

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(95, 11.609, 90.441)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(95, 11.609, 90.441) contains.

<b>CIELCh(95, 11.828, 91.138)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(95, 11.828, 91.138)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FAF0DA
RGB	250, 240, 218
RGB Percent	98%, 94%, 85%
CMY	0.0200, 0.0592, 0.1455
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.13, 0.02
HSL	41°, 76%, 92%
HSV	41°, 13%, 98%
XYZ	83.1560, 87.6183, 78.7867
YIQ	240.4820, 13.0220, -4.7220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

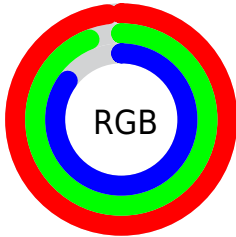
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	233, 250, 218
Decimal	16445658
CIE Lab	95.00, -0.23, 11.83
CIE LCh	95, 11.828, 91.138
Yxy	87.6183, 0.3332, 0.3511
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294635738 (0xFFFAF0DA)
YUV	240.4820, -11.0836, 8.3473
Hunter-Lab	93.6047, -5.2333, 15.6191

# Details

The CIELCh color **95, 11.828, 91.138** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **90, 11.844, 274.503**, and the grayscale version is **95, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **75, 11.813, 91.780** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 21.271, 89.864**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 2.558, 92.319**.

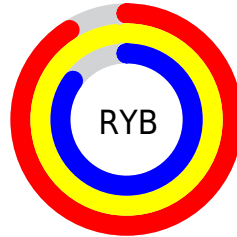
# Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (94%)

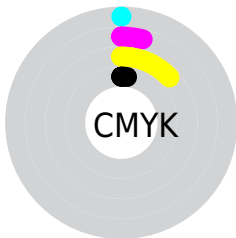
Blue (85%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (98%)

Blue (85%)

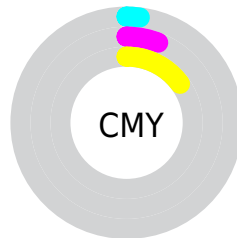


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 95, 11.828, 91.138 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 95, 11.828, 91.138 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 95, 11.828, 91.138

 95, 11.828, 91.138

 100, 11.828,  
91.138

 85, 11.828, 91.138

 75, 11.828, 91.138

 65, 11.828, 91.138

 55, 11.828, 91.138

 45, 11.828, 91.138

 35, 11.828, 91.138

 25, 11.828, 91.138

 15, 11.828, 91.138

 5, 11.828, 91.138

95, 11.828, 91.138

95, 11.828, 91.138

93, 21.271, 89.864

98, 2.558, 92.319

90, 30.858, 88.531

100, 1.772,  
199.667

88, 40.524, 87.157

86, 50.138, 85.739

83, 59.446, 84.263

81, 67.992, 82.688

79, 75.039, 80.928

77, 79.646, 78.830

76, 81.380, 77.071

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



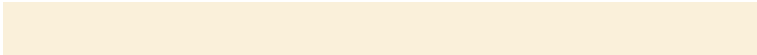
95, 11.828, 91.138



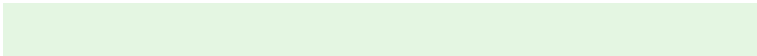
90, 11.844, 274.503

# Rectangle

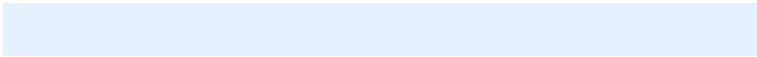
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95, 11.828, 91.138



95, 11.828, 141.138



95, 11.828, 271.138



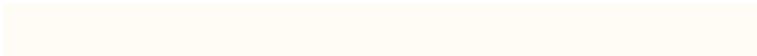
95, 11.828, 321.138

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 11.829, 91.150



99, 3.718, 92.203



90, 12.741, 356.025



53, 2.645, 92.122



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

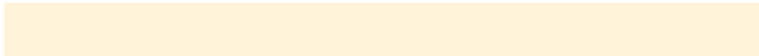


# Same Dimension

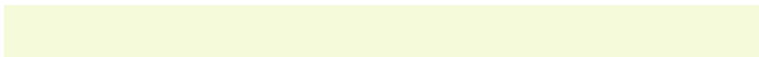
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 11.829, 91.150



96, 14.118, 90.870



97, 16.414, 116.448



51, 5.233, 91.561



59, 65.937, 77.579



19, 27.246, 80.355





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 11.844, 274.503



91, 14.131, 274.831



88, 16.877, 298.326



49, 5.243, 274.035



31, 80.709, 297.781

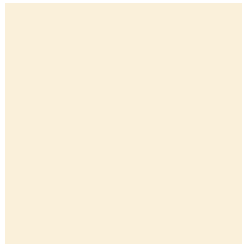


7, 31.569, 292.424



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 95, 11.828, 91.138 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

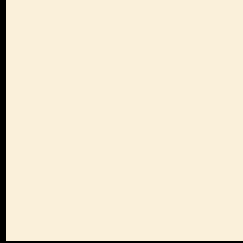
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 11.828, 91.138 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

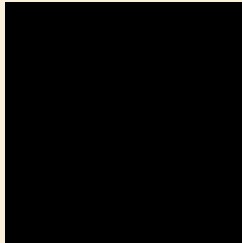
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 95, 11.828, 91.138

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 11.828, 91.138.

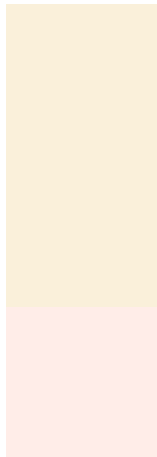


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 11.828, 91.138.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

95, 11.828, 91.138

### Protanopia

95, 11.828, 91.138

### Deuteranopia

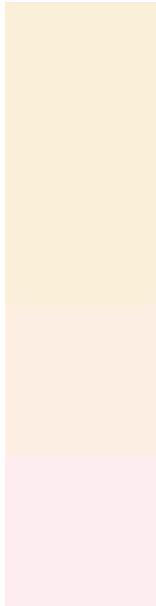
95, 6.985, 41.174



**Tritanopia**  
95, 11.655, 327.699



# Trichromacy



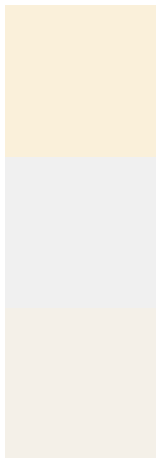
**Original Color**  
95, 11.828, 91.138

**Protanomaly**  
95, 11.828, 91.138

**Deuteranomaly**  
95, 7.829, 65.480

**Tritanomaly**  
95, 5.924, 4.686

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
95, 11.828, 91.138

**Achromatopsia**  
95, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
95, 4.323, 90.452

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 95, 11.828, 91.138 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 240, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 240, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 240, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 240, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 95, 11.828, 91.138 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 240, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 240, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 240, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 240, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 240, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 240,  
218) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 95, 11.828, 91.138 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 240, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
240, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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