

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(95, 6.584, 14.848)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(95, 6.584, 14.848) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(95, 6.891, 11.254)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFEECE
RGB	255, 236, 238
RGB Percent	100%, 93%, 93%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0736, 0.0657
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	354°, 100%, 96%
HSV	354°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	86.8578, 87.6183, 93.4044
YIQ	241.9090, 10.6820, 4.6500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

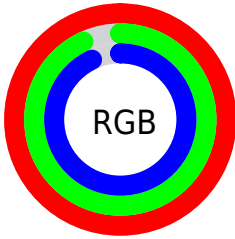
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 236, 238
Decimal	16772334
CIE Lab	95.00, 6.76, 1.34
CIE LCh	95, 6.891, 11.254
Yxy	87.6183, 0.3242, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294962414 (0xFFFFECEE)
YUV	241.9090, -1.9271, 11.4808
Hunter-Lab	93.6047, 1.8259, 6.3601

# Details

The CIELCh color **95, 6.891, 11.254** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **99, 6.552, 190.148**, and the grayscale version is **96, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **75, 6.889, 10.941** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 16.583, 12.196**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.012, 296.813**.

# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (93%)

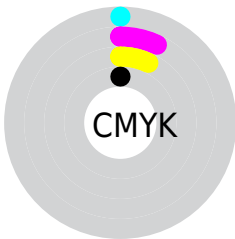
Blue (93%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (93%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

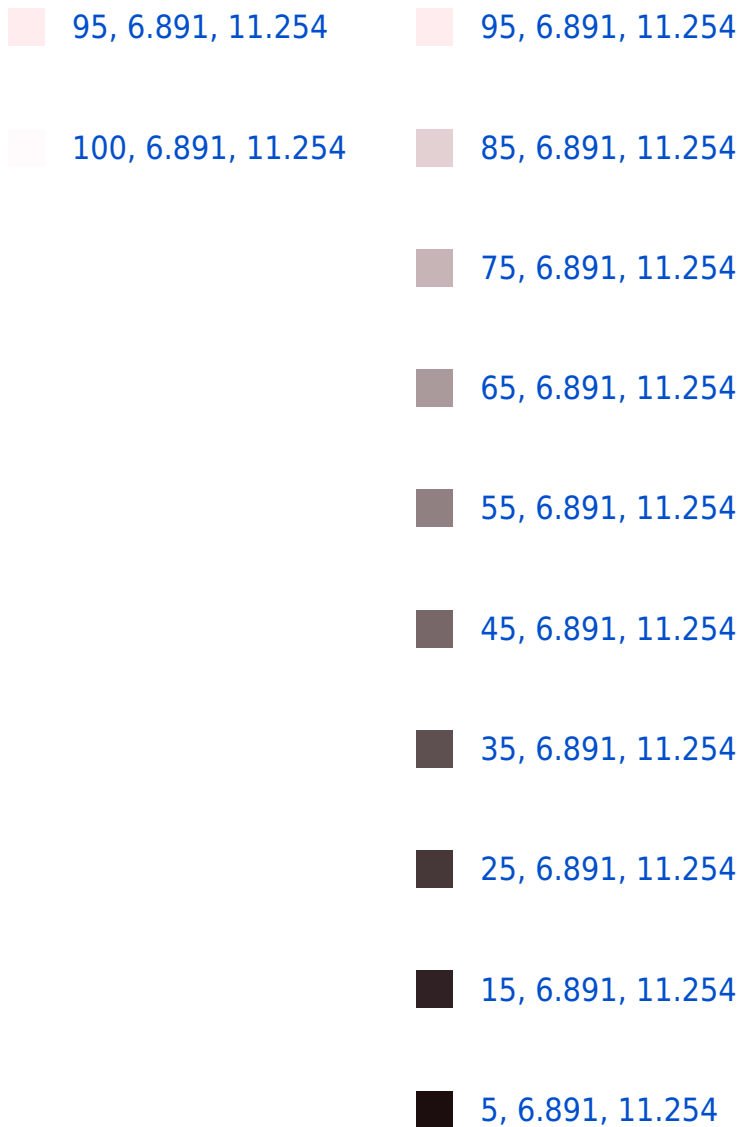
Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 95, 6.891, 11.254 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 95, 6.891, 11.254 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





95, 6.891, 11.254

95, 6.891, 11.254

88, 16.583, 12.196

100, 0.012,  
296.813

82, 26.958, 13.420

76, 37.842, 14.938

70, 49.055, 16.855

65, 60.305, 19.301

60, 71.213, 22.414

57, 81.388, 26.277

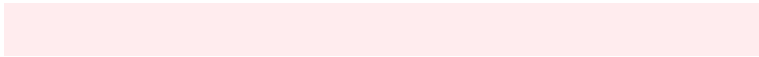
55, 90.500, 30.783

54, 98.094, 35.380

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



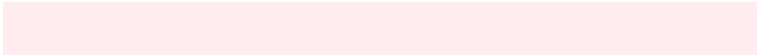
95, 6.891, 11.254



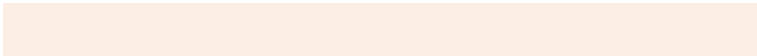
99, 6.552, 190.148

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



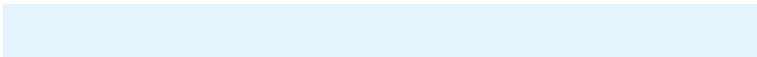
95, 6.891, 11.254



95, 6.891, 61.254



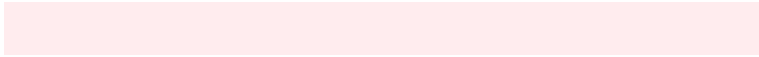
95, 6.891, 191.254



95, 6.891, 241.254

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 6.803, 11.154



99, 1.819, 10.440



95, 11.292, 321.571



53, 1.034, 10.414



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

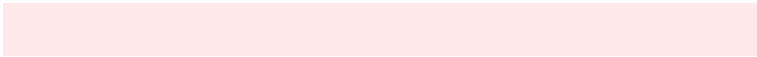


# Same Dimension

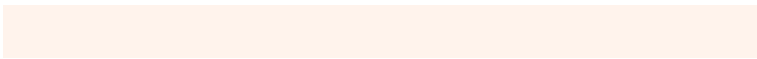
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 6.803, 11.154



94, 8.368, 11.321



97, 5.523, 61.054



50, 5.295, 11.372



40, 79.670, 35.625



10, 32.558, 22.850





# Inverse Universe

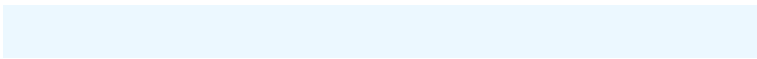
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 6.803, 11.154



94, 8.368, 11.321



97, 5.359, 242.744



50, 5.295, 11.372



40, 79.670, 35.625

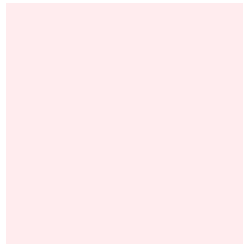


10, 32.558, 22.850



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 6.891, 11.254 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

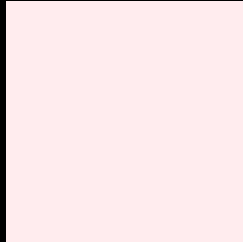
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 6.891, 11.254 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

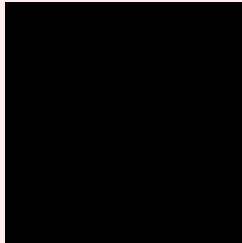
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

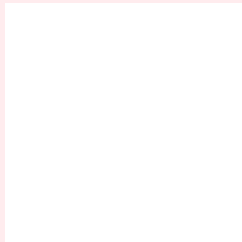
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 95, 6.891, 11.254

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 6.891, 11.254.

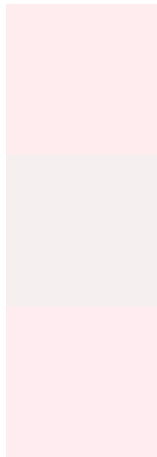


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 6.891, 11.254.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
95, 6.891, 11.254

**Protanopia**  
95, 2.197, 5.766

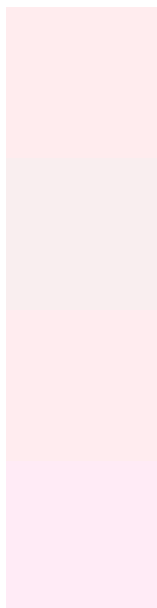
**Deuteranopia**  
95, 7.104, 3.065



**Tritanopia**  
95, 10.862, 330.985



# Trichromacy



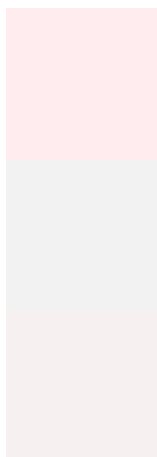
**Original Color**  
95, 6.891, 11.254

**Protanomaly**  
95, 3.957, 12.081

**Deuteranomaly**  
95, 6.980, 7.097

**Tritanomaly**  
95, 9.093, 341.628

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
95, 6.891, 11.254

**Achromatopsia**  
95, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
95, 2.542, 7.704

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 95, 6.891, 11.254 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 236, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 236, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 236, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 236, 238) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 95, 6.891, 11.254 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 236, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 236, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 236, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 236, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 236, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 236,  
238) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 95, 6.891, 11.254 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 236, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
236, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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