

Converting Colors

CIELCh(95, 16.448, 265.895)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(95, 16.448, 265.895)
contains.

CIELCh(95, 9.532, 239.542)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(95, 9.532, 239.542)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEF4FF
RGB	222, 244, 255
RGB Percent	87%, 96%, 100%
CMY	0.1290, 0.0426, 0.0000
CMYK	0.13, 0.04, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	200°, 100%, 94%
HSV	200°, 13%, 100%
XYZ	80.7809, 87.6183, 108.2243
YIQ	238.6760, -16.6430, -1.2430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

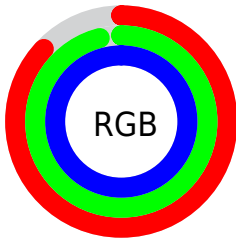
Format	Color
R _Y B	222, 235, 255
Decimal	14611711
CIE Lab	95.00, -4.83, -8.22
CIE LCh	95, 9.532, 239.542
Yxy	87.6183, 0.2920, 0.3167
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292801791 (0xFFDEF4FF)
YUV	238.6760, 8.0477, -14.6249
Hunter-Lab	93.6047, -9.7625, -3.0270

Details

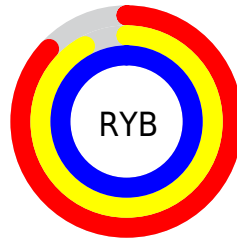
The CIELCh color **95, 9.532, 239.542** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **94, 9.826, 54.282**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **75, 9.029, 235.833** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 15.960, 237.766**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 2.106, 235.857**.

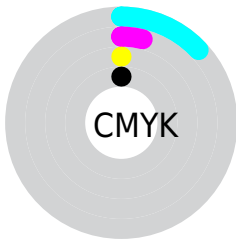
Distribution



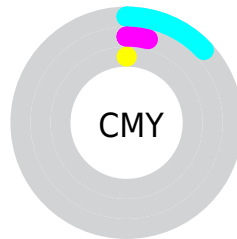
- Red (87%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 95, 9.532, 239.542 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 95, 9.532, 239.542 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 95, 9.532, 239.542

 95, 9.532, 239.542

 100, 9.532,
239.542

 85, 9.532, 239.542

 75, 9.532, 239.542

 65, 9.532, 239.542

 55, 9.532, 239.542

 45, 9.532, 239.542

 35, 9.532, 239.542

 25, 9.532, 239.542

 15, 9.532, 239.542

 5, 9.532, 239.542

95, 9.532, 239.542

95, 9.532, 239.542

91, 15.960,
237.766

99, 2.106, 235.857

87, 22.339,
239.255

100, 0.012,
296.813

84, 28.248,
241.129

80, 33.620,
243.472

77, 38.414,
246.375

74, 42.638,
249.919

71, 46.372,
254.146

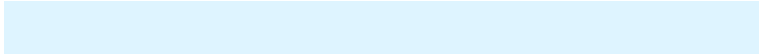
69, 49.779,
259.014

■ 67, 52.161,
262.698

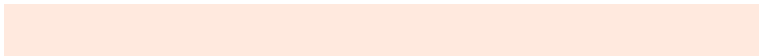
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



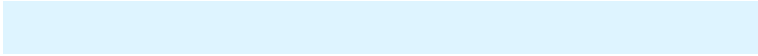
95, 9.532, 239.542



94, 9.826, 54.282

Rectangle

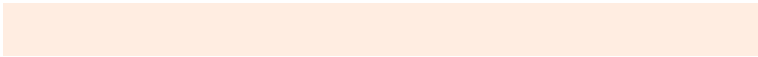
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95, 9.532, 239.542



95, 9.532, 289.542



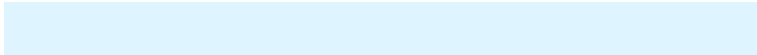
95, 9.532, 59.542



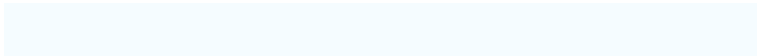
95, 9.532, 109.542

Sweetspot

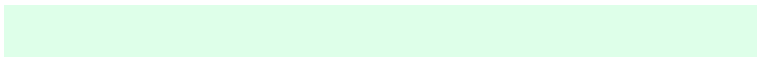
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 9.190, 236.597



98, 2.901, 235.876



97, 16.386, 154.041



52, 2.058, 235.911



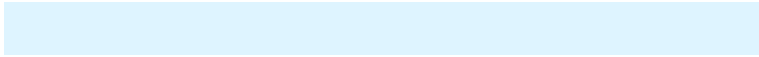
0, 0.000, 0.000



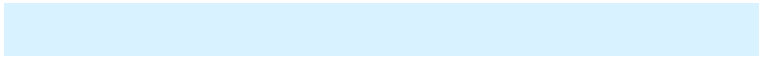
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 9.190, 236.597



94, 10.643, 236.818



91, 14.039, 282.980



51, 4.079, 236.271



51, 41.579, 261.719



16, 17.906, 254.503

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92, 16.335, 336.446



90, 19.027, 336.609



98, 13.813, 99.911



50, 7.182, 336.186



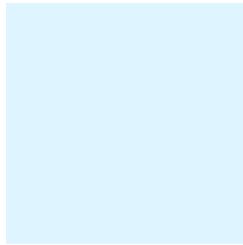
42, 72.940, 347.255



11, 34.393, 344.258

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 95, 9.532, 239.542 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

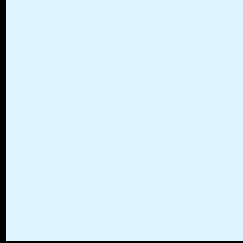
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 9.532, 239.542 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

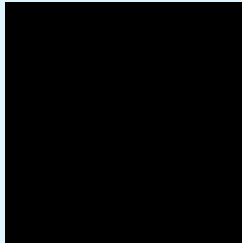
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

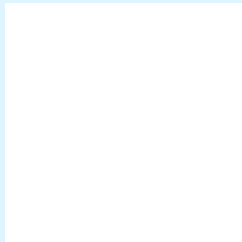
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 95, 9.532, 239.542

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 9.532, 239.542.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 9.532, 239.542.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

95, 9.224, 236.971

Protanopia

95, 6.735, 296.600

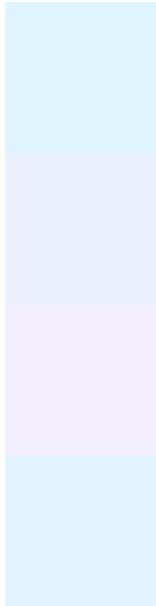
Deuteranopia

95, 12.916, 323.570



Tritanopia
95, 7.933, 256.823

Trichromacy



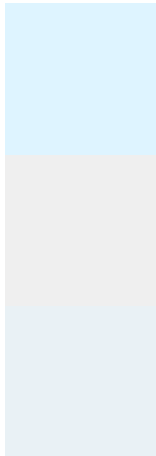
Original Color
95, 9.224, 236.971

Protanomaly
95, 6.578, 269.254

Deuteranomaly
95, 8.877, 299.786

Tritanomaly
95, 8.345, 246.963

Monochromacy



Original Color
95, 9.224, 236.971

Achromatopsia
94, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
95, 3.433, 236.277

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 95, 9.532, 239.542 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 244, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 244, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 244, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 244, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 95, 9.532, 239.542 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 244, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 244, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 244, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 244, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 244, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 244,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 95, 9.532, 239.542 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 244, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
244, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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