

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(95, 43.967, 37.901)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(95, 43.967, 37.901) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(88, 20.315, 57.803)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FED5BD
RGB	254, 213, 189
RGB Percent	100%, 84%, 74%
CMY	0.0055, 0.1661, 0.2601
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.26, 0.01
HSL	22°, 96%, 87%
HSV	22°, 26%, 99%
XYZ	73.5786, 72.0653, 57.9929
YIQ	222.5230, 32.1400, 1.2280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

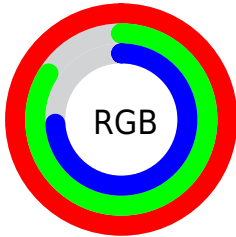
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	254, 227, 189
Decimal	16700861
CIE Lab	88.00, 10.82, 17.19
CIE LCh	88, 20.315, 57.803
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3613, 0.3539
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294890941 (0xFF FED5BD)
YUV	222.5230, -16.5268, 27.6053
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, 6.1532, 18.9203

# Details

The CIELCh color **88, 20.315, 57.803** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **89, 17.879, 243.338**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 5.059, 109.785**, and **68, 20.372, 56.431** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 29.265, 56.987**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 11.957, 58.676**.

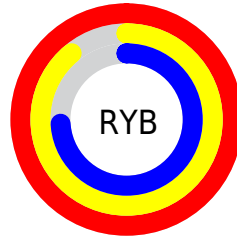
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (84%)

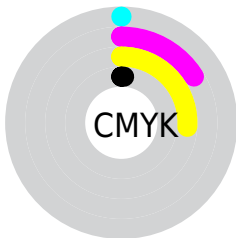
Blue (74%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (74%)

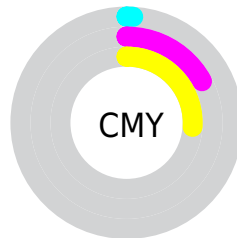


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 20.315, 57.803 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 20.315, 57.803 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 88, 20.315, 57.803

 88, 20.315, 57.803

 100, 20.315,  
57.803

 78, 20.315, 57.803

 68, 20.315, 57.803

 58, 20.315, 57.803

 48, 20.315, 57.803

 38, 20.315, 57.803

 28, 20.315, 57.803

 18, 20.315, 57.803

 8, 20.315, 57.803

 0, 20.315, 57.803

88, 20.315, 57.803

88, 20.315, 57.803

84, 29.265, 56.987

92, 11.957, 58.676

79, 38.828, 56.221

97, 4.146, 59.505

75, 48.979, 55.518

100, 0.491,  
200.725

72, 59.588, 54.853

68, 70.313, 54.137

65, 80.390, 53.138

62, 88.412, 51.398

61, 91.255, 50.463

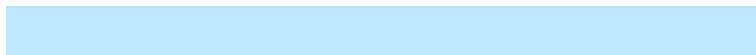
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 20.315, 57.803



89, 17.879, 243.338

# Rectangle

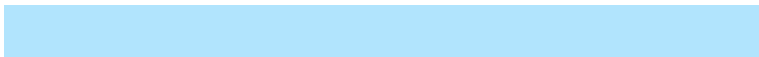
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 20.315, 57.803



88, 20.315, 107.803



88, 20.315, 237.803



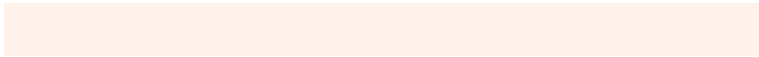
88, 20.315, 287.803

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 20.315, 57.812



96, 6.003, 59.323



83, 31.672, 339.109



51, 4.288, 59.199



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

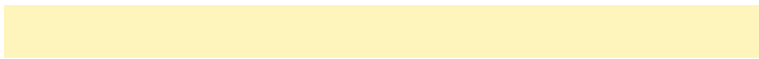
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 20.315, 57.812



86, 25.189, 57.359



96, 28.750, 101.304



51, 4.288, 59.199



46, 73.370, 51.104



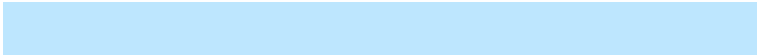
14, 27.742, 49.473



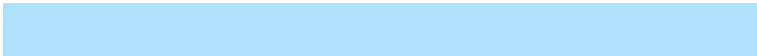


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 17.879, 243.338



87, 21.493, 244.245



81, 29.988, 287.496



51, 4.110, 241.218



49, 44.734, 268.031

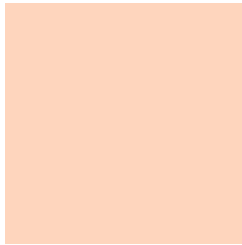


15, 18.943, 260.765



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 20.315, 57.803 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

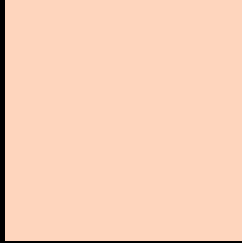
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 20.315, 57.803 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

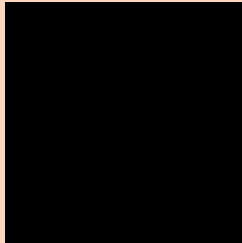
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 88, 20.315, 57.803

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 20.315, 57.803.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 20.315, 57.803.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

88, 20.337, 57.795

**Protanopia**

88, 14.632, 92.434

**Deuteranopia**

88, 20.337, 57.795



**Tritanopia**  
88, 18.320, 357.471



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 20.315, 57.803 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 213, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 213, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 213, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 213, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 20.315, 57.803 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 213, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 213, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 213, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 213, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 213, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 213,  
189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 20.315, 57.803 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 213, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
213, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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