

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(95, 3.223, 136.715)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(95, 3.223, 136.715) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(95, 3.393, 134.626)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EEF2EC
RGB	238, 242, 236
RGB Percent	93%, 95%, 93%
CMY	0.0672, 0.0515, 0.0751
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.02, 0.05
HSL	100°, 19%, 94%
HSV	100°, 2%, 95%
XYZ	82.0402, 87.6183, 91.8355
YIQ	240.1200, -0.4580, -2.7140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

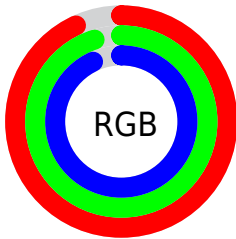
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	236, 242, 240
Decimal	15659756
CIE Lab	95.00, -2.38, 2.41
CIE LCh	95, 3.393, 134.626
Yxy	87.6183, 0.3137, 0.3351
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293849836 (0xFFEEF2EC)
YUV	240.1200, -2.0312, -1.8592
Hunter-Lab	93.6047, -7.3611, 7.3539

# Details

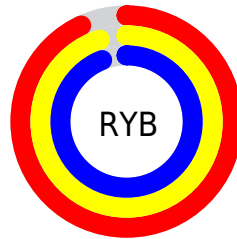
The CIELCh color `95, 3.393, 134.626` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `94, 3.423, 314.723`, and the grayscale version is `95, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `75, 3.568, 134.584` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `93, 17.189, 134.147`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `97, 7.992, 322.579`.

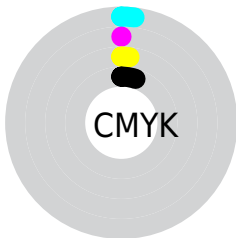
# Distribution



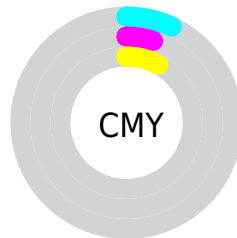
- Red (93%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 95, 3.393, 134.626 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 95, 3.393, 134.626 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



95, 3.393, 134.626

95, 3.393, 134.626

100, 3.393,  
134.626

85, 3.393, 134.626

75, 3.393, 134.626

65, 3.393, 134.626

55, 3.393, 134.626

45, 3.393, 134.626

35, 3.393, 134.626

25, 3.393, 134.626

15, 3.393, 134.626

5, 3.393, 134.626

95, 3.393, 134.626

95, 3.393, 134.626

93, 17.189,  
134.147

97, 7.992, 322.579

92, 31.018,  
133.656

97, 8.187, 324.689

90, 44.743,  
133.131

89, 58.169,  
132.593

88, 71.023,  
132.081

87, 82.921,  
131.662

86, 93.352,  
131.440

85, 101.713,  
131.545

■ 85, 107.501,  
132.092

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95, 3.393, 134.626



94, 3.423, 314.723

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



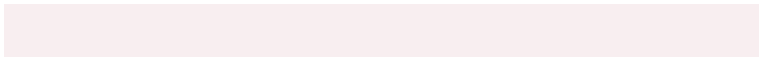
95, 3.393, 134.626



95, 3.393, 184.626



95, 3.393, 314.626



95, 3.393, 4.626

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 3.395, 134.634



100, 1.420, 134.782



95, 2.155, 90.691



53, 0.807, 134.791



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 3.395, 134.634



99, 4.287, 134.602



95, 3.343, 149.344



50, 3.092, 134.559



66, 89.448, 132.501

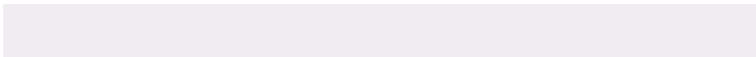


20, 36.859, 131.904



# Inverse Universe

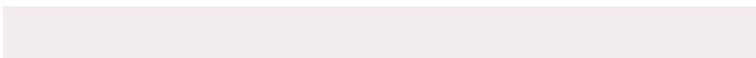
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 3.423, 314.723



98, 4.319, 314.755



94, 3.363, 329.439



49, 3.114, 314.797



33, 94.150, 316.346

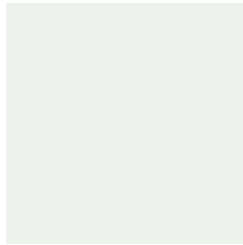


6, 40.080, 317.434



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 3.393, 134.626 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

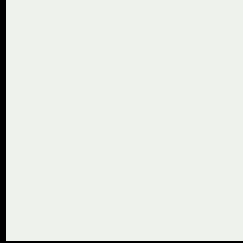
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 3.393, 134.626 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

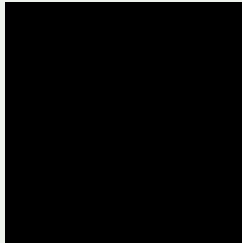
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

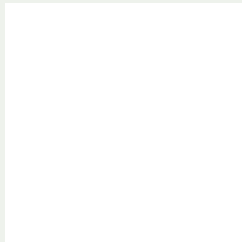
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 95, 3.393, 134.626

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 3.393, 134.626.

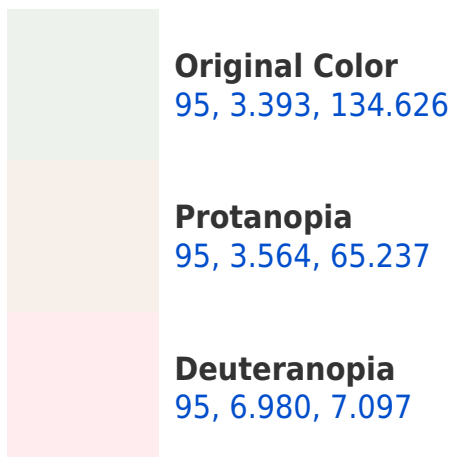


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 3.393, 134.626.


# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

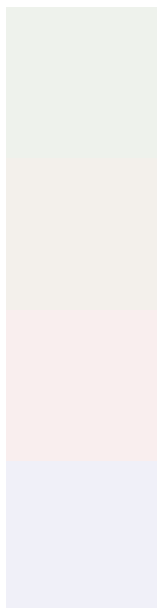






**Tritanopia**  
95, 8.269, 295.594

# Trichromacy



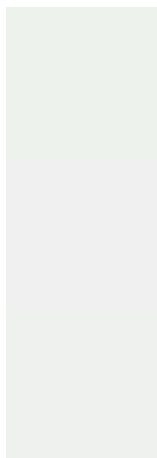
**Original Color**  
95, 3.393, 134.626

**Protanomaly**  
95, 2.758, 87.122

**Deuteranomaly**  
95, 3.924, 19.510

**Tritanomaly**  
95, 4.117, 290.514

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
95, 3.393, 134.626

**Achromatopsia**  
95, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
95, 1.691, 134.735

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 95, 3.393, 134.626 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 242, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 242, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 242, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 242, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 95, 3.393, 134.626 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 242, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 242, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(238, 242, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 242, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 242, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 242,  
236) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 95, 3.393, 134.626 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 242, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238,  
242, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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