

Converting Colors

CIELCh(95, 19.242, 148.492)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(95, 19.242, 148.492)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(95, 18.872, 148.827)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7F9DD
RGB	215, 249, 221
RGB Percent	84%, 98%, 87%
CMY	0.1559, 0.0226, 0.1324
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.11, 0.02
HSL	131°, 75%, 91%
HSV	131°, 14%, 98%
XYZ	75.1283, 87.6183, 81.5257
YIQ	235.6420, -11.2760, -15.9160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

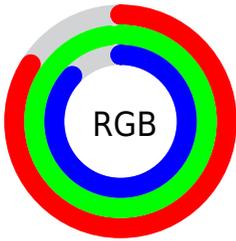
Format	Color
R_{YB}	215, 244, 249
Decimal	14154205
CIE Lab	95.00, -16.15, 9.77
CIE LCh	95, 18.872, 148.827
Yxy	87.6183, 0.3076, 0.3587
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292344285 (0xFFD7F9DD)
YUV	235.6420, -7.2185, -18.1030
Hunter-Lab	93.6047, -20.5418, 13.8842

Details

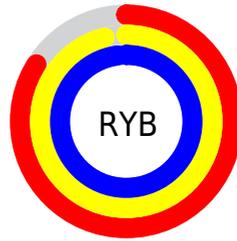
The CIELCh color **95, 18.872, 148.827** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **90, 18.930, 330.545**, and the grayscale version is **93, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **75, 19.166, 148.760** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 32.787, 148.020**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97, 5.004, 149.565**.

Distribution



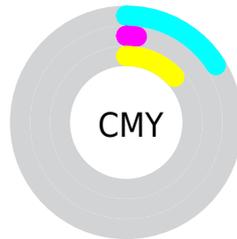
- Red (84%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 95, 18.872, 148.827 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 95, 18.872, 148.827 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 95, 18.872,
148.827

 95, 18.872,
148.827

 100, 18.872,
148.827

 85, 18.872,
148.827

 75, 18.872,
148.827

 65, 18.872,
148.827

 55, 18.872,
148.827

 45, 18.872,
148.827

 35, 18.872,
148.827

 25, 18.872,

148.827

■ 15, 18.872,
148.827

■ 5, 18.872, 148.827

■ 95, 18.872,
148.827

■ 95, 18.872,
148.827

■ 93, 32.787,
148.020

■ 97, 5.004, 149.565

■ 91, 46.543,
147.086

■ 99, 3.581, 324.480

■ 90, 59.892,
146.005

■ 89, 72.537,
144.765

■ 88, 84.153,
143.368

■ 87, 94.404,
141.840

■ 86, 102.970,
140.243

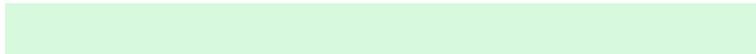
■ 86, 109.576,
138.683

■ 86, 112.729,
137.811

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



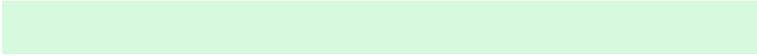
95, 18.872, 148.827



90, 18.930, 330.545

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95, 18.872, 148.827



95, 18.872, 198.827



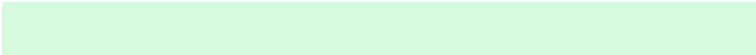
95, 18.872, 328.827



95, 18.872, 18.827

Sweetspot

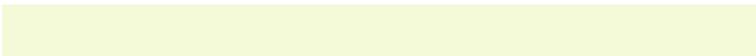
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



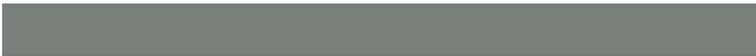
95, 18.874, 148.827



99, 5.597, 149.535



97, 17.422, 115.714



53, 3.981, 149.477



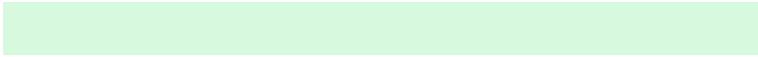
0, 0.000, 0.000



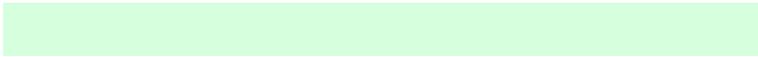
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

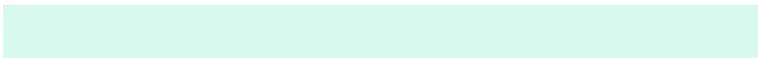
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 18.874, 148.827



96, 22.568, 148.645



95, 13.215, 172.451



51, 7.861, 149.132



67, 90.901, 138.068



22, 38.781, 140.581

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



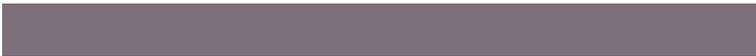
90, 18.930, 330.545



90, 22.637, 330.698



89, 13.685, 354.986



49, 7.884, 330.276



43, 80.306, 336.771



11, 36.955, 335.508

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 18.872, 148.827 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

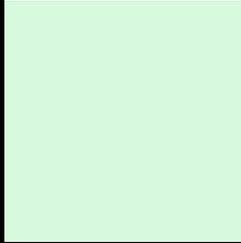
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 18.872, 148.827 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

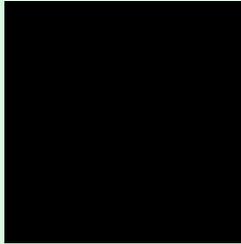
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

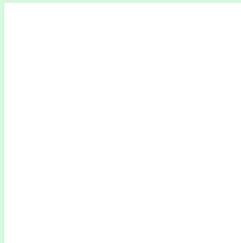
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 95, 18.872, 148.827

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 18.872, 148.827.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 18.872, 148.827.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

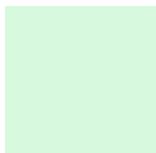
Dichromacy



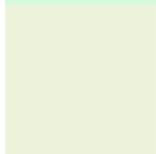


Tritanopia
95, 7.933, 256.823

Trichromacy



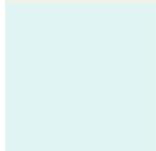
Original Color
95, 18.872, 148.827



Protanomaly
95, 12.981, 118.877

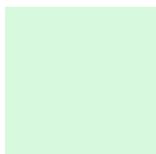


Deuteranomaly
95, 6.139, 109.687

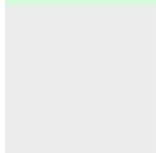


Tritanomaly
95, 7.352, 190.963

Monochromacy



Original Color
95, 18.872, 148.827



Achromatopsia
93, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
94, 6.943, 151.329

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 95, 18.872, 148.827 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 249, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 249, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 249, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 249, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 95, 18.872, 148.827 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 249, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 249, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 249, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 249, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 249, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 249,  
221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 95, 18.872, 148.827 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 249, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
249, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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