

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(95, 7.297, 6.449)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(95, 7.297, 6.449) contains.

<b>CIELCh(95, 6.980, 7.097)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# **Color**

**CIELCh(95, 6.980, 7.097)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFECECF
RGB	255, 236, 239
RGB Percent	100%, 93%, 94%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0738, 0.0621
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.06, 0.00
HSL	350°, 100%, 96%
HSV	350°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	86.9481, 87.6183, 94.1176
YIQ	242.0230, 10.3610, 4.9610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 236, 239
Decimal	16772335
CIE Lab	95.00, 6.93, 0.86
CIE LCh	95, 6.980, 7.097
Yxy	87.6183, 0.3236, 0.3261
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294962415 (0xFFFFECEF)
YUV	242.0230, -1.4903, 11.3808
Hunter-Lab	93.6047, 1.9981, 5.9084

# Details

The CIELCh color **95, 6.980, 7.097** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **99, 6.693, 185.878**, and the grayscale version is **96, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **75, 6.983, 6.577** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 16.765, 8.092**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.012, 296.813**.

# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (93%)

Blue (94%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (94%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 95, 6.980, 7.097 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 95, 6.980, 7.097 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 95, 6.980, 7.097

 95, 6.980, 7.097

 100, 6.980, 7.097

 85, 6.980, 7.097

 75, 6.980, 7.097

 65, 6.980, 7.097

 55, 6.980, 7.097

 45, 6.980, 7.097

 35, 6.980, 7.097

 25, 6.980, 7.097

 15, 6.980, 7.097

 5, 6.980, 7.097

95, 6.980, 7.097

95, 6.980, 7.097

88, 16.765, 8.092

100, 0.012,  
296.813

82, 27.129, 9.366

76, 37.900, 10.921

70, 48.870, 12.861

65, 59.721, 15.317

60, 70.049, 18.439

57, 79.468, 22.355

55, 87.746, 27.054

54, 94.814, 32.185

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95, 6.980, 7.097



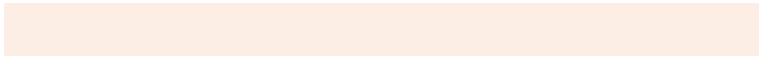
99, 6.693, 185.878

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



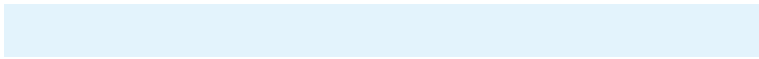
95, 6.980, 7.097



95, 6.980, 57.097



95, 6.980, 187.097



95, 6.980, 237.097

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 6.919, 6.995



99, 1.847, 6.255



95, 11.170, 320.113



53, 1.050, 6.229



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

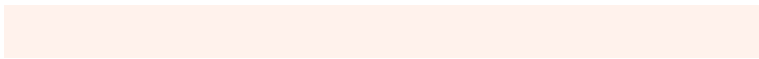
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 6.919, 6.995



94, 8.472, 7.168



96, 5.514, 55.003



50, 5.360, 7.222



40, 77.011, 32.486



10, 32.226, 20.632





# Inverse Universe

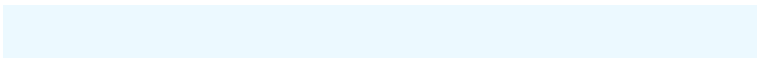
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 6.919, 6.995



94, 8.472, 7.168



97, 5.321, 236.453



50, 5.360, 7.222



40, 77.011, 32.486

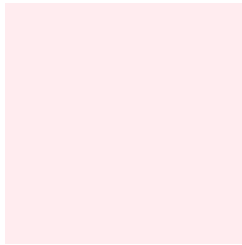


10, 32.226, 20.632



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 6.980, 7.097 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

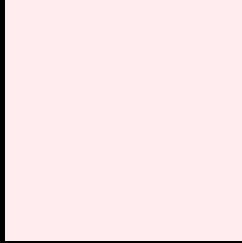
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 6.980, 7.097 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

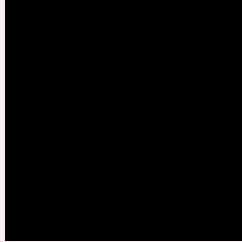
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

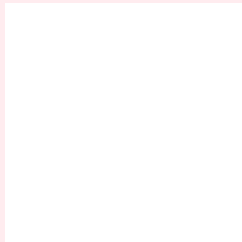
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 95, 6.980, 7.097**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 6.980, 7.097.

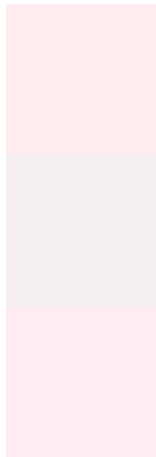


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 6.980, 7.097.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

95, 6.980, 7.097

### Protanopia

95, 2.374, 353.688

### Deuteranopia

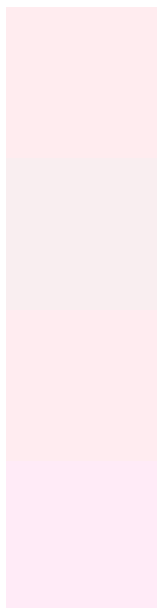
95, 7.104, 3.065



**Tritanopia**  
95, 10.862, 330.985



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

95, 6.980, 7.097

## Protanomaly

95, 4.056, 4.896

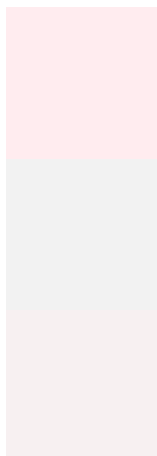
## Deuteranomaly

95, 7.104, 3.065

## Tritanomaly

95, 9.417, 339.180

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

95, 6.980, 7.097

## Achromatopsia

95, 0.011, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

95, 2.542, 7.704

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 95, 6.980, 7.097 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 236, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 236, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 236, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 236, 239) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 95, 6.980, 7.097 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 236, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 236, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 236, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 236, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 236, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 236,  
239) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 95, 6.980, 7.097 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 236, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
236, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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