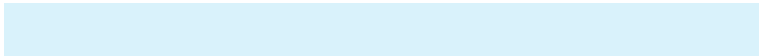
89, 9.783, 358.290

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



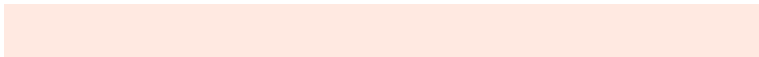
94, 9.474, 176.463



94, 9.474, 226.463



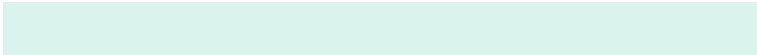
94, 9.474, 356.463



94, 9.474, 46.463

Sweetspot

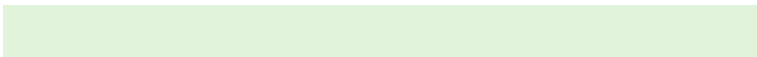
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 9.476, 176.455



99, 2.885, 177.280



94, 14.414, 135.822



53, 2.187, 177.163



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 9.476, 176.455



98, 11.474, 176.278



93, 7.229, 221.898



50, 5.269, 176.536



67, 54.386, 163.462



21, 23.062, 166.691

Inverse Universe

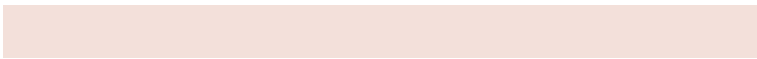
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 9.783, 358.290



92, 11.908, 358.483



90, 7.705, 41.075



48, 5.426, 358.204



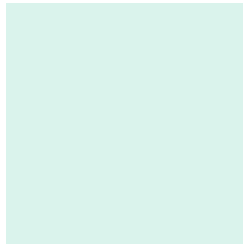
39, 69.929, 22.918



9, 29.726, 12.446

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 94, 9.474, 176.463 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

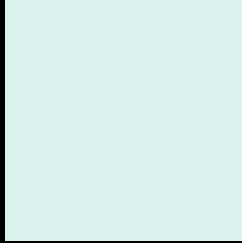
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 94, 9.474, 176.463 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

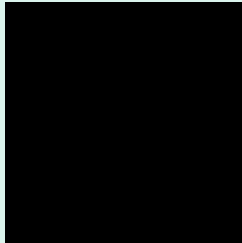
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

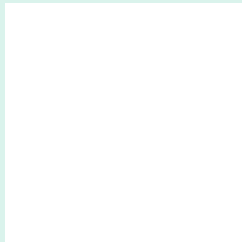
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 94, 9.474, 176.463

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 9.474, 176.463.

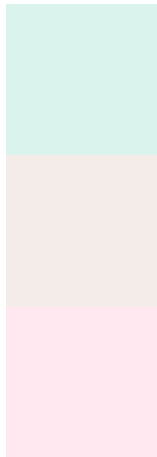


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 9.474, 176.463.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

94, 9.474, 176.463

Protanopia

94, 3.224, 58.872

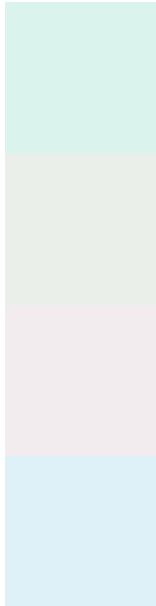
Deuteranopia

94, 8.999, 356.460



Tritanopia
94, 9.414, 260.592

Trichromacy



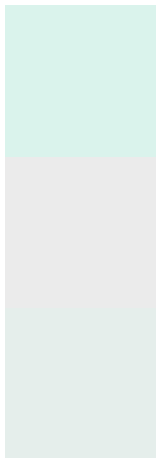
Original Color
94, 9.474, 176.463

Protanomaly
94, 3.132, 144.419

Deuteranomaly
94, 2.380, 353.693

Tritanomaly
94, 7.070, 229.850

Monochromacy



Original Color
94, 9.474, 176.463

Achromatopsia
93, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
93, 3.543, 173.498

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 94, 9.474, 176.463 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 243, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 243, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 243, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 243, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 94, 9.474, 176.463 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 243, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 243, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 243, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 243, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 243, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 243,  
236) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 94, 9.474, 176.463 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 243, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
243, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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