

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(95, 36.887, 99.296)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(95, 36.887, 99.296) contains.

<b>CIELCh(95, 36.861, 99.311)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(95, 36.861, 99.311)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF2AA
RGB	255, 242, 170
RGB Percent	100%, 95%, 67%
CMY	0.0002, 0.0512, 0.3335
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.33, 0.00
HSL	51°, 100%, 83%
HSV	51°, 33%, 100%
XYZ	80.2030, 87.6183, 50.6872
YIQ	237.6790, 30.8600, -19.6360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

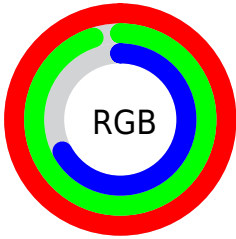
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">185, 255, 170</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16773802</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">95.00, -5.96, 36.38</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">95, 36.861, 99.311</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">87.6183, 0.3670, 0.4010</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294963882 (0xFFFFF2AA)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">237.6790, -33.3657, 15.1905</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">93.6047, -10.8645, 33.4175</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **95, 36.861, 99.311** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **76, 38.876, 287.844**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 14.673, 109.069**, and **75, 36.846, 99.428** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 47.716, 98.146**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 25.829, 100.474**.

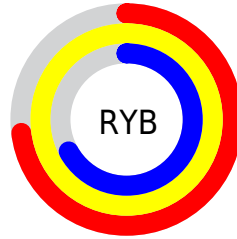
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (95%)

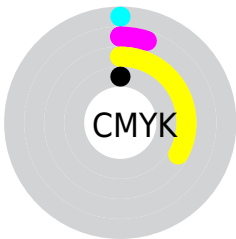
Blue (67%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (67%)

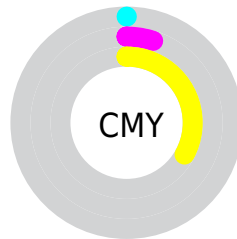


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 95, 36.861, 99.311 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 95, 36.861, 99.311 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 95, 36.861, 99.311

 95, 36.861, 99.311

 100, 36.861,  
99.311

 85, 36.861, 99.311

 75, 36.861, 99.311

 65, 36.861, 99.311

 55, 36.861, 99.311

 45, 36.861, 99.311

 35, 36.861, 99.311

 25, 36.861, 99.311

 15, 36.861, 99.311

 5, 36.861, 99.311

95, 36.861, 99.311

95, 36.861, 99.311

94, 47.716, 98.146

96, 25.829,  
100.474

92, 58.177, 96.977

98, 14.742,  
101.610

91, 67.890, 95.820

90, 76.310, 94.679

99, 3.673, 102.688

89, 82.697, 93.548

100, 0.023,  
230.152

88, 86.332, 92.396

87, 87.336, 91.601

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95, 36.861, 99.311



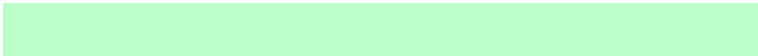
76, 38.876, 287.844

# Rectangle

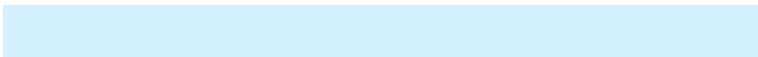
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95, 36.861, 99.311



95, 36.861, 149.311



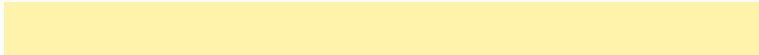
95, 36.861, 279.311



95, 36.861, 329.311

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 36.863, 99.315



98, 11.044, 101.981



78, 33.524, 9.675



52, 7.538, 101.825



0, 0.000, 0.000

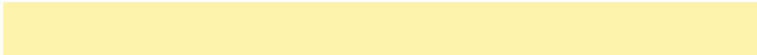


53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

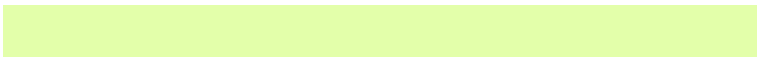
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 36.863, 99.315



94, 44.132, 98.537



96, 44.024, 121.188



52, 6.278, 102.035



67, 70.460, 91.819



23, 31.542, 93.432





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 38.876, 287.844



71, 47.218, 289.129



75, 47.009, 305.244



49, 6.371, 284.217



26, 98.897, 303.861

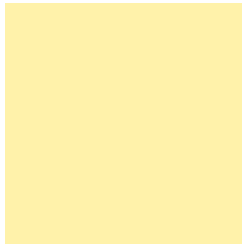


5, 39.262, 298.826



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 36.861, 99.311 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

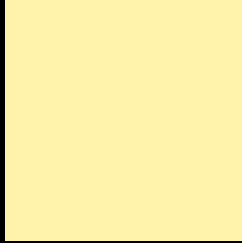
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 95, 36.861, 99.311 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

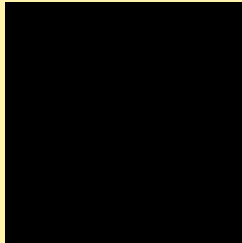
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 95, 36.861, 99.311

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 36.861, 99.311.

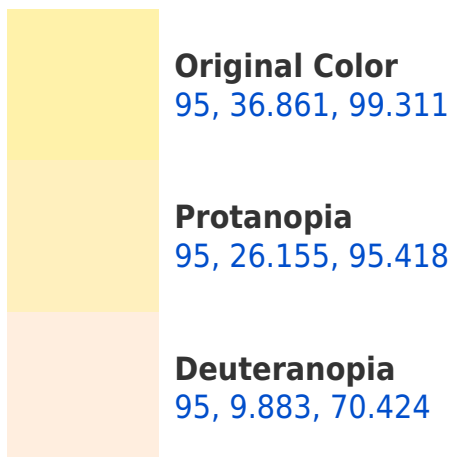



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 36.861, 99.311.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

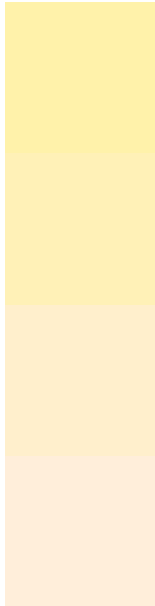




**Tritanopia**  
95, 9.093, 341.628



# Trichromacy



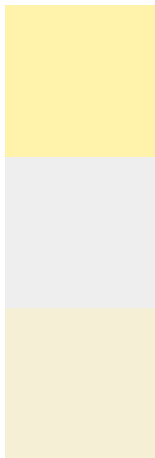
**Original Color**  
95, 36.861, 99.311

**Protanomaly**  
95, 30.022, 97.423

**Deuteranomaly**  
95, 18.891, 90.119

**Tritanomaly**  
95, 12.009, 77.799

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
95, 36.861, 99.311

**Achromatopsia**  
94, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
94, 13.431, 101.211

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 95, 36.861, 99.311 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 242, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 242, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 242, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 242, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 95, 36.861, 99.311 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 242, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 242, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 242, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 242, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 242, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 242,  
170) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 95, 36.861, 99.311 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 242, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
242, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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