

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(95, 7.016, 148.104)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(95, 7.016, 148.104) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(95, 7.100, 146.528)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E8F4E9
RGB	232, 244, 233
RGB Percent	91%, 96%, 91%
CMY	0.0908, 0.0437, 0.0868
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.05, 0.04
HSL	125°, 35%, 93%
HSV	125°, 5%, 96%
XYZ	80.2241, 87.6183, 89.6644
YIQ	239.1580, -3.6210, -5.9650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

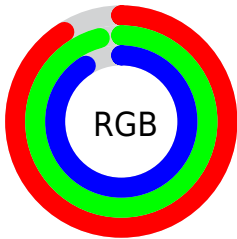
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	232, 243, 244
Decimal	15267049
CIE Lab	95.00, -5.92, 3.92
CIE LCh	95, 7.100, 146.528
Yxy	87.6183, 0.3115, 0.3403
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293457129 (0xFFE8F4E9)
YUV	239.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776
Hunter-Lab	93.6047, -10.8243, 8.7291

# Details

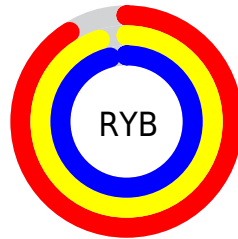
The CIELCh color **95, 7.100, 146.528** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **93, 7.124, 327.010**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **75, 7.466, 146.434** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 21.681, 145.831**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97, 6.940, 324.639**.

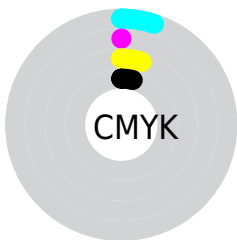
# Distribution



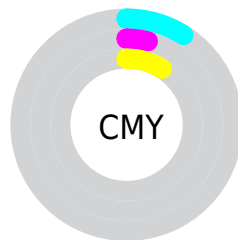
- Red (91%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 95, 7.100, 146.528 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 95, 7.100, 146.528 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





95, 7.100, 146.528

95, 7.100, 146.528

93, 21.681,  
145.831

97, 6.940, 324.639

91, 36.286,  
145.044

89, 50.687,  
144.130


88, 64.591,  
143.078

87, 77.637,  
141.891

86, 89.410,  
140.597

85, 99.450,  
139.263

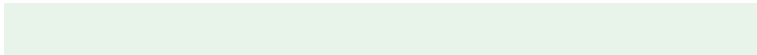
85, 107.292,  
137.998

 84, 112.558,  
136.944

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95, 7.100, 146.528



93, 7.124, 327.010

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



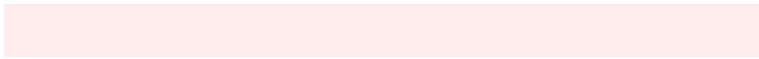
95, 7.100, 146.528



95, 7.100, 196.528



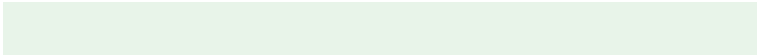
95, 7.100, 326.528



95, 7.100, 16.528

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 7.102, 146.528



100, 1.483, 146.940



96, 6.137, 112.371



53, 0.843, 146.955



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

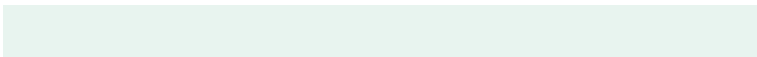
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 7.102, 146.528



99, 8.987, 146.452



95, 5.016, 167.080



50, 5.768, 146.409



66, 92.955, 136.717



20, 39.390, 138.942



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 7.124, 327.010



96, 9.009, 327.081



93, 5.070, 347.739



49, 5.781, 327.120



43, 85.452, 331.856

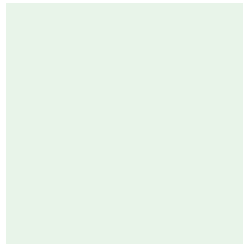


10, 38.323, 331.338



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 7.100, 146.528 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

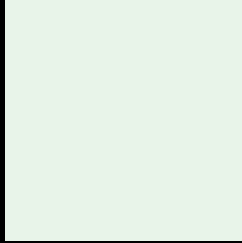
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 95, 7.100, 146.528 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

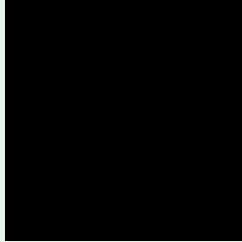
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

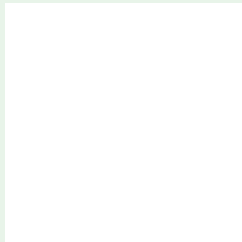
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 95, 7.100, 146.528

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 7.100, 146.528.

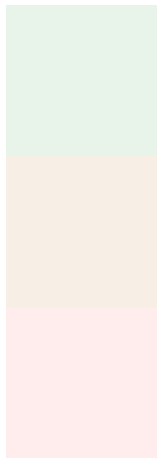


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 7.100, 146.528.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

95, 7.100, 146.528

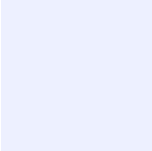
### Protanopia

95, 5.417, 77.602

### Deuteranopia

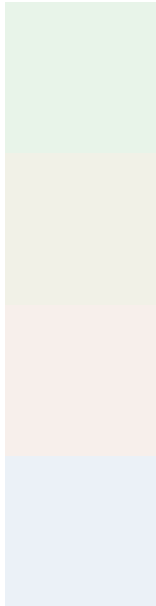
95, 6.841, 15.497





**Tritanopia**  
95, 7.763, 283.171

# Trichromacy



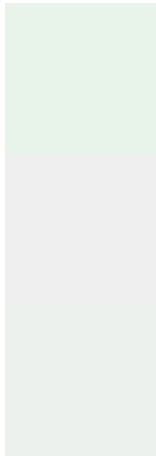
**Original Color**  
95, 7.100, 146.528

**Protanomaly**  
95, 5.114, 109.765

**Deuteranomaly**  
95, 3.502, 55.147

**Tritanomaly**  
95, 3.696, 256.147

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
95, 7.100, 146.528

**Achromatopsia**  
94, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
95, 2.718, 150.530

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 95, 7.100, 146.528 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 244, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 244, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 244, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 244, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 95, 7.100, 146.528 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 244, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 244, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 244, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 244, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 244, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 244,  
233) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 95, 7.100, 146.528 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 244, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
244, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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