

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(95, 13.596, 80.662)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(95, 13.596, 80.662) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(95, 13.358, 81.031)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFEED7
RGB	255, 238, 215
RGB Percent	100%, 93%, 84%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0652, 0.1554
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.16, 0.00
HSL	35°, 100%, 92%
HSV	35°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	84.3708, 87.6183, 76.9983
YIQ	240.4610, 17.5150, -3.5490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

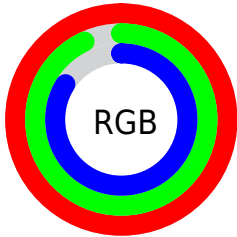
Format	Color
RYP	245, 255, 215
Decimal	16772823
CIELab	95.00, 2.08, 13.19
CIElCh	95, 13.358, 81.031
Yxy	87.6183, 0.3389, 0.3519
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294962903 (0xFFFFEED7)
YUV	240.4610, -12.5523, 12.7507
Hunter-Lab	93.6047, -2.9168, 16.7519

# Details

The CIELCh color **95, 13.358, 81.031** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **91, 13.023, 265.844**, and the grayscale version is **95, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **75, 13.426, 80.984** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 22.222, 80.247**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 4.657, 82.825**.

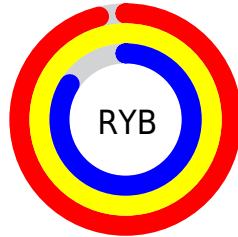
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (93%)

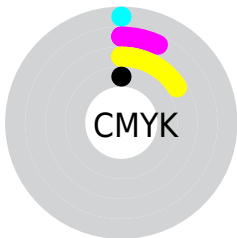
Blue (84%)



Red (96%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (84%)

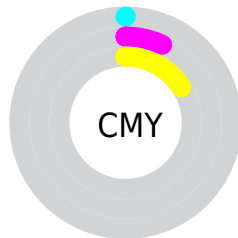


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 95, 13.358, 81.031 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 95, 13.358, 81.031 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 95, 13.358, 81.031

 95, 13.358, 81.031

 100, 13.358,  
81.031

 85, 13.358, 81.031

 75, 13.358, 81.031

 65, 13.358, 81.031

 55, 13.358, 81.031

 45, 13.358, 81.031

 35, 13.358, 81.031

 25, 13.358, 81.031

 15, 13.358, 81.031

 5, 13.358, 81.031

95, 13.358, 81.031

95, 13.358, 81.031

92, 22.222, 80.247

98, 4.657, 82.825

89, 31.441, 78.879

100, 0.012,  
296.813

86, 40.911, 77.474

83, 50.525, 76.023

80, 60.047, 74.493

77, 69.007, 72.803

75, 76.583, 70.789

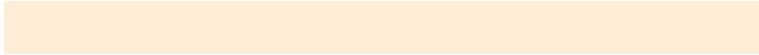
72, 81.675, 68.176

71, 83.254, 66.851

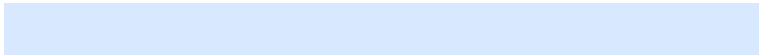
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



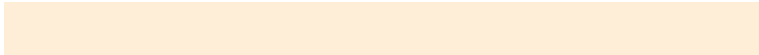
95, 13.358, 81.031



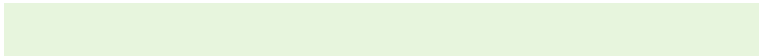
91, 13.023, 265.844

# Rectangle

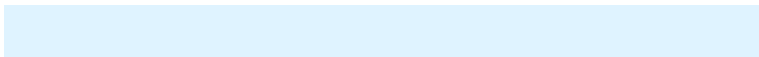
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95, 13.358, 81.031



95, 13.358, 131.031



95, 13.358, 261.031



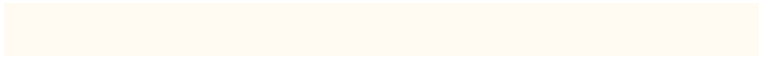
95, 13.358, 311.031

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 13.293, 81.575



98, 4.195, 82.886



90, 16.850, 348.819



52, 2.866, 82.807



0, 0.000, 0.000

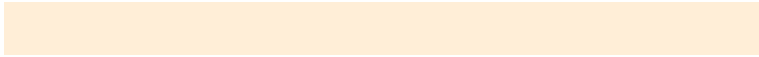


53, 0.007, 296.813

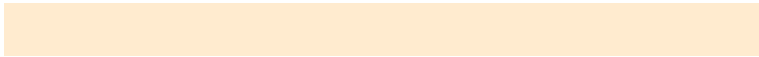


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 13.293, 81.575



94, 16.345, 81.121



99, 20.067, 111.447



52, 4.811, 82.347



55, 66.947, 67.514



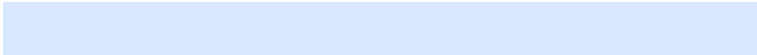
17, 27.242, 69.922



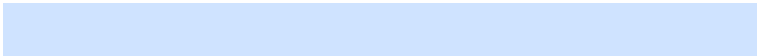


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 13.023, 265.844



90, 15.925, 266.410



87, 20.797, 294.313



50, 4.759, 264.937



37, 68.118, 291.108

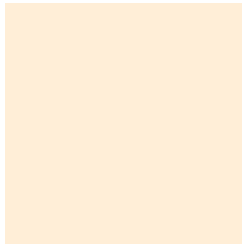


10, 27.407, 285.223



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 13.358, 81.031 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

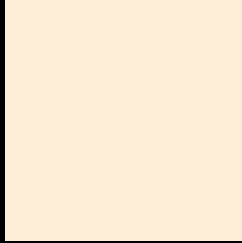
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 13.358, 81.031 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

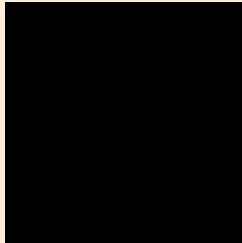
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 95, 13.358, 81.031

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 13.358, 81.031.

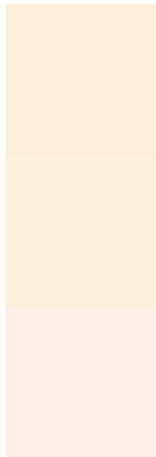


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 13.358, 81.031.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

95, 13.358, 81.031

### Protanopia

95, 12.919, 90.855

### Deuteranopia

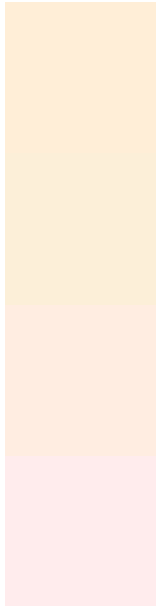
95, 7.197, 44.927



**Tritanopia**  
95, 10.113, 334.785



# Trichromacy



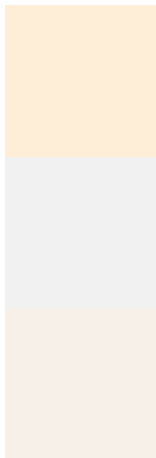
**Original Color**  
95, 13.358, 81.031

**Protanomaly**  
95, 12.705, 86.992

**Deuteranomaly**  
95, 8.996, 62.632

**Tritanomaly**  
95, 6.841, 15.497

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
95, 13.358, 81.031

**Achromatopsia**  
95, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
95, 4.607, 81.939

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 95, 13.358, 81.031 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 238, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 238, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 238, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 238, 215) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 95, 13.358, 81.031 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 238, 215) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 238, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 238, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 238, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 238, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 238,  
215) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 95, 13.358, 81.031 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 238, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
238, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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