

Converting Colors

CIELCh(95, 45.098, 34.815)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(95, 45.098, 34.815) contains.

CIELCh(88, 19.402, 50.765)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(88, 19.402, 50.765)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD4C1
RGB	255, 212, 193
RGB Percent	100%, 83%, 76%
CMY	0.0007, 0.1693, 0.2438
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.24, 0.00
HSL	18°, 99%, 88%
HSV	18°, 24%, 100%
XYZ	74.2766, 72.0653, 60.3452
YIQ	222.6910, 31.7270, 3.2070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

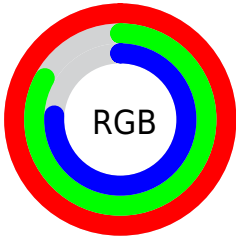
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 220, 193
Decimal	16766145
CIE Lab	88.00, 12.27, 15.03
CIE LCh	88, 19.402, 50.765
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3594, 0.3487
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294956225 (0xFFFFD4C1)
YUV	222.6910, -14.6377, 28.3350
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, 7.6210, 17.2774

Details

The CIELCh color **88, 19.402, 50.765** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **91, 16.824, 234.726**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 3.032, 109.926**, and **68, 19.755, 50.347** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 28.468, 50.266**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 10.995, 51.352**.

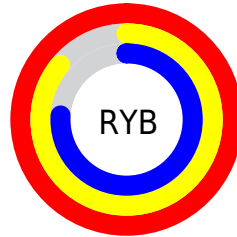
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (83%)

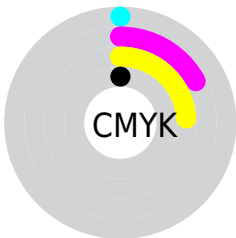
Blue (76%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (76%)

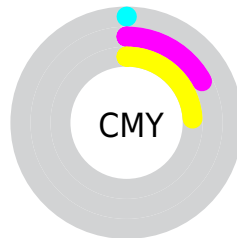


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (24%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 19.402, 50.765 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 19.402, 50.765 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 88, 19.402, 50.765

 88, 19.402, 50.765

 100, 19.402,
50.765

 78, 19.402, 50.765

 68, 19.402, 50.765

 58, 19.402, 50.765

 48, 19.402, 50.765

 38, 19.402, 50.765

 28, 19.402, 50.765

 18, 19.402, 50.765

 8, 19.402, 50.765

 0, 19.402, 50.765

88, 19.402, 50.765

88, 19.402, 50.765

83, 28.468, 50.266

93, 10.995, 51.352

79, 38.227, 49.860

98, 3.196, 51.882

74, 48.665, 49.569

100, 0.064,
209.733

70, 59.677, 49.386

66, 70.970, 49.241

63, 81.846, 48.921

60, 90.886, 47.949

59, 94.857, 47.087

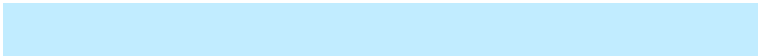
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 19.402, 50.765



91, 16.824, 234.726

Rectangle

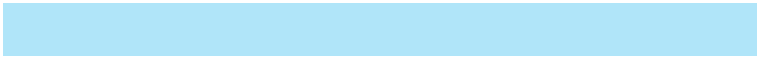
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 19.402, 50.765



88, 19.402, 100.765



88, 19.402, 230.765



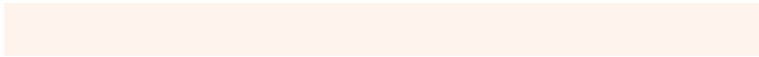
88, 19.402, 280.765

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 19.401, 50.774



97, 5.228, 51.773



85, 31.624, 336.028



51, 3.405, 51.741



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

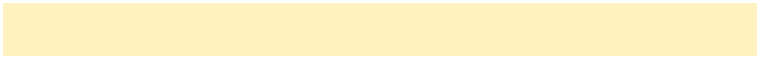
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 19.401, 50.774



86, 23.568, 50.526



96, 25.694, 97.550



51, 4.287, 51.636



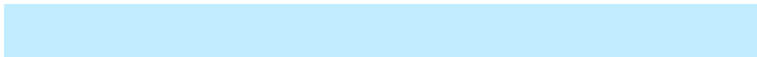
45, 75.954, 47.663



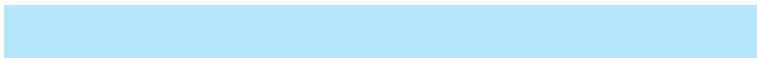
13, 28.471, 44.319

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 16.824, 234.726



89, 19.807, 235.344



83, 26.413, 283.728



51, 4.075, 233.206



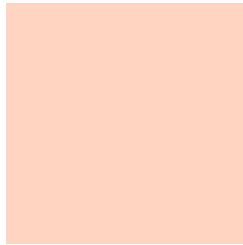
52, 39.905, 257.462



16, 17.378, 250.383

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 19.402, 50.765 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 19.402, 50.765 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 19.402, 50.765

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 19.402, 50.765.

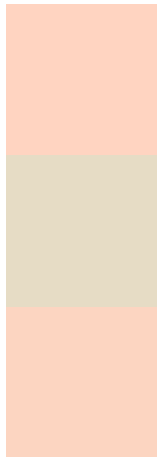


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 19.402, 50.765.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88, 19.402, 50.765

Protanopia

88, 12.525, 91.679

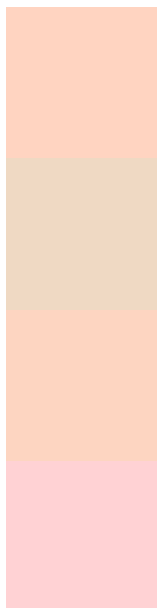
Deuteranopia

88, 18.354, 54.521



Tritanopia
88, 18.320, 357.471

Trichromacy



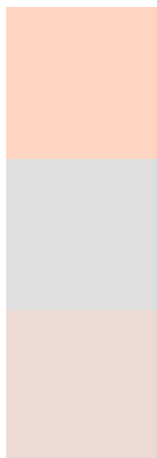
Original Color
88, 19.402, 50.765

Protanomaly
88, 14.200, 73.117

Deuteranomaly
88, 18.682, 53.854

Tritanomaly
88, 16.812, 17.118

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 19.402, 50.765

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
88, 6.915, 51.359

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 19.402, 50.765 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 212, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 212, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 212, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 212, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 19.402, 50.765 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 212, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 212, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 212, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 212, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 212, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 212,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 19.402, 50.765 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 212, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
212, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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